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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXII.—NO. 282. WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1903—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

ODELL AND PLATT END THEIR FEUD.

President Roosevelt Has Governor and Senator to Dinner and Friendship Is Restored.

STATE VOTE TO BE SOLID.

Remarkable Political Triumph Is Achieved by Peaceable Means, and Party Gains in Strength.

HARMONY DINNER—Truce between Gov. Odell and Senator Platt of New York arranged at meeting at White house; may carry state for Roosevelt.

SPEAKER CANNON—Action on adjournment shows determination to put end to predominating influence of the senate.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE—Iowa congressman says party in his state is waiting to learn drift of sentiment in south and east.

NEW ILLINOIS CANAL—Congressman Mann introduces bill to provide for waterway from Blue Island to the drainage canal.

[BY RAYMOND.]

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—What is likely to be the most remarkable harmony dinner in recent political history was served at the White house tonight. President Roosevelt gained by it important political prestige and the dinner marked the end of one of the most bitter fights known in New York state.

Senator Platt and Gov. Odell have buried the hatchet, at least for the time being, and it is not buried in a way which will conduce to the peace of mind, either, of Chauncey M. Depew, senator from New York, or George R. Sheldon, member of the national committee from the same state.

At the dinner at the White house President Roosevelt had as his guests Gov. Benjamin Odell, Senator T. C. Platt, and George W. Dunn, chairman of the republican state central committee. The dinner brought Platt and Odell together under the eye of the president and the result was the conclusion of a treaty of peace between the two great political forces in New York state which is likely to stop the factional fight there, put an end to the attack on President Roosevelt by Wall street, and go a long ways toward saving the state to the republicans next year.

Story of Odell-Platt Feud.

Ever since the last state convention there has been bad blood between Odell and Platt, and the differences between the two rapidly developed into a finish fight. Platt picked on George R. Sheldon as his candidate for lieutenant governor. He had pronounced anti-affiliations and was forced off the ticket by Gov. Odell in person at Saratoga. Senator Platt retorted by making Mr. Sheldon a member of the national committee, which he could do through the state committee, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of F. S. Gibbs.

Gov. Odell knew he could not be renominated for a third term, especially in view of the small republican vote in the canal counties last year. He did not wish to be shelved entirely. Platt had pledged the senatorship to Depew and given an important committee place to Sheldon, thus cutting off all avenues of promotion and influence for Odell. The governor accepted the situation as a declaration of war on Platt's part. He began to hit back, and made several important political appointments without even consulting the state committees and announced that he would beat Sheldon in the next state delegates and would do it by the use of state patronage. Odell refused to see Platt in New York the other day, but had himself invited to Washington to discuss state politics.

Odell Wins Mastery.

Since he arrived here this morning Gov. Odell has been a busy man, and has mixed with the different elements among the New York republicans in such a way that he goes back to the state tonight practically master of the situation. The governor called at the capitol early in the day with Representative Littauer, who figures in the glove contract scandal, and held a conference with Representative Gillett, whom Senator Platt has attempted to turn down. The governor lunched with Jim Sherman and some others of the delegation who are thought to be anti-Platt and anti-Roosevelt. By 3:30 he was at the White house, called on the president, discussed the situation with him, and then dropped over to the Arlington hotel, where Platt and the governor had a memorable conference. Gov. Odell asserted his absolute independence and asserted it successfully.

According to the general lines of the treaty of peace, Mr. Sheldon is to be dropped from the position as New York representative on the national committee, and Gov. Odell is to dictate his successor. Senator Platt's pledge to Depew is to be canceled and the next senatorial vacancy is to be fought out on its merits, without interference by the state machine. Odell on his part has agreed to consult Platt and the state committee, the chairman of which, George W. Dunn, is to be retained in his place as railway commissioner, and Odell promises to appoint a railroad commissioner satisfactory to Platt. Other state appointments are to be made by the governor in general harmony with the Wall street influence.

New York Delegation for Roosevelt.

Both Platt and Odell pledged themselves to deliver the New York delegation to Roosevelt and put an end to the talk about Hanna or any other man in the republican party as a possible presidential nominee, Platt agreeing to use his influence to bring the great corporations and financial interests into line for Roosevelt.

This treaty of peace, involving a complete cessation of all warfare, was submitted to the parties in interest at a dinner given at the White house tonight by the president. While details were largely avoided, it is understood the agreement was substantially along the lines indicated above. The governor of the state, the senior senator and republican boss, the chairman of the state central committee, and the New York president managed to bury all differences, and at the conclusion of the dinner it was generally understood the war was over and an important if not decisive step had been taken looking toward the actual election of Theodore Roosevelt as president of the United States for four years from the 4th day of March, 1905.

Surely it was a remarkable harmony dinner, because yesterday Odell and Platt were on the worst possible terms and the president had no assurances that he could depend on the loyalty of either of them. Tonight the

(Continued on page 7, column 2.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1903.

THE WEATHER—
Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday, with possibly light snow flurries, slight change in temperature, light to fresh northeast winds.
Temperature, max., 28; min., 26.
Wind, N., max. 21, at 7:05 a. m.
Sunrise, 6:52; sunset, 4:22. Moonset, 10:24 p. m.

CHICAGO STREET CAR STRIKE:—
Settlement certain at 1:15 a. m.; agreement framed at mayor's office signed by directors and union officials; wages to be arbitrated, work day limited to eleven hours, and "open shop" retained. **Page 1.**

State street cable wheel at Sixty-first street wrecked by steel rail thrust through it; cable cars blocked by rubbish; Archer avenue trolley wire cut; mail cars stopped. **Page 2.**

Teamsters' council bolted by truck drivers, its most powerful members, with many coal and ice wagon drivers; breaking contracts by street railway boycott to blame. **Page 2.**

WASHINGTON:—
Harmony dinner given at White house by President Roosevelt for Gov. Odell and Senator Platt of New York; fight in that state ended and Platt's pledge for Depew's renomination canceled. **Page 1.**

Senator Morgan's statement that Nicaragua canal route was favored by President McKinley disputed by Senator Hanna; President Roosevelt accused of bad faith. **Page 7.**

LOCAL:—
Car barn and six other murders and robberies confessed by Gustave Marx, murderer of Detective Quinn, who implicates Peter Niedermeier, Elston and Diversey avenues; Harvey Van Dein, 1277 North Springfield avenue; and Emil Roeski. **Page 1.**

Discovery made by graft investigating committee that employés in city clerk's office work only seven hours; J. F. Brown, salary $1,800, did one day's work in month. **Page 2.**

All telephone subscribers in Chicago who pay maximum rates are entitled to service without tolls inside city limits, according to corporation counsel's opinion. **Page 5.**

Twenty-second street trolley car struck by engine at Stewart avenue; six persons injured; three others hurt by colliding freight trains in Illinois Central yards. **Page 3.**

Republican ward club elections last night harmonious except in Fifth, where shot was fired during dispute between ex-Ald. Lininger and John Bermele at Faskin's hall. **Page 3.**

Ald. John Brennan testified in election fraud trial that bums soliciting lodgings drove him from saloon to Eighteenth ward polling place; vote buying denied. **Page 5.**

Deputy sheriff placed as custodian over Sportsmen's show receipts following attachment suit by Seventh regiment band; admission made free and no funds seized. **Page 3.**

Thanksgiving will be observed tomorrow with dinners at hospitals and asylums, and by services in churches; coaching parties and cross country runs planned. **Page 13.**

George T. (Red Letter) Sullivan confessed by proxy in Judge Gary's court to bucket shopping, and paid $450 fine; Edward Morris his representative. **Page 8.**

DOMESTIC:—
Plot to blow up five Cripple Creek (Colo.) mines reported to Gov. Peabody by Gen. Bell; vigilance committee organized. **Page 5.**

Twelve hundred employés of Henry Lomb, Rochester (N. Y.) optical goods maker, presented with bank accounts, proportioned to wages; cheap insurance offered. **Page 5.**

Ten thousand New York citizens signed temperary total abstinence pledge as result of Roman Catholic mission work; agreements cover six months to year. **Page 4.**

FOREIGN:—
Chinese emperor informed by governor of Chi Li that he is prepared to declare war on Russians in Manchuria; no reply received by Japan from Russia. **Page 4.**

Duke of Devonshire in speech at London Free Food league meeting declared he is not opposed to moderate retaliatory tariff, but to taxation of food. **Page 4.**

San Domingo City surrendered to insurgents and President Woss y Gil and cabinet now refugees on German warship; houses damaged by bombardment. **Page 4.**

Assassination of Kenneth Grahame, secretary of Bank of England, attempted by George Robinson, lunatic, who fired four shots at him. **Page 4.**

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—
C. M. Schwab accused at shipbuilding trust hearing with offering bribe to Lewis Nixon for consent to reorganization, and with making bids so they were rejected. **Page 8.**

Burlington railroad reported negotiating purchase of Kansas City Southern as outlet to gulf, because of prospective increase in grain rates to Atlantic seaboard. **Page 15.**

Quarrel between janitors and janitresses over who shall sweep and mop office buildings will be settled by Chicago Federation of Labor on Saturday. **Page 2.**

Rumored bond issue by Republic Steel company denied by President Thompson; need of more cash acknowledged; its resources impaired $3,000,000 by dividends. **Page 14.**

New York stock prices slumped and bears are believed in control again; Corn Products preferred closed 11 points lower; common, 3; Car and Foundry preferred 3. **Page 15.**

Trouble started in Chicago Underwriters' association by Continental's refusal to join; notice served by Queen's manager that he will not observe commission agreement. **Page 15.**

May wheat closed 1 cent higher, at 79⅝, on supposed heavy buying for Armour; December inactive; seaboard export sales, 120,000 bushels; December corn ⅝ lower. **Page 14.**

Forty-six lots at Division street and North Forty-ninth avenue, each 25x125, bought by Chicago and Western Indiana railroad for $25,300, for switch tracks. **Page 15.**

Abolishment of import stamps on boxes of imported cigars will be asked by cigarmakers' union to prevent injury by Cuban trade; Congressman Payne willing. **Page 8.**

Chicago turkey sales likely to break all Thanksgiving records; receipts heavy, but demand shows no letup. **Page 15.**

SPORTING:—
Sam Hildreth's Delagoa, probable favorite in New Orleans (La.) Inaugural handicap, kicked while leaving paddock and probably will not enter; Scorpio a choice. **Page 6.**

Opinion on Fitzsimmons-Gardner fight tonight changing at San Francisco; prevailing odds now 10 to 9 on Fitzsimmons, due to reports of his poor condition. **Page 6.**

Prof. Shepardson in address to 2,000 University of Chicago students declared Chicago can and must win Michigan football game; celebration ended with bonfire. **Page 6.**

Northland club of Duluth, Minn., elected to membership by Western Golf association directors at Chicago meeting; open championship for Grand Rapids. **Page 6.**

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Vaderland	
BREMEN	K. W. II.	
BROWHEAD		Westernland
GENOA	Calabria	
LIVERPOOL		Ivernia.
		Liguria.
NAPLES		
NEW YORK	K. P. Wilhelm	W. der Grosse
NEW YORK	Lombardia	Carmathia
NEW YORK	Neckar	Sicilian
MARSEILLES	California	
QUEENSTOWN	Oceanic	
QUEENSTOWN	Westernland	
S. FRANCISCO	Alameda	
SYDNEY	Sierra	

YOUNG BANDITS MURDER 6 MEN; RIOT IN ROBBERY

Gustav Marx, Slayer of Detective Quinn, Confesses to the Chicago City Railway Car Barn Crime.

IMPLICATES THREE PALS.

Quartet Guilty of Eight Holdups, Mainly Saloons, in Which They Take Life Without a Qualm.

The car barn murderers are known to the police and one of them, already under arrest, has confessed his part in the crime. The confession involves the clearing of eight crime mysteries involving a total of six murders.

Gustave Marx, the youth who killed Detective John Quinn in an Addison street saloon last Saturday night, has made a sworn statement before Assistant Chief of Police Schuettler and half a dozen witnesses, detailing the entire plot and accusing three other men as his accomplices in this as well as other crimes. The three men implicated are:

PETER NIEDERMEIER, Elston avenue and Diversey boulevard.

HARVEY VAN DEIN, 777 North Springfield avenue.

EMIL ROESKI, last place of residence unknown.

All three of the alleged confederates are known to have fled the city early Sunday morning as soon as they heard of the killing of Policeman Quinn and the arrest of Marx. Last night descriptions of the fugitives were sent broadcast through the country, and Detective Blaul, who captured Marx after the shooting of Quinn, was sent out of town on a promising clew.

Startling Record of Crime.

The record of this quartet of young desperadoes, none of whom is over 21 years old, is startling in the boldness of the deeds, and the success with which they were carried out. Besides the car barn murders Marx confesses that he and his gang were concerned in four other robberies, while three others of even a bolder scope had been planned. During the greater part of this time the young bandits spent their time in riotous living on their plunder about the city.

Hardly Out of Their Teens.

There are few more remarkable tales of crime than this story of the iniquity of the four young sons of good families which runs through the recital of the confessed robber and slayer. Only out of their teens and with only the adventures of schoolroom and playground behind them they have today a record of outlawry which the professional bandit rarely achieves in a lifetime.

With only a light bridewell sentence representing their criminal court records in the past these youths were amateurs in the desperate exploits which they perpetrated to the bewilderment of the police.

The list of their victims killed and wounded and the amount of booty they secured is as follows:

The Killed.

BAUDER, OTTO, murdered in saloon of Ernest Spires, 1820 North Ashland avenue, on July 9.
JOHNSON, ADOLPH, murdered in the saloon of B. C. La Gross, 2120 North Ashland avenue, on Aug. 2.
JOHNSON JAMES B., motorman, killed in robbery of Chicago City railway company car barns on Aug. 30.
LA GROSS, B. C., murdered in his saloon, 2120 North Ashland avenue, on Aug. 2.
STEWART, FRANCIS W., clerk, killed in robbery of Chicago City railway company car barns on Aug. 30.
QUINN, JOHN, detective, killed last Saturday while trying to arrest Marx.

The Wounded.

BIEHL, HENRY, clerk, injured in robbery of Chicago City railway company car barns.
EDMOND, WILLIAM B., clerk, shot in robbery of Chicago City railway company car barns.
GORSKI, PETER, shot in raid on his saloon, 2611 Milwaukee avenue, on July 20.
LATHROP, T. W., agent of Chicago and Northwestern railroad, shot in raid on Clybourn junction station on July 3.

The Booty.

Chicago City railway car barns	$2,250
Clybourn avenue station	120
Ernest Spire's saloon	80
M. Greenberg's saloon	40
Peter Gorski's saloon	100
Total	$2,540

Marx admits his complicity in three of these—the car barns, where the shooting was done by Van Dein and Niedermeier, he said; the Spires saloon raid, where Bauder was shot by Van Dein, and the killing of Quinn, in which he alone was concerned.

Flee, Leaving Small Arsenals.

As soon as the confession of Marx was made the police hurried to the houses of Niedermeier and Van Dein. They found the men gone, but discovered in each of the houses small arsenals which testified to the desperate character of their owners. Van Dein had three pistols and Niedermeier four, while in the latter's house were found 150 magazine cartridges corresponding to those found about the car barns. Marx told how Van Dein recently had sat for three days in an upper window of his home with a loaded rifle across his knees, waiting for the rumored coming of the police.

Dream of Bolder Crimes.

Emboldened by the success of their first depredations and their apparent immunity from detection, the quartet had dreamed of outlawry on even a grander scale. With $2,250, the proceeds of the car barn robbery, they decided to inaugurate the business of holding up trains right in Chicago. Dynamite, however, being difficult to buy in these parts and being easily traceable, they made a special trip to Cripple Creek, Colo., to buy the article which must be employed to blow open car doors and express boxes. Returning with dynamite, they tried to hold up a Northwestern train in Jefferson Park a month ago, but the plot miscarried.

It transpired yesterday that the four young fellows, who grew up together on the northwest side, have been suspected of the car barn murders for some time. The confession elicited from Marx, for whom especially the police had been looking, was therefore no surprise to Capt. Schuettler.

Suspicion Fixed on Marx.

A month ago information came to the assistant chief from a Roscoe street saloonkeeper which fastened suspicion upon young Marx. According to the informant, Marx had spent an evening in his saloon buying drinks and frequently with a reckless air refusing the change from $5 bills with which he paid his score. Later while in his cups he suddenly turned upon his companions and cried:

"So the police are looking for me, are they? Well, if they do get to me I guess this will do"—whipping a revolver out of one pocket—"and if that won't, I guess this will"—drawing a magazine pistol from another pocket.

Upon hearing this story Schuettler called in his detectives and told them to look for Marx, telling them that he was a car barn murder suspect. Quinn and Blaul, said Schuettler, were especially warned of the desperate threat of the man, and Quinn replied:

"Well, I'll bring him in on a stretcher, if he makes a move toward me."

Marx, however, was too quick for Quinn, but his companion, Blaul, made good the threat to bring the murderer in on a stretcher.

Assistant Chief Schuettler put the prisoner under examination as soon as he was captured, and by Sunday night had gained his confidence. He talked to the youth of his mother and father, whom the police official has known for several years in that neighborhood; he dwelt on the desperate straits in which his deeds had placed him, and argued that a clean breast of the whole story would be for the best. The news that his accomplices had fled also angered the young fellow, and after a night's consideration of the proposition in his cell he announced to Capt. Schuettler on Monday morning that he was ready to confess.

That there might be no misunderstanding about the forthcoming story Capt. Schuettler summoned the following witnesses: Fire Marshal P. J. Gabriel, Frank E. Link, manager of North Side Turner hall; John C. Torpor, George L. Richardson, and Otto Haerle.

Confession of Marx.

The written and sworn confession was as follows:

State of Illinois, County of Cook, ss.:

I, Gustave Marx, 21 years old and now confined in the Sheffield avenue police station on a charge of murder, having shot Police Officer John Quinn on the night of Nov. 21, 1903, about 10 o'clock, in Greenberg's saloon, southwest corner of Robey and Addison streets, without any promise of immunity, make the following statement—to wit:

Officer Quinn came in the front door of the saloon and Officer Blaul came in the side door, and I, from fear of arrest for the following crimes, shot him. The following crimes, in which I have been implicated, are: The street car barn robbery, Sixty-first and State streets, of the Chicago City railway, about Aug. 30, 1903. I committed said crime with the assistance of Harvey Van Dein and Peter Niedermeier.

I also committed the robbery in a saloon at the southeast corner of Otto street and Ashland avenue, with Harvey Van Dein and Emil Roeski. I saw a young man getting shot there. Roeski went into the saloon and got a glass of beer. He was supposed to be the stranger. Van Dein and myself went into the saloon by the front door. We ordered them to hold up their hands, and the young man started to run out, and Roeski shot him in the back. I and Van Dein stood guard and Roeski robbed the till. All of us fired some shots. I fired into the ceiling.

In the car barn robbery I went in and ordered them to hold up their hands. They obeyed my commands. Just then Peter Niedermeier burst in the window and commenced shooting. Harvey Van Dein broke down the door with a sledge hammer. Van Dein went in and took the money. We all three ran away and walked east on Sixty-first street to Jackson park, and sat down in the bushes and divided the money.

This was about $2,250, of which sum I got about

(Continued on page 2, column 2.)

THE STRIKE IS ENDED.
"Say, did you notice the way I won my fight?"

MYSTERIOUS MURDERS AND ROBBERIES SOLVED BY CONFESSION.

AT 8 o'clock Sunday morning, Aug. 30, Marx, Niedermeier, and Van Dein—the boldest of their raids—also the bloodiest. They raided the car barns of the Chicago City railway company at Sixty-first and State streets, killed two of the employés in the office, wounded two others, took $2,250 from the safe, and made their escape. According to the account given by the wounded employés, no warning of this attack was given. According to the confession of Marx, he had entered the office and had ordered "hands up" when Van Dein broke the windows from the outside and commenced shooting. Francis W. Stewart, the 19 year old son of Barn Boss Stewart, a student at Armour institute and an employé of the street car company, was sitting at his desk when he was shot through the body, falling mortally wounded. Henry Biehl, cashier, darted into a closet, striking his head against a sharp corner and inflicting a serious scalp wound. In this closet he remained hidden and heard the operations of the robbers. William B. Edmond, receiving cashier, was shot as he rose from his seat. James B. Johnson, a motorman, was asleep on a bench waiting to be called for his early morning run. The sound of the firing awakened him and he started to his feet, rubbing his eyes. The magazine revolvers were turned on him and he fell back on the bench dead before he was entirely conscious of what was happening. Thinking then that the employés were all shot or terrorized the robbers turned their attention to the safe, took the money, and left.

Car Barn Murders.

The robbery of the Clybourn Junction station of the Northwestern railway took place at midnight July 3. T. W. Lathrop, the ticket agent, and Martin Daugherty, a telegraph operator, were alone in the station. A tall man, who Marx confesses was himself, pressed against the narrow window, and, thrusting a revolver under the lattice work, commanded the employés to hold up their hands. Lathrop sprang towards a revolver lying on a desk, and without further warning a volley of shots was fired from the weapon carried by Marx. Lathrop was shot through the body and fell to the floor, while Daugherty ran through a door to the street. The thieves secured $70 and a large number of railway tickets. Lathrop was found unconscious by the police, who had been notified by Daugherty. For some time his wound was thought to be fatal, and Lathrop has not fully recovered. Three weeks ago he partly identified George Dolle, now in jail, as the man who shot him.

Robbery at Railway Depot.

On July 9 the men entered the saloon of Ernest Spires, 1820 North Ashland avenue, shortly after midnight. Spires, with Otto Bauder, a 19 year old boy, and another patron, was standing near the door. Only two men appeared in the saloon, although Marx declares the three committed the robbery. Spires and his companions were ordered to hold up their hands, and Bauder, becoming frightened, attempted to run from the place. Both thieves fired at the young man, and he was wounded in the back. Bauder fell to the floor, where the men again fired at him. They then searched the saloonkeeper and secured $40. Bauder died the following day.

Kill Young Otto Bauder.

While the police were searching for the slayer of Bauder the men returned to the neighborhood on July 10 and robbed the saloon of Greenberg, 401 Addison street, where Marx killed Detective Quinn last week. Louis Cohen, the bartender, was alone in the place and offered no resistance. The three men entered the saloon, masked and carrying the magazine revolvers. Cohen was forced into an icebox and the cash register was rifled, $25 being taken. Cohen was unable to recognize the men, although the police assert that the trio visited the place frequently.

Put Bartender in Ice Box.

On July 20 the saloon of Peter Gorski, 2611 Milwaukee avenue, was robbed by Marx and his associates, and the saloonkeeper seriously wounded. He was alone in the place when two masked men entered at 10:30 p. m. and ordered him to hold up his hands. Gorski dodged behind the bar and endeavored to reach a revolver. The thieves leaned over the bar and fired four shots, one of which struck Gorski in the head. He fell to the floor and the robbers made a hurried search of the cash register. Gorski feigned unconsciousness and heard the men say he was dead. They made no effort to search him and secured but a few dollars from the cash register. Gorski was not seriously injured.

One Victim Shams Death.

On July 12 the three men robbed the saloon of Charles Alvin, Roscoe street and Sheffield avenue, and secured about $100. The men entered the place at 10 o'clock with handkerchiefs tied about their faces and displaying magazine revolvers. The saloonkeeper and five patrons were lined up along the bar and their pockets searched. No shots was fired, although the victims were threatened with death if they attempted to escape. The men made little attempt at disguise, and from the descriptions given by the victims Detective Quinn declared his belief that Marx was guilty of the affair.

Rob with No Disguise.

The murder of Benjamin C. La Gross, a saloonkeeper, and Adolph Johnson, a patron, in the saloon of the former, 2120 West North avenue, were the last committed by the men before the car barn robbery was planned. La Gross, with Johnson, who resided at 2285 St. Paul avenue, was playing cards when the men entered on the night of Aug. 2. According to the story told by Johnson they attempted no resistance when ordered to throw up their hands. The men seemed to have shot wantonly at the defenseless victims. La Gross was instantly killed. Johnson was shot through the body and died the next day. The cash register and drawers were searched, the thieves securing $64.

Shoot Two Unarmed Men.

CAR STRIKE OVER; PEACE COMPACT IS MADE AT 1:15 A. M.

Directors, Mayor, Aldermen, and Strikers' Committee Agree on Terms After Night of Debate.

FOR VOTE OF MEN TODAY.

Final Step in Ratifying Treaty Likely to Be Taken by the Rank and File This Morning.

Peace in the Chicago City railway strike practically was assured at 1:15 this morning. At that hour a provisional agreement was drawn up in Mayor Harrison's office that needs but the ratification of the members of the union to make it binding on both parties.

The terms of the provisional agreement—which were framed at the dictation of the company's attorneys—are satisfactory to its directors and the officers of the union. Both passed judgment on it last night, signed it, and promised to urge the men to accept it.

Terms of the Compact.

The terms of the agreement are briefly as follows:

WAGES—Company and men agree to arbitrate, present scale to be set aside and the actual worth of labor to be estimated without regard to wages paid at present. (This may raise some wages and lower others.)

ROUTING OF CARS—Two propositions made; men may take choice. One is a minimum of eight hours and a maximum of eleven, all within limit of fifteen hours. Other alternative is an opportunity to earn ten hours' pay in fifteen hours.

CLOSED SHOP—Company retains the right to discharge, discipline, and hire its men without interference of the union in any way. Shop to be open to union and non-union men alike.

EMPLOYMENT—Company will take back all of its striking employés except those who have been guilty of violence since Nov. 12. This includes those who went on sympathetic strikes.

Men Meet at 9 This Morning.

The strike would have been fully settled and the cars running today if a mass meeting of the men, which was held at Federation hall, 3056 State street, had not adjourned at midnight. The 2,000 strikers who were present grew tired of waiting for peace terms, and left with the understanding that they should gather again at 9 o'clock this morning. When they do they will vote on the agreement.

Col. Bliss Is Satisfied.

"The main principle for which the company has stood out," said Col. Bliss, "and which it now has won is the absolute right to dismiss or hire men. There will be no more interference on the part of unions. The company will discharge or discipline the men as it sees fit, without arbitration."

Mayor Tells of the Work.

"The strike is practically settled," said Mayor Harrison. "A proposition which has been approved by the representatives of the street car employés and the officers and counsel of the railway company has been drawn. A copy of the proposition is now being taken, and it will be given to President Buckley of the executive committee of the street car men so that he can present it before the men at 9 o'clock this morning."

"Will the street cars run today?" the mayor was asked.

"It is altogether likely," answered the mayor. "The leaders of the employés will attempt to get them together in time so they can return to work as early as possible."

"Neither Side Won."

"Which side won?" asked one of the crowd that filled the hallway outside of the mayor's office.

"Neither side," said Mayor Harrison, smiling. "It was a go-between."

"Will the linemen, engineers, firemen, cable splicers, teamsters, and the other bodies that went out on a sympathetic strike with the car crews be taken back?" was asked.

"All the employés will be taken back," announced the mayor, "except those who committed violence, and there are only a few of them."

Mahon Calls Terms Acceptable.

"The propositions of an agreement have been decided upon," said Mr. Mahon. "They will be submitted to the men at a meeting to be held at the federation hall at 9 o'clock this morning. In my opinion when these propositions have been explained they will be accepted. It has been agreed that neither side will give out these propositions or discuss them until they have been passed on by the men."

Long Session at Night.

The terms of peace hung fire for six hours while Mayor Harrison and the council committee strove to induce the directors of the company to reinstate all of the strikers save those found guilty of committing violence. President D. G. Hamilton was willing to concede the point, but he found it difficult to get the other members of the board to do the same.

When this question came up for consideration the union officials had agreed to all of the other peace terms offered by the company. They had granted it the right to maintain an "open shop." They had consented to arbitrate the wage scale on the basis of the "market value" of the services of the men, regardless of the present rate of pay.

They had even sacrificed their hope of forcing the management to allow them to route the cars.

The one thing they demanded was that all the men go back to work, and in this stand

the mayor and the council committee were with them.

"Sympathy" Question Comes Up.

Back of this demand was a promise on the part of the union officials to stand by all the labor organizations that struck in sympathy with them. They felt that the directors were anxious to deal swift punishment to the teamsters, firemen, and engineers for breaking their agreements in walking out. This they would not permit and were willing to throw the existence of their union into the balance of a long fight rather than be called "traitors" by the men who aided them.

This stand of the men, supported by the mayor and the committee, was finally accepted, but with the provision of violence. That was not satisfactory to the union leaders, and Mayor Harrison was required to explain its meaning.

Mayor Gives a Guarantee.

"It is a fair, upright proposition," said the mayor.

"But give us a list of the men guilty," demanded Attorney Clarence S. Darrow for the men. "We do not know how many the company may include in it. We cannot consent until we do."

"We want to know if the proposition is on the square," broke in President W. D. Mahon of the amalgamated association.

Mayor Harrison, seeing that peace was in the balance, gave the men his personal word that all was right and that there was nothing dangerous to them in the proposition. The mayor told the men that if the City railway started in to deal unfairly with them they should report to him. That proved sufficient for the men and they consented to sign a provisional agreement.

"Up" to the Strikers Themselves.

The union leaders are not certain that the men will accept these propositions. They fear that they will not consider the concessions of the company sufficiently great and will hang out for their original demands. President Mahon, Attorneys Darrow and Prentiss, and President Buckley of the local division will strive to prevent a repudiation.

If the men should "turn down" the propositions their officers will not renew negotiations. They feel that when Mayor Harrison, a council committee, and their attorneys fail to secure peace a long fight is inevitable. This will be ordered at the meeting should the vote of the men be adverse to the provisional agreement.

Company to Concede No More.

The directors of the company informally announced at midnight they had conceded every point possible and would grant nothing further. "The men can take it or let it alone," was the way one put it. All felt that they had not receded from the position taken early in the fight and had won a victory.

"The arbitration of wages may raise some wages and may decrease others," said Col. Bliss. "It is for the men to decide if they want arbitration. The men are offered two propositions on the routing of cars. They can accept the one they prefer. The company retains the right to say how many cars shall be operated and at what time they shall be run. The company retains the absolute right to discharge and discipline men. There will be an end of arbitration in these matters. The union will have nothing to say about them.

"The company agrees not to discriminate between union and nonunion men, but to give both the same treatment.

"All the strikers will be taken back except those who have been guilty of violence since the strike began. These are the cardinal points on which the men and the company differed. On the other points in the demands of the men there has been no contention, and they will be granted."

Teamsters in a Bolt.

While this problem was being worked out the truck teamsters bolted from the joint council of teamsters.

International President Cornelius Shea of Boston went into the meeting of the joint council and made the direct demand that the coal teamsters be ordered to live up to their contract and deliver coal to the City railway company. He also demanded that all other teamsters be required to deliver goods to the company.

A split in the joint council followed. Milton Booth of the coal teamsters and President Hugh McGee of the truck drivers declared for upholding contracts, and so did representatives of the ice teamsters. McGee and others walked out of the meeting.

Bribe Charge Is Made.

Charges of attempted bribery also were made against the street car company during the day. Financial Secretary William Fisher of the firemen asserted that his union had been offered a bonus of $250 and wages of $8 a day for members during the period of the strike if they would desert the cause of the allied unions and return to work. After the strike ended, he said, the wages were to be $2.50 a day.

Similar accusations were made in respect to the gripmen on the State street cable line. The terms offered them were said to be a bonus of $100 and wages of $8 a day while the strike should last.

Principals on Each Side Balk.

The conference situation early in the evening was defined as one of inability on the part of representatives of either side to induce the principals to accept the terms drawn up between them.

It was reported that Attorney Bliss, and even President Hamilton, was willing twice during the day to sign a compact with the representatives of the union. In each case, it was intimated, an influence from the camp of the stockholders prevented a consummation.

For the other chapter of the same story it was stated with considerable detail that Attorney Darrow at one hour advised the men to yield their point to the extent of agreeing to ask for the reinstatement only of such sympathetic strikers as had not been guilty of rioting. This concession, it was asserted, the executive board of the union refused to make.

Call on Mayor Again.

Col. Bliss admitted inability of himself and the union executive board to come to terms early in the day, when he called upon Mayor Harrison and the council committee to aid in smoothing out the situation.

The response of the mayor was to call the committee into session and to ask the directors of the company to meet with it. President Hamilton and Directors Leiter and Goodrich responded. They told the mayor it would be impossible for the company to take back the sympathetic strikers, as they had struck in violation of written agreements.

The mayor and the aldermen argued with them, asking if there was not some way of making a compromise. Col. Bliss and Mr. Hamilton during the afternoon left the office and made a call on one of the chief stockholders of the company. They came back with a report that there could be no change of front.

Call In Labor Leaders.

Then it was decided to call the representatives of the strikers before the committee.

At 4 o'clock Clarence Darrow, William Prentiss, W. D. Mahon, President M. C. Buckley, M. Fitz Simons, and F. H. Jones arrived at the city hall and were shown into a room connecting with the mayor's office.

From then until midnight, with a slight intermission for lunch, the struggle of endurance continued.

A tentative compact was drawn, the first draft being that satisfactory to the directors. This paper was taken into the room occupied by the union executive board, and there modified to suit the wishes of the strikers. Then it went back to the directors, there to be switched back to its original form, with perhaps the change of one or two words.

Crisis Reached at Night.

This paper traveled back and forth for hours. At the evening session President Hamilton and Col. Bliss were for a time the sole representatives of the company.

The aldermen, however, called for the attendance of the directorate. Mayor Harrison insisted that the crisis had come and that the night would not be allowed to end without determining whether it was possible to end the strike by arbitration.

"As long as there is hope of peace," he said, "this committee will stay in session tonight."

Lawrence Young, Joseph Leiter, and Mr. Goodrich accordingly were summoned at 9 o'clock by telephone.

Working Out Terms of Peace.

When these directors reached the city hall they were closeted with the mayor and the committee. They were told that the only stone in the path of peace was the reinstatement of all men not guilty of violence. They were not willing to grant this at first, and the arguments became heated.

The directors declared the management could well afford to get rid of a large per cent of its present working force. They said that charges other than those of violence should be considered, and that possibly only 20 per cent of the men would be taken back. It took Mayor Harrison and the committee three hours to get them to change their minds, but they did.

When the directors agreed to make the concessions they left Attorney E. R. Bliss to close up negotiations. Lawrence A. Young, Arthur Orr, and A. A. Goodrich slipped out of the mayor's office first, and got away without being discovered. Then came Attorney Minzesheimer and President Hamilton and Joseph Leiter.

"We have nothing to say," said President Hamilton.

"We hope to have the cars running tomorrow," remarked Joseph Leiter.

Mayor Makes Guarantee.

When the directors left, Mayor Harrison and the council committee went into the rooms occupied by the strike leaders. They read off the terms of the agreement, one by one, and the union officials commented on them. The wage and routing of the cars clauses created little discussion. When they came to the provisions dealing with no discrimination against members of the union the men wanted a clearer proposition.

"If you have any complaint against the company on that score," said Mayor Harrison, "and it will not treat with you then come to me or to this committee and we will guarantee that you are fairly and justly treated."

"We are satisfied with that," came the reply.

No further discussions occurred and soon afterward the announcement was made that peace had been declared and that all was up to the men at their meeting today.

Strikers Hold Long Session.

While the peace conference was in session at the city hall, the strikers were gathered at 3956 State street, and National Organizer C. O. Pratt and other speakers were enthusing them for a long fight, in the event the efforts at settlement should fail.

From 8 p. m. until nearly 1 a. m. the meeting remained in session, the strikers expecting every minute to get advices from their leaders in session downtown. Finally they received word that a further wait would be folly and adjourned.

Organizer Pratt convened the meeting, which was attended during the evening by nearly 1,500 street car men. Representatives of the electrical workers, splicers, firemen, and other unions which had struck in sympathy were present, and there were also members of the west and north side unions in the hall.

"This is a fight of organized employers against organized employed," declared Mr. Pratt. "It means more than the adjustment of your claims. If you go down, you will drag organized labor with you. Will you desert the men who have stood by you and supported you?"

"No, no," came a shout from his hearers.

Reports Progress from City Hall.

Edward McMorrow of the executive committee arrived at the meeting late in the evening and made a report of the progress at the peace conference. He also urged the men to stand firm by their union and their demands and his advice was cheered.

A member of the north side union declared that the Union Traction employés were ready to strike in sympathy, and McMorrow answered that it would be unwise, as they could be of more assistance by supplying money than by striking.

The net result of the meeting was a vote of the men that they had not receded from the stand they had taken at the commencement of the fight, and that they would stand by these demands until a satisfactory compromise had been arranged with the company. They voted also to accept no terms that did not provide satisfactorily for the unions that went out in sympathy.

History of the Strike.

The City railway company strike, the most serious, so far as the public was concerned, began at 4 o'clock on the morning of Thursday, Nov. 12. At that hour the last of the night cars was taken into the barns by men who a few hours later fought openly and viciously to prevent a car being moved. Of the 2,400 trainmen who finished their day's work on Wednesday hardly more than a handful reported for work next day. On all the twenty-two lines of the south side company not a car wheel moved that Thursday morning, and 320 miles of track was idle. The tieup was complete and the strikers were happy.

The strike came as a great surprise to the vast majority of the 400,000 persons who used the City railway lines daily. The threat to walk out had been made so often that the public in general had come to regard it merely as a cry of "wolf." When on Monday, Nov. 9, the men presented their demands to General Manager McCulloch they were told they could not receive a reply before Saturday. This kindled the slumbering flame of wrath into a blaze. A meeting was held and the men declared that unless an acceptable reply was received by Wednesday night they would strike. No word came from Mr. McCulloch and Thursday morning saw the struggle begin.

First Cars; Then Riots.

The exaltation that greeted the beginning of the strike was short lived. Promptly at 6:30 a. m. a cable train with a loyal crew left the Cottage Grove avenue barns, followed by four other trains. About the same hour five Wentworth avenue cars were started from Seventy-ninth street and Vincennes road. Then followed a day of rioting. The few police on guard were powerless, and nonunion men were beaten and the cars broken by the crowds.

That night the mayor and high police officers held a conference with the City railway officials. Ample police protection was promised. Assistant Chief Schuettler being given 1,000 men to keep order. It was decided to operate only the Wentworth avenue line.

At 6 p. m. the full import of the strike was impressed on the hundreds of thousands of south siders who tried to reach their homes by the South Side elevated road. A number were injured in the serious crush at several loop stations.

Cars Run; 1,000 Police on Guard.

Friday, Nov. 13, saw the operation of five cars on the Wentworth avenue line under a guard of 1,000 police. There was much less disorder, teamsters being promptly arrested if they tried to block the tracks. Many arrests were made. Frank Curry sprang into prominence as a "strike breaker."

Strike sympathizers held a massmeeting at the city hall on Saturday, Nov. 14. The car barns were turned into barracks for the loyal employés, whose numbers had grown. Talk of a sympathetic strike grew. Several nonunion men were slugged.

Sunday, Nov. 15, saw the first massmeeting at Tattersall's. There was talk of peace, but nothing came of it. The Wentworth avenue cars were run on schedule.

The council on Monday, Nov. 16, authorized the appointment of an arbitration committee. There were several riots.

Mayor Harrison announced an arbitration committee consisting of himself and Ald. Bradley, Jackson, Palmer, Eidmann, Scully, Ruxton, Finn, and Maypole. First meeting held. Cottage Grove avenue cars run under police guard of 1,000.

There were rumors of peace, but no peace, on Wednesday, Nov. 17. The Indiana avenue line was opened.

On Thursday, Nov. 19, the company offered to arbitrate wages. Teamsters threatened a general strike. The Halsted street line was opened.

There were more peace talks on Friday and Saturday, and more riots. On Sunday the directors rejected all offers of the men. Big massmeeting held at Tattersall's.

Monday brought hope of peace; the State street cable line was opened. Yesterday began the final conference, which ended early this morning.

ORIGINAL DEMANDS OF STREET CAR MEN; POSITION TAKEN BY CITY RAILWAY COMPANY.

MEN'S DEMANDS.	COMPANY'S POSITION.
Wage Demands by the Men. (a). Crews on electric cars 26 cents an hour. (b). Cable train runs, $2.80 a day; trailer conductors, $2.49. (c). Overtime at rate of time and a half.	**Wage Statement by Company.** Increase not possible. Reasons: Advances given a year ago; no corresponding increase in business during the year to warrant a further advance.
Operation Demands by Men. (a). Work day not more than eleven hours nor less than ten. (b). All day runs to be ten hours straight.	**Operation Position of Company.** Refused on ground that the company could not enter into any agreement that would hamper or restrict it in the performance of its duty to the traveling public.
Demands for Closed Shop. All employés to be union men; new employés to be taken into the union at the expiration of a forty-five day probation period.	**Company Refuses Closed Shops.** Refused on the ground that it would give the union "complete and absolute control of the selection, employment, retention in service, and discipline of all employés."
Arbitration of Future Grievances. Grievances to be adjusted by an arbitration board comprising a company arbitrator, a representative of the union, and a third man selected by the two.	**Company Agrees in Advance.** The original demands of the men regarding the plan of arbitration of future grievances accepted in the beginning by the company.
Recognizing Union Officials. The company to receive officers of the union and committees when questions and grievances shall arise, also to allow officers leave of absence.	**Company Agrees in Advance.** The original demands of the men regarding the recognition of union officials accepted in the beginning by the company.
Demands for Unjust Suspension. The company to reimburse any union man upon reinstatement if suspension is proved unjust.	**Company Refuses Demands.** Answered with the statement that "the company will not unjustly suspend or discharge any man."
Pay Demands for Injuries. The company to pay for medical attendance and all time lost owing to injury on duty.	**Refused by the Company.** Refused with the statement "the company will not undertake so extensive an insurance scheme."
Demands for Days Off. The company to allow men to register a week in advance for days desired off.	**Days Off Allowed.** Accepted insofar as it does not interfere with the company's service.

NEW BLOCKADES FOR CARS.

Cable Line Manholes Filled with Steel Rails, Stones, and Rubbish.

New methods were used by the strikers yesterday to hinder and delay the operation of the State street cable cars. The old tactics of piling obstructions on the tracks and inserting plugs in the cable slot were popular still, and to these were added new difficulties.

When the cable was started early in the morning it was discovered that steel rails had been thrust between the spokes of the huge underground wheel on which one end of the cable turns at the Sixty-first street barn, and the wheel was wrecked before the machinery could be stopped. The work of putting a new wheel in place caused a delay of over an hour.

Six cable trains made one trip from the barns at Sixty-first street uptown and back. When the trains, under heavy police guard, started north in the morning evidence of the new plans to wreck the machinery was soon discovered. Nearly every manhole along the street had been filled with stones and rubbish, thus stopping the grips of the cable cars.

Twice during the trip uptown the police were forced to use their clubs in scattering crowds. A large number of strikers who had gathered in front of the striking engineers and firemen's headquarters at 5123 State street refused to move on.

Capt. Shippy, at the head of a line of policemen, charged the crowd, driving the men into the building. A crowd on the opposite side of the street then grew abusive and received similar treatment.

On the Indiana avenue, Cottage Grove avenue, Wentworth avenue, and Halsted street lines the cars were not molested and were run on regular time.

WILL DEFINE "WOMAN'S WORK."

Federation of Labor Decides to Settle a Question Long Subject of Dispute.

Now the old question is to be settled. The world is to know what is a woman's work and what is a man's. The Chicago Federation of Labor is to determine to which sex belongs the manipulation of the broom, the mop, and the dust cloth.

All this is to come out of a solemn joint conference between the janitors and the janitresses under the guidance of the federation. The meeting will be held Saturday afternoon in the office of the women's union, 204 La Salle street. Perhaps the unsolved problems centering around the sewing on of buttons and patches will also be cleared.

"What do they know about using the broom and the mop?" asked Mrs. Mary McDermott, business agent of the janitresses, hurling defiance at the men. "Why, haven't I broken in hundreds of them? Haven't I had to teach them how to handle these tools, and haven't I tried to show them how to dust?

"Some of the men have been doing the mopping in the buildings, too. That is our work of right. If they can prove that the broom, the mop, the dustpan, and the duster belong to the men, I'll give up. But not until then. Let them keep to the pick and shovel and saw. They have tools enough of their own to use and make a living."

The men are paid 20 cents an hour and their day consists of nine to ten hours. The women work for 18 cents, five and six hours a day. The janitresses' union, although not quite a year old, has 500 members.

"And we're going right on, too," insisted Mrs. McDermott. "We have most of the women in the office buildings now, and we are going to get those in the big stores, wholesale houses, and theaters soon. The men can't stop us and can't get control of us. We have our charter from the American Federation of Labor and it is as good as the men's."

LAW TO PROTECT STREET CARS.

Judge Thompson in Strike Case at Galesburg, Ill., Says Conspiracy, Malicious Mischief, and Railway Acts Apply.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—In the case of the four defendants charged with conspiring to cut the trolley wires and otherwise injure the property of the People's Traction company during the strike last summer, Judge Thompson today ruled that the conspiracy law and malicious mischief statute protect street railroads. He held also that these roads are under the protection of the railway and warehouse act. The court declared the law applies to all classes of railroads carrying cars, and not merely to steam railroads.

STATE'S ATTORNEY FILES SOME AMENDED REPORTS.

Discovers That Two Are Missing and Assistants Have Made Errors in Others —Total Change of $10,000.

Amended reports relating to receipts of the state's attorney's office were filed in court yesterday by Mr. Deneen. Mr. Deneen said it had come to his notice that there were missing from the files one report which was filed several years ago. Also that a report which should have been made four years ago had not been made by the assistant then in charge.

Because of these facts Mr. Deneen caused new reports to be made to supply the place of those missing, and also had a careful investigation made of each report filed since his term in office. The result disclosed errors of entering amounts received in the wrong column and sometimes of entering the same amount in two columns.

The revised reports show deductions from the previous amounts stated, aggregating $13,905, and additions amounting to $3,816, leaving a total net deduction of $10,089.

The report which never had been filed covered fees collected from Dec. 1, 1898, to May 31, 1899. The amounts are:

Fines	$ 5,230
Quasi criminal cases	260
Forfeitures	200
Fees collected on fines	250
Forfeited recognizances	6,782
Total	$12,612

Judge Clifford granted the permission to file, and complete reports covering the period of Mr. Deneen's administration are now on file.

TAKES UP EXTORTION CASES.

Grand Jury Hears Evidence Against Detectives and Continues Examination to Await Absent Witnesses.

The grand jury yesterday took up the charges of extortion against Detectives Fitzmaurice and Bullis of the Desplaines street police station. The failure of important witnesses to appear caused the indicting body to continue the cases until the missing ones might be produced by the Citizens' association.

Two complaints charging extortion by threats were sent before the jury late in the afternoon. Gertrude Lee, 48 Sangamon street, who had been cared for by Miss Jane Addams of Hull house since she told her story to the aldermanic committee, and Alice Smith, 343 West Randolph street, were witnesses in the complaint charging the detectives with extortion from women.

Miss Lee repeated the story of how she was hounded by the detectives and kept from leaving the west side levee. She told of being compelled to pay money to the police, and how, when she secured honest employment, she was exposed to her employers and forced back to the west side plague spot.

The state's attorney is seeking further evidence in the case of Mose Love, indicted for shooting Thomas Hawkins, a "graft" informer. The officials hope to connect John ("Mushmouth") Johnson with his employé's case.

Johnson is said to be absent from the city. The gaming house indictment against him has not been returned, and until a capias is issued on it the state's attorney will not know whether the negro politician is absent temporarily or has become a fugitive.

COEDS BAFFLE A POLICEMAN.

Latter Unable to Learn Which Resident of Chapin Hall Took a Wooden Indian.

A dozen coeds at Chapin hall baffled Policeman Johnson of the Evanston force yesterday, when he visited the dormitory to arrest some one for stealing a wooden Indian belonging to Carl Newburg, a cigar dealer at 906 Church street.

When Johnson was admitted to the hall he found half of the occupants of the building waiting for him. Not knowing which had been guilty of the theft, he turned to one of the young women and asked if she stole the Indian.

"I wasn't the one. It was this girl here," the young woman answered. Then "this girl" passed him on to the next, and so he made the rounds.

"There were too many of them," the patrolman explained to Capt. Mersch. "I couldn't take them all to the station."

GIRL RUNS AWAY TO DANCE.

Amelia Cook, 2122 Asbury Avenue, Forbidden to Go, Disobeys and Fails to Return.

Because her father objected to her going to a dancing party which she was determined to attend, Miss Amelia Cook, 16 years old, ran away from her home, 2122 Asbury avenue, Saturday night.

Her father, John Cook, a flagman, followed her to the dance. As he entered the hall she saw him and fled, and all efforts to trace her have failed. Yesterday the father appealed for aid to the Evanston police.

Mrs. Bert W. Flagg, 1448 North Twenty-second street, St. Louis, has written to Chief of Police O'Neill concerning her husband, who has disappeared.

TEAMSTERS SPLIT OVER CONTRACTS.

Truck Drivers and Many Coal and Ice Wagon Men Say "Uphold Agreements."

BOLT IS A SERIOUS ONE.

Action Likely to Weaken Materially the Power of the Joint Council.

The truck drivers, most powerful local among the Chicago teamsters, last night bolted the Teamsters' Joint council. With them went most of the delegates of the coal teamsters and ice wagon drivers. The rank and file of the three organizations back up their leaders in seceding from the central body of the union and will refuse to abide by its mandates.

While the occasion for the split was a trivial one, the real cause was the determination of the dissenters to maintain the contracts which they have with their employers. To this end, they refused to acquiesce in the action of the special session of the teamsters' council on Sunday when the striking street railway teamsters were indorsed.

McGee Leads the Bolt.

Hugh McGee, president of the truck drivers, led the bolt and defended his course warmly both before and after. Cornelius P. Shea, international president of the union, sat through the session unable to preserve harmony.

The stand taken by the seceders is believed to mean that they will not countenance any boycott on the City railway that implies the breaking of an agreement. The company will get its coal, and the drivers will not go out of their way to block its cars. They will be party to no course of action calculated to bring them needlessly into conflict with the team owners.

"I am not going to indorse any measure that means broken faith with employers," said McGee before the meeting was called. "My word shall be as good as my bond, and my name to a contract shall be regarded as a sacred obligation."

Power of the Dissenters.

The teamsters have 30,000 members in Chicago, of whom 10,000 are truck drivers, 1,800 coal teamsters, and 3,000 ice wagon drivers. These three locals include practically all the men handling the heavy freight on the streets of the city.

There were mutterings of discontent among the delegates before the joint council assembled. McGee was known to be thoroughly dissatisfied with the proceedings of the special meeting on Sunday as well as with the way the control of the council had been perceptibly passing into the hands of the newer and weaker locals.

The issue was raised in the first few minutes of the session. President George F. Golden of the council called for the reading of the minutes of the special meeting. McGee demanded the floor.

"I protest against the proceedings of that meeting being entered as the actions of this council," he said.

Golden overruled the delegate, and McGee appealed from the decision of the chair. The question was put to a vote and a large majority supported Golden. The minutes were ordered read and spread on the records as approved.

Bolters Put on Hats and Go.

"If that is to be done, I am through with you," shouted McGee, rising and reaching for his coat and hat. "It is not right, and I will not stand for it. Neither will the coal teamsters and others representing the locals that have made this union what it is."

The four truck drivers at McGee's side left the hall with him, as did four delegates from the other two disaffected organizations. Milton Booth, business agent of the coal drivers, remained, but as he is close to McGee and the two have long worked in harmony he is expected to join with his delegates. He declined to say, at the close of the meeting, what he would do.

"I don't know," he said. "We have not been receiving fair treatment from the council. This is not an uprising of a minute; it represents the sentiment of months of dealings that have been unsatisfactory."

Hot Words with Golden.

After the meeting had adjourned McGee and Golden met in the saloon below the hall. McGee was angry at the president of the council and dared him to harm the truck drivers.

"Come on and knock our blocks off, as you say you will," he cried. "You cannot say that I have not been fair and honest in all my dealings in the union and that is more than can be said of some men in the organization. You needn't think you can run Hugh McGee or the truck drivers with your rulings. We are not afraid of you. We are out and the coal teamsters are out, too. We have had enough of you and we are through."

Golden declared that his ruling had been perfectly legal and endeavored to minimize the importance of the bolt.

"Such things have happened before," he said. "Nothing will come of it. They will be back. It was quite regular for the minutes to be read and approved, and the house supported the chair, so there was nothing else to do."

Inquiry for Harder & Hafer.

In the meeting that followed the secession an investigation of the firm of Harder & Hafer, which hauls the coal for the City railway, was ordered. The bolt has especial significance in that connection. The coal teamsters had a hard fight against the contractors some time ago and with difficulty secured an agreement. The drivers felt that they were to lose the fruits of the victory if warfare was to be reopened on the firm. The City railway was indirectly involved in that struggle, and the trainmen gave no assistance to the teamsters. Those that had fought the battle did not want to have it over again.

A committee of seven was appointed to look into the Harder & Hafer matter. On this are George F. Golden, Cornelius P. Shea, Milton Booth, Charles Malone, Edward Murphy, J. B. Blaney, and A. Armstrong. They will go to the firm's office at Stewart avenue and Twenty-fourth street, empowered with full authority to act. This was all that President Golden would say of their instructions.

Harder & Hafer employ eighty coal teamsters, most of whom are engaged in hauling for the street railway company.

Arbitration in Steel Strike.

A committee from the National Iron and Steel Workers' union will meet Bloch Bros. in Chicago today to arrange arbitration in the Indiana Harbor steel workers' strike. The committee returned to Indiana Harbor yesterday from Pittsburg after consulting President Shaffer.

HELD FOR KILLING A PICKET.

Charles F. Lang Taken to Jail After Coroner's Inquest in Case of Emil Reichow.

The killing of Emil Reichow last Saturday as a result of labor troubles was followed yesterday by the coroner's inquest, at which Charles F. Lang was held to the grand jury. He was taken to jail.

Lang was a pressroom foreman for R. R. Donnelley & Sons company, while Reichow was a strike picket.

Testimony at the inquest was that Lang and his brother, Daniel, were walking in Dearborn street, near Polk, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Reichow was crossing the street, and as he stepped on the sidewalk a man, believed by two of the witnesses to have been Daniel Lang, struck him in the face. Partly dazed, Reichow turned toward Charles Lang, when the latter drew a revolver and fired. The bullet pierced Reichow's skull and he died soon after being taken to the hospital.

D. Silverstein, one of the witnesses, said: "I was in Dearborn street and saw all that took place. The man who was shot did not say anything and did not raise his hand. One of two men struck him in the face. Reichow put his hand to his head and turned to see who struck him, when Lang fired."

REST ON THE CITY'S TIME.

EMPLOYES IN BENDER'S OFFICE TOIL WHEN THEY PLEASE.

All of the Clerk's Men Accustomed to Work Only Seven Hours Instead of Eight, Council Committee Discovers—Many in Habit of Shortening Day to Suit Themselves, J. J. Brown Sometimes Coming at 9 O'Clock and Leaving at Noon.

Employés in City Clerk Bender's office, the council graft committee discovered yesterday, work only seven hours to secure credit for a full day's work. The lunch hour is taken out of an eight hour day.

Nearly half the force, the investigation also disclosed, has been in the habit of shortening the seven hours to suit convenience. J. J. Brown, drawing $1,200 a year salary as a license clerk, was found to have done only one full day's work—a seven hour day at that—in October, and only one full day's work thus far in November.

Three Hours a Day's Work.

On some days, the records showed, Brown came down to work at 9 o'clock and left at noon. On other days he went out at 10 o'clock and returned at 2 o'clock. Brown's absences from duty were found to have averaged two days out of the twenty-four working days of each month. The committee figured that he could not have worked more than 1,900 hours in the last year, placing the cost of his services to the city at approximately $1 an hour.

Brown was examined by the committee on the charge that he had appropriated $300 of a sum due a police pensioner, Mrs. Kate Sullivan, 44 Solon court. He denied the accusation, and declared he had not refunded the money on the threat of prosecution from John J. Sullivan, a democratic committeeman.

"I never had to return the money," he said, "because I never took it. There is no truth in any detail of the story."

Effort will be made to bring Mrs. Sullivan and J. J. Sullivan before the committee today.

Race Meetings Ruin Health.

An epidemic of sickness in many of the departments during the days of good racing cards last summer aroused the interest of the committee when it began to pore over the records submitted by the heads of the departments. The reports were placed in the hands of the committee in the afternoon and the members began to study the figures and statements. No department head, so far as the reports were examined, was found to have reported that he had any incompetent clerks working for him. The number of occasional invalids, however, was surprisingly large.

The men seemed to be well enough during the winter and their health remained fairly good so long as the racing was at Lakeside and Worth. When it got to Hawthorne and Harlem, however, their maladies became serious, and during the Washington Park meeting they needed the fresh air nearly every afternoon. After that they began to get better, and now that the racing season is over they are restored to health.

Inquiry to Save Money.

"If the committee," commented Ald. Minwegen, "does nothing more than show how the city's time has been wasted by employés, and if this sort of thing can be brought to an end, it will have saved Chicago many times the amount spent in the investigation of 'graft.'"

Dies in a Nightmare.

La Crosse, Wis., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Suffering from a terrible nightmare, from which she could not be aroused, Mrs. George Root passed away in convulsions last night. The nightmare caused the constriction of the muscles and gradually cut off her breath.

Convicted of Burning a Town.

Galesburg, Ill., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Alvah Hines was convicted in the Circuit court today of starting fires in Williamsfield in 1897, which destroyed the business portion of that village and caused a loss of $50,000.

Good English Pays

Do you know that Marshall Field & Co. pay their employes $1 for every error in English one of them finds in any of the printed matter issued by the house? Nowadays nothing hurts a man's *prestige* with the educated like careless English. Moreover, the best correspondents are no longer willing to write their letters in the *time-worn commercial jargon* of half-intelligible commercial phases. A good letter, business or social, should be simple, smooth, easy, winning, like the voice of a good salesman.

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Advertisement Writers.—You can't afford to let mistakes creep into your work. The only way to avoid errors is to have a good reference work constantly at hand.

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Stenographers.—The only way to get a better salary is to improve your English. Keep Mr. Cody's book at your elbow and in six months you will be worth twice what you are now, and you will get it, too.

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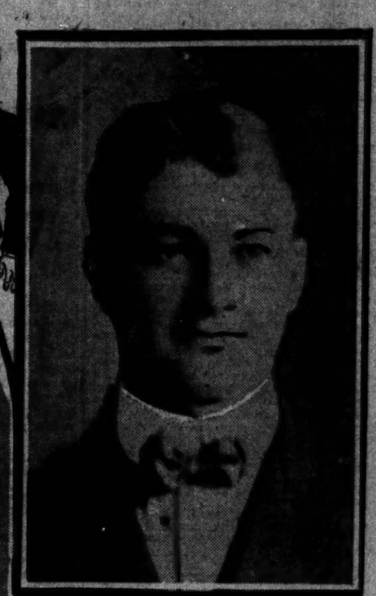
THREE YOUNG CRIMINALS WHO KILLED SIX MEN, COMMITTED EIGHT ROBBERIES, AND PLANNED OUTLAWRY.

HARVEY VAN DEIN

GUSTAVE MARX.



PETER NEIDERMEIER.

BANDITS MURDER 6 MEN.

GUSTAV MARX, QUINN'S SLAYER, CONFESSES BARN ROBBERY.

Implicates Three Pals in Eight Holdups, in Which They Took Life Without Qualm—Other Men Have Fled from City and Police Find Small Arsenals in Their Lodgings — The Prisoner Member of a Respectable Family.

(Continued from first page.)

$750 as my share. We then got on a Cottage Grove avenue car and came downtown. We parted down around Clark and Randolph streets from Van Dein. Myself and Niedermeier then took an elevated train and went to the end of the road. We staid there an hour or so, then came back downtown, where we went into a bowling alley. We then parted. I went into a hotel on West Madison street, where I secured a room for myself.

The next day I met Van Dein and Niedermeier at Humboldt park, and we sat around there for about two hours. Van Dein then started for home and Niedermeier and myself took a train on the Northwestern road to Denver, Colo.

We staid in Denver one day, then went to Cripple Creek and staid there about a week, and then came back to Chicago. GUSTAVE MARX.

Witnesses:
Frederick J. Gabriel, George L. Richardson,
Frank E. Link, H. F. Schuettler,
John C. Harper, Otto Haerle.

Makes a Further Statement.

In addition to the above Marx made a supplemental signed statement as follows concerning the crimes of which his alleged pals told him. The same witnesses attested to his statement. It is:

Nov. 23, 1903.—I hereby make the following statement of my own free will: that I received the following information in regards to following crimes: That the robbery committed at Clybourn Junction depot, Northwestern railroad, was done by Peter Niedermeier and Emil Roeski, they having told me themselves.

Also, the robbery and murder in a saloon at the corner of North avenue and Forty-seventh avenue. This crime was committed by Harvey Van Dein and Peter Niedermeier on Aug. 1.

Also, the robbery and assault in the saloon of Peter Gorski, 2611 Milwaukee avenue. This crime was committed by Harvey Van Dein and Emil Roeski.

Also, the robbery of Greenberg's saloon, southwest corner of Robey street and Addison. This crime was committed by Harvey Van Dein and Emil Roeski.

Also the robbery of the saloon in Roscoe street and Sheffield avenue was committed by Harvey Van Dein and Emil Roeski.

All this information was given to me by the within named parties by word of mouth and actions.

GUSTAVE MARX.

Jokes About Barn Murder.

Marx afterward told the story of the car barn murders in more detail, talking of it with the greatest unconcern and even joking over certain points which appealed to his sense of humor. He denied that he himself fired a single shot during the holdup, but laid the killing of Johnson and Stewart to Niedermeier. It had been the agreement, he said, that no shots should be fired, but, as he expressed it, "Niedermeier got excited and blazed away."

"We planned the robbery of the Sixty-first street car barns almost by accident," said the young prisoner, rolling a cigaret and looking about at his auditors with a faint smile. "We had planned to stick up the Rogers Park barns, but sidetracked that job when we saw how rich the south side one would be. We had even talked of sticking up the Seventy-ninth street barns, but could never agree on a time. Then one morning Pete, that's Niedermeier, and I were walking past the Sixty-first street barns and saw them counting the money inside. It looked good to us and also easy, and so we got Van Dein and told him of the job.

Van Dein "Plants" Sledge.

"The night of the robbery we all met at Sixty-third street, near the railway yards, about 3 o'clock in the morning. We were all armed and Van Dein had planted a big sledge hammer in the sewer pipe just east of the car barns. We walked directly to the barns at Sixty-first street and Van Dein got his sledge. That was the sledge the police found and traced to the Northwestern railway shops. Van Dein, you know, had worked there.

"Well, we all took a good look around the place, but there wasn't a soul in sight—not even a cop or an owl car. So I told Van Dein to smash in the window with his sledge while I went into the waiting room. I found the door unlocked and the place deserted. I could see the clerks counting the money through the grating and before they knew it I had covered them with my gun and told them to hold up their hands. A moment before I saw Van Dein smash in a door with his sledge and I yelled to him that he had made a mistake. I pointed out a window he should have smashed and he broke it in.

"About the same time some one—perhaps it was Van Dein—yelled that the cops were coming and immediately fired three shots into the ceiling. I ran into a little hallway to look out, but could see no one, and, at the same time Niedermeier began shooting through the north window, which had been smashed in. I had told him not to shoot, but he got excited and maybe he had good reason to shoot for all I know. When I got back out of the hallway I saw Van Dein coming out of the cashier's cage through the window with a box of silver under his arm and a big bunch of bills.

"I heard Van Dein say: 'I've got enough, boys,' and then we all ran out of the place and walked east in Sixtieth street. There wasn't a soul around.

Dividing the Money.

"We passed the park at a swift pace, but as we didn't meet any one and as no one followed us we slowed down and strolled down the Midway to Jackson park. We walked around the park awhile waiting for daylight so as we could count our money. As soon as the sun rose we got into a clump of bushes and divided the coin. There was just about $2,250, and I got $750 as my share. We staid in the bushes till about 10 o'clock and then we took a Cottage Grove avenue cable car downtown.

"The first thing we did was to buy a swell breakfast at some restaurant on West Madison street three blocks from the river. Then we bought 25 cent cigars and loafed back over town enjoying ourselves to the limit. The papers were on the street telling all about th big car barn murder and we invested in a few. We were glad to find out that they didn't have a clew to us and were all up in the air. Van Dein left us at Clark and Randolph streets and Pete and I rode around town some on the street cars.

"We took a long ride on the West Side elevated and then we separated and went home. The next day, that was Monday, I think, we all three met at Humboldt park and spent the afternoon there smoking and reading all about the car barn murders. We lolled around on the benches and talked of some big stunts that we would pull off in the future, like holding up express trains, and so forth.

"But we didn't know where we could get dynamite around here without giving the game away, and so we got to talking of going to some mining place where it would be easier to buy. Then we went downtown and did some more high living and I engaged a swell room in a swell hotel—in West Madison street, I guess it was. We hit up the pace on our money for a couple of days around the city, while the police were sweating around looking for us, and then we thought it was about time to 'blow' for the mining place. I think it was the Wednesday night of that week that we bought tickets to Denver and boarded a Northwestern train.

"We staid three days in Denver blowing in our money and then we went to Cripple Creek. We found it a cinch to get dynamite there. All you had to do was to go into a hardware store and order it. They always asked questions, but if you bluffed a little you could always get it. We brought back about 100 pounds of the stuff.

Try a Train Robbery.

"We landed in Chicago again about a month ago and began right away working up the train holdup business. Pete had seen the express boxes being put aboard the trains at the Wells street station of the Northwestern, and he spotted the train that leaves about 7 p. m. as the best one to hold up. Then we went out to Jefferson Park and picked out the best place to pull off the job. We put about fifty pounds of dynamite alongside the track where we thought we would stop the train. We were only going to use it to blow open the car door and the safe.

"We had the plan all studied out to the dots and dashes, but it fell through. When the train came along Roeski waved a red lantern, but the engineer didn't stop. Then some one, I think it was Roeski, fired a shot at the engine cab. The train then began to slow down and stopped, but it was so far from the place where we had our dynamite that there was no time to do business. So we took to our heels. The next day we saw in the papers that the engineer had been wounded by the pistol shot.

Other Car Barns Well Guarded.

"Our next plan was to go after the car barns at Seventy-ninth street and Vincennes avenue and also the one in Rogers Park, but we found they had changed things around and guarded both places so that it was no use."

In a similar manner Marx described the other holdups in which the gang participated. He denied that he shot any of the victims with the exception of Policeman Quinn, but admitted that he fired a shot in the saloon holdup at Ashland avenue and Ottawa street.

Says Accident Saved Blaul.

Marx declared that in the Addison street saloon fight last Saturday night he would have killed Blaul after Quinn but that his gun got out of order after he had shot the latter. He said he bought the magazine weapon in Cleveland, where Niedermeier also purchased the revolver with which he shot the car barn men. Niedermeier had paid $14 for the pistol and had afterward paid $12 to have it gold plated and adorned with pearl handles.

"Where are you living now?" was asked as he finished his recital.

"Why, you ought to know. I am living here in this station," quickly replied the prisoner, and a moment later he began to laugh.

Draws Diagram of Barn Robbery.

Marx then was asked to draw a diagram of the south side car barn where the robbery occurred. He did so readily, and explained how he had gained admittance. Then he asked the assistant chief to take him to his cell.

"I am sleepy and will want to get some rest," said he.

His request was granted, and after he had shaken hands with the policemen he was taken to the cell room.

Of a Respectable Family.

Marx is 21 years old and a member of a respectable German family on the northwest side. Capt. Schuettler has known the father for several years, and in order to shield the family from the disgrace of the affair last night refused to reveal the name and address. The boy has been wayward for several years, and three years ago was sent to the bridewell for the robbery of the Audubon school. His present alleged accomplices were also implicated in that crime. Two of them were also sent to the workhouse. This is the only time the youngsters were ever arrested.

TELLING HIS STORY.

Marx of Boyish Appearance.

Marx is 5 feet 10 inches tall and of a slim, thought muscular, build. His appearance is altogether boyish, and, except for a certain hardness of the mouth, his features lack the conventional criminal characteristics. He has an intelligent eye.

Van Dein and Niedermeier have even less of a criminal appearance than Marx. From their photographs both appear to be clean cut, handsome young fellows. Their families are also respectable, though the boys have been wild for years, their whereabouts being unknown by the parents for months at a time. Their education stopped with a year or two of grammar school, all of them having attended the Hamilton school at Cornelia street and Marshfield avenue. Van Dein was a volunteer in an Illinois regiment that went to Cuba, where he rose to first sergeant.

Reward Will Be Divided.

The rewards offered by the Chicago City railway and by Chief O'Neill for the capture and conviction of the bandits will probably be divided in the case of Marx between Detective Blaul and the widow of Detective Quinn. The railway company offered $1,000 for each robber and Chief O'Neill offered $500.

Chief O'Neill Gratified.

"Credit goes to my big friend at Sheffield avenue and to his men," said Chief O'Neill. "When the police department was being accused of incompetency for not catching these men I said that they would be caught. I said that one of them would get in another scrape and get caught for it, and then would confess the car barn murder. It has happened that way. I also said that the police from South Chicago to Lake View were working on the case. It has been the Lake View police who have got them.

"The difficulties in the affair may be imagined when it is realized that these crimes have been committed by young men who were not known to the department generally as criminals. They had not been arrested, except for one offense.

"The police were looking for criminals and had little or no way of knowing of these young fellows or of connecting them with the crimes."

Assistant Chief Schuettler gives all the credit of the capture of Marx to the efforts of Detectives Quinn and Blaul, and the latter is being further intrusted with the pursuit of the accomplices.

MOTHER BELIEVES IN HER SON.

Mrs. Van Dein Thinks Boy Innocent—Parents of Peter Niedermeier Less Confident.

While Harvey Van Dein is hiding from the law, there is one person in Chicago who believes him innocent and who is ready to defend him from his accusers.

His mother, a dressmaker, lives at 777 North Springfield avenue, and during the many years she has lived in the neighborhood she has always commanded the respect of her neighbors. Deserted several years ago by her husband, Mrs. Van Dein has fought an uphill fight against poverty. With her needle she has earned the greater part of the money which has been the support of herself, her aged father, and a crippled son. Her son Harvey has not been living there of late.

"They say my son is a—has killed two men," she said after she had been told of Marx's confession. "If he were to stand here in front of me and shoot down two men as they say he did, perhaps I would believe what they say. No, there has been some terrible mistake."

About herself or her son Mrs. Van Dein will talk but little. There is a story current in the neighborhood that the Van Deins were once well to do, but misfortunes have followed each other rapidly for them. There is a sense of pride in Mrs. Van Dein's character which prevents her giving expression to her present grief. She realizes that the world believes her son guilty. In her own heart she is firmly convinced that he is the victim of a dreadful mistake.

Her father is practically helpless through an accident which late in life cost him a limb. Her other son is a cripple, and in recent years Harvey has not been a breadwinner. Her husband is said to be in Mexico, where he went after failing to close up a business transaction.

In the home of the Niedermeiers, 1831 Elston avenue, there is grief in the little cottage. Peter Niedermeier's parents are both alive, though advanced in years. They are respectable German people, and, although they have lived in Chicago a great many years, they talk but little English. They are inclined to believe that the accusation against their son is true, and they feel the humiliation keenly. Peter's brother, Paul, is employed in a factory in Clybourn avenue, near Sheffield, and he has been the support of his parents and of his brother.

SHOOTS HIS BROTHER TWICE.

Hans Stumpp Admits Wounding Joseph, but Says He Fired in Self-Defense.

When a quarrel between brothers was ended by the police last night, Joseph Stumpp was taken to the hospital with a bullet wound in his jaw and another in his arm. Hans Stumpp was arrested and held at the Larrabee street police station.

The men fought in Hans Stumpp's saloon, 272 North avenue. Lieut. Max Heidelmeier heard the shooting and ran into the saloon to find Joseph unconscious on the floor, while his brother stood holding the revolver.

"When Joe came in I saw he was looking for trouble," said the saloonkeeper. He began calling me names and became so abusive I could stand it no longer. I told him to stop and he struck me. I drew my revolver to defend myself. I pointed it at him, but he still kept coming toward me, so I shot him."

STUBBY LOFTUS STOPS BULLET

Shot by James Nichols While Scrapping with Him in His Saloon on Wells Street.

William, alias "Stubby" Loftus, not unknown to the police, got in an altercation at midnight in Nichols Bros.' saloon, Ohio and Wells streets, with James Nichols, one of the proprietors. Nichols shot once and the bullet lodged in Loftus' left breast. He will die.

DEPUTY SHERIFF AT DOOR OF THE SPORTSMEN'S SHOW.

Placed There to Hold Box Office Receipts Under Attachment Proceedings Begun by Band—No Admission Charged

A deputy sheriff was placed at the door of the Sportsmen's show in the Coliseum last night to act as custodian of the box office receipts. This was the result of attachment proceedings brought against the International Sportsmen's association by Forrest's Seventh Regiment band. The management learned the sheriff was coming and made the admission free to all, so that the deputy secured nothing.

John J. Forrest, the manager of the band, alleges $1,476 is due him for services under his contract. The band has furnished the music for the show since the opening night, Nov. 7. Officials of the association declare the musicians have been paid up to Saturday night and that the week's salary will be paid when due.

Mr. Forrest alleges that the association "is about to conceal or dispose of its property, so as to hinder its creditors." He brought the attachment proceeding in the afternoon, naming L. E. Springer, J. W. Miller, Alexander J. Stacer, and C. B. Cowdry in the affidavit. Sheriff Barrett assigned Deputy Sheriff Fitzgerald to take charge of the receipts.

A receiver will be asked for the show this morning, and Stewart Spalding, secretary of the Coliseum company, probably will be appointed. The association officials say the show will continue until next Saturday, when its engagement would expire. They also declare the association by no means is bankrupt.

"This is an attempt on the part of the band to collect money that it has not yet earned," said Mr. Cowdry. "It has been paid up to last Saturday night and no more money is due until the end of the engagement. The show will continue until Saturday night."

STATE STREET BRIDGE BROKEN.

New Structure Is Tied Up When Axle Bends, Making Cars Take Devious Route.

The new State street bridge went out of commission yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. An axle bent, and the crowd that goes over the bridge on the way home was forced to cross the Dearborn or Rush street bridges. The State street cars had to take the Dearborn street track and turn at Lake street to go to State, and then come back Dearborn street to Kinzie, switching into State street, and returning to the stopping point at Division and Clark streets. Twelve men worked on the bridge all night, and at an early hour this morning they said it would be in working order by 7 o'clock.

Indian Lecture for Children.

The public school children have been invited to attend the lecture of Ernest Thompson Seton tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock in Studebaker theater. Mr. Seton's talk will be on "The Indians as I Know Them." Some of the public school classes have made plans to attend in groups. Mr. Seton will sketch the Indian as he is, touching the inaccuracy of the redskin of fiction.

Sugar Refinery to Reopen.

The Illinois sugar refinery in Waukegan, owned by the glucose combine, has received orders to resume full operations Monday morning. From 400 to 500 men will be employed, and it is believed the resumption of work will be permanent.

TWO COLLISIONS; NINE ARE HURT.

Switch Engine Strikes Twenty-second Street Electric Car, Injuring Six.

FREIGHT TRAINS MEET.

Twenty-four Cars Derailed and Three Men Suffer in Crash on the Railroad.

A switch engine struck an east bound Twenty-second street electric car at the Stewart avenue crossing last evening, injuring six persons. Three other persons were injured in a collision between freight trains on the Illinois Central tracks at Fortieth street at nearly the same time.

The street car collision occurred when the car was nearly empty, and only the rear of it was struck.

The Injured.

Carpenter, Edward, 1157 South Western avenue; scalp wound.
Cohen, William, 191 Twenty-second street; cut on face and hands by glass.
Morgan, May, 3423 Michigan-av.; right leg fractured.
Rey, George, motorman; arm fractured.
Rothwood, Charles, 6002 Wentworth avenue; bruised about body.
Williams, Thomas, conductor, 921 Albany avenue; scalp cut.

The injured were taken to the People's hospital.

Williams, the conductor, had gone ahead of the car and signaled the motorman to proceed. Rey started the car across the Chicago and Eastern Illinois tracks, and had gone only a few feet when the engine struck the car, demolishing the rear end.

"I had been given the signal to go ahead," said Rey, "and I could not see the switch engine. When it was struck the car was going at a high speed and was half across the tracks. The gates were open.

The passengers were knocked to the floor of the car by the collision, and the cries of the injured alarmed the police, who arrived in a few minutes with ambulances.

Freight Trains in Collision.

Twenty-four cars were derailed, four were telescoped, and three persons were injured when a Wisconsin Central freight train struck the rear end of a Fort Wayne freight train in the Illinois Central yards at Fortieth street.

The Injured.

Gelder, Edward, brakeman Fort Wayne train, 4 Elizabeth street; left arm broken; skull injured; body bruised; injured internally.
McCoy, F. B., engineer Wisconsin Central train; cut by glass and bruised when thrown from seat in cab.
E. A. Shell, fireman Wisconsin Central train; cut on head and bruised.

The Fort Wayne train was waiting for a signal to switch to the tracks of the Chicago Terminal Transfer railway. Engineer McCoy of the Wisconsin Central train did not see the other train until just before his engine struck the rear end of the other train, telescoping four cars and derailing sixteen others, four of which were hurled into a ditch. The Wisconsin Central engine and four of the cars of the same train also were derailed.

Man Thrown 200 Feet.

McCoy and Shell were in the cab when the engine struck the train ahead, but both escaped serious injury when the engine left the tracks. Gelder was hurled from the top of a Fort Wayne freight car and was found unconscious in a ditch 200 feet from the scene of the wreck. He was taken to the Monroe hospital, where it was said his injuries were serious.

Engineer McCoy declares no signals were placed on the rear of the Fort Wayne train. The debris blocked the road for several hours.

CENTRAL CHURCH MAY MOVE TO THE IROQUOIS THEATER.

Reported That Dr. Gunsaulus' Congregation Will Leave Present Location for One Near Its Former Hall.

It was reported yesterday that the Central church, of which Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus is the pastor, had leased the new Iroquois theater for its Sunday morning service for a short term of years. This church was originally in the Central Music hall, and three years ago moved to the Studebaker, where it has since met. The new place of worship, if it is adopted, will be situated conveniently for most of those who go to service on the street railway lines.

JUDGE CITES CAUSE OF CRIME.

R. S. Tuthill Says Nearly All Young Prisoners Owe Troubles to Lack of Home Training.

"The lack of parental training and good home influences is responsible for the arrest of nearly all the boys who appear in the Criminal court. It is their parents' fault that they are there."

Judge R. S. Tuthill of the Juvenile court made this assertion last evening in an address before the Lumber Dealers' Association of Chicago.

"The boy is father to the man," he said, "but he must have proper parental influence if you wish him to grow into the proper sort of a man."

The banquet was held at Kinsley's restaurant to celebrate the one hundredth anniversary of the founding of the association. Bishop Samuel Fallows delivered the invocation. Other speakers were George C. Ball, Judge A. N. Waterman, Frank O. Lowden, and C. F. Matteson.

The Difference

Coffee usually means sickness, but Postum always means health.

Those who have never tried the experiment of leaving off coffee and drinking Postum in its place and in this way regaining health and happiness can learn much from the experience of others who have made the trial.

One who knows says: "I drank coffee for breakfast every morning until I had terrible attacks of indigestion, producing days of discomfort and nights of sleeplessness. I tried to give up the use of coffee entirely, but found it hard to go from hot coffee to a glass of water. Then I tried Postum Food Coffee.

"It was good and the effect was so pleasant that I soon learned to love it and have used it for several years. I improved immediately after I left off coffee and took on Postum and am now entirely cured of my indigestion and other troubles, all of which were due to coffee. I am now well and contented and all because I changed from coffee to Postum.

"Postum is much easier to make right every time than coffee, for it is so even and always reliable. We never use coffee now in our family. We use Postum and are always well." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason and it is proven by trial. Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road To Wellville."

HEARST CLUB HOLDS MEETING.

Ward Vice Presidents Are Selected—Big Gathering Announced for Early in January.

A meeting of the William Randolph Hearst league was held last night in its new headquarters, 90 La Salle street. A declaration of principles of the league was made and action taken to extend the organization into all the wards and country towns. Of the thirty-five wards, nineteen were represented last night.

In presenting the report of the committee on resolutions, James C. McShane said that it was the purpose of the league to carry on its work in the promotion of the candidacy of Mr. Hearst for president without antagonizing any other democratic organization.

Vice presidents were chosen for many of the ward delegations, and it was decided that a large general meeting should be held in the first week in January.

Belleville Pastor Sent to Chicago.

Belleville, Ill., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The Alton presbytery held a special session at the First Presbyterian church in this city today and formally transferred the Rev. J. A. Gallaher, pastor of the Belleville church, to the Avondale church at Chicago and to the Chicago presbytery. He and his family will depart tomorrow for Chicago.

CHINA READY FOR WAR WITH RUSSIA

Gen. Ma Prepares to Invade Manchuria at Head of 18,000 Men.

JAPAN'S OFFER IGNORED.

Growing Feeling of Impatience in Mikado's Empire Over the Deadlock.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Private advices from Pekin are to the effect that Gen. Yuan Shi Kai, governor of Chi Li province, has informed the emperor that he is prepared to declare war against the Russians in Manchuria. Gen. Ma is said to be ready to march into Shan Hai Kwan at the head of 18,000 men.

The situaiton since the reoccupation of Mukden by the Russian troops has become steadily worse. Troops from European Russia are now arriving in lower Manchuria. It is reported that the Russians have occupied Hai Ching, thirty miles north of New Chiang. There also has been a serious encounter near Hsin-Ming-Tin with bandit forces which are active at present.

Growing Impatience in Japan.

YOKOHAMA, Nov. 24.—No reply has been received from St. Petersburg on the subject of the Japanese overtures, and there are many indications that the delay in the negotiations is embarrassing Japanese foreign trade and raising impatience in Japanese popular circles as shown by public meetings at Tokio, Yokohama, and Osaka, protesting against the ministerial inactivity.

One popular Tokio newspaper has twice been officially suspended for publishing verses indirectly suggesting the assassination of the ministers. It is also feared that popular feeling may manifest itself Dec. 5, when the diet meets, unless some decided development in the negotiations occurs in the meantime. The ministers remain reticent, professing confidence in their ability to control the situation.

Warlike News Is Doubted.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—Dispatches from Tokio received at the Japanese legation here as late as today make no mention of Japanese warships being dispatched to prevent Russian war vessels reaching Port Arthur.

Nothing is known here of the reported occupation of Wiju by Japan. This is the port which United States Minister Miller has just gone to Chemulpo to endeavor to have opened to the world's trade. If the report is true officials say there can be but one conclusion—namely: that the move is a war measure on Japan's part and is made in full consideration of the fact that it is no longer possible to avoid a hostile clash with Russia.

Rush Order for Torpedo Mines.

Newport, R. I., Nov. 24.—Rush orders from the navy department at Washington have been received at the torpedo station for the completion of the naval defense mines for the battleships Kentucky, Wisconsin, and Oregon of the Asiatic squadron.

ENGLAND TO DISPLAY POWER.

Great Array of Modern War Vessels to Be Concentrated in West Indian Waters for Maneuvers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 24.—An unprecedentedly large concentration of modern British war vessels is about to be made in West Indian waters. Hitherto the British admiralty has refused to follow suggestions of such concentration when they have been made by naval officers for fear of exciting American opinion.

A cruiser squadron under Rear Admiral Sir Wilmot Fawkes leaves shortly for the West Indies, where it will join in maneuvers with the British North American squadron under Vice Admiral Sir Archibald Douglas. The cruiser squadron will be brought up to its full strength, being increased to six new armored cruisers of great power and twenty-three knot speed. It is believed the concentration will coincide with the American display of strength in the same waters, though the British concentration was arranged a month ago.

Recent occurrences in Panama and the approaching decision of the Venezuelan arbitration with the possible desirability of a demonstration of British power to quicken Venezuelan acquiescence will inevitably give it a political appearance.

GERMAN BUDGET ESTIMATES.

Customs and Excise Duties Figured at $202,920,745 and Naval Expenditures at $25,000,000.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The North German Gazette today says that the budget bill for 1904 estimates the customs and excise duties at $202,920,745, being an estimated increase of $357,525, compared with 1903.

The naval estimates for permanent expenditure call for $24,956,905, an increase of $2,639,502. This item includes $6,492,949 for maintenance, an increase of $505,044. The regular expenditure is estimated at $26,884,402, an increase of $470,125.

This includes the first installments for the construction of two battleships, one large cruiser, three small cruisers, and one torpedo boat. The extraordinary expenditure for the navy is estimated at $12,671,250, an increase of $877,500.

Details of the budget, portions of which are published, show extreme economy. Imperial Secretary of the Treasury von Stengel has resolutely kept the other ministers to the barest requirements, as determined upon by the recent conference between the imperial chancellor and the finance ministers of the Grman states.

BOOTH SUCCEEDING IN PARIS.

Salvation Army Leader Plans to Carry His Crusade Through All Europe.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Gen. Booth is meeting with much success here in his plan for extending the Salvation Army throughout Europe. He has addressed large gatherings, dwelling on the prevalent spirit of French liberalism against religion. The general intends going to Germany, Denmark, Sweden, Norway, and Italy. It is announced that the general has purchased 3,000 acres of land in Liberia for the purpose of establishing an industrial settlement and training native officers for the African propaganda of the Salvation Army.

PRINCESS SAID TO BE IN ITALY.

Many Statements Concerning Affairs of Alice of Schonberg-Waldenberg and Her Movements.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—There are numerous versions given of the affair of Princess Alice of Schonberg-Waldenberg, but they do not affect the main fact that the princess has eloped. Her husband has taken preliminary steps to obtain a divorce. One statement is that she is living in retirement at Sori in the Italian Riviera with her child and Baroness Nogtis. Her friends still deny she has eloped. The Princess Alice was closely intimate with Princess Louisa, formerly crown princess of Saxony, who eloped with Giron.

The Overland Limited.

The luxurious electric lighted daily train for San Francisco, Los Angeles, and Portland leaves 8 p. m. via Chicago and North-Western railway. Less than three days en route. The best of everything. Two fast trains daily to the Pacific coast. Ticket office, 212 Clark street (Tel. Cent. 7711) and Wells street station.

SEEKS TO KILL OFFICIAL.

SECRETARY OF BANK OF ENGLAND SHOT AT BY LUNATIC.

Kenneth Grahame Attacked by Man Named Robinson, Who Is Subdued by Fire Hose and Police—Attempted Assassination Made Without Warning—Assailant Said to Have Deranged Ideas Regarding Distribution of Wealth.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Nov. 24.—A lunatic from the east side of London attempted to kill Kenneth Grahame, secretary of the Bank of England, today, firing four shots at him, none of which took effect.

The lunatic, whose name is George Frederick Robinson, walked quietly into the bank and asked to see one of the directors, and being dissatisfied with the reply he received he walked down the corridor and entered the library, where Grahame was with one of his secretaries. Grahame walked forward and asked Robinson what his business was. Robinson in reply drew a heavy revolver and began to shoot at Grahame.

Grahame rushed out of the door, which he locked behind him. The entire force at work in the bank was now in an uproar. The police were sent for, and in the meanwhile some one suggested a hose be used on the intruder. A fire company was called and the nozzle of a hose inserted in the doorway. A well directed stream floored the man and two policemen rushed in to secure him. He struggled violently, and he was only subdued after he had been knocked on the head by a blow from his own revolver. Then the police handcuffed him and removed him on a stretcher to the police station.

It is stated that Robinson holds peculiar ideas in regard to the distribution of wealth.

Mr. Grahame is the editor of the English edition of Eugene Field's poems and is the author of "The Golden Age," "Dream Days," "The Headswoman," and other works.

The would-be assassin, the doctors here certified, is a lunatic.

MESSMER TO BE AN ARCHBISHOP

Prelate of Green Bay, Wis., Recommended for Promotion to Vacant Prelacy at Milwaukee.

ROME, Nov. 24.—The congregation of the propaganda has decided to propose to the pope the appointment of Bishop Messmer of Green Bay, Wis., as archbishop of Milwaukee, Wis., in succession to the late Archbishop Katzer. The recommendation practically is equivalent to the appointment, and it is expected that Bishop Messmer will be formally named within a week.

Hopes News Isn't True.

Green Bay, Wis., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—"I have not been notified by Rome of my appointment as archbishop of Milwaukee and still hope that the report in the press dispatches is not true," said Bishop Messmer tonight.

TURKEY GETS A LAST WARNING.

Russia and Austria Declare Intention to Send Troops Into Macedonia if Demands Are Not Granted.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—A dispatch to the Central News from Vienna says it is authoritatively announced there that if Turkey does not accept forthwith the Austro-Russian demands the two powers will proceed with their own forces to establish order in Macedonia. All the signatory powers of the treaty of Berlin, it is added, will first be asked to cooperate.

Turkish Ministers Perplexed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Monday, Nov. 23.—The council of ministers deliberated for ten hours on the Macedonian reform scheme yesterday and resumed its discussion today. It is said that there are pronounced divergencies of opinion among the ministers regarding the reply which should be given to the Austro-Russian note.

WILL CONTROL WINDOW GLASS.

Manufacturers Say Selling Company Is Agreed To by Nearly All Plants and Rest Will Sign.

Bradford, Pa., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—At a meeting of window glass manufacturers here today it was given out that the success of the plan to form a central selling agency which will control the window glass output of the United States is assured. Signatures to contracts have now reached a sufficient number of pots to guarantee that with the addition of about ninety pots in the "mountain district" the organization will be complete. The new company will be known as the Manufacturers' Window Glass company. Simon Burns and John Phillips Jr. of the Window Glass Workers' association were present, and, it is said, pledged themselves and their organizations that they would contribute every possible assistance to the successful formation of the company.

GRAFT CHARGES INCREASING.

Second Milwaukee Ex-Alderman Arrested on Bribery Charges—Work of Citizens' Committee.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Charles Cooke, formerly an alderman from the Fourth ward and a well known character, was arrested this evening on a charge of soliciting and accepting a bribe of $1,000 from John E. Fitzgerald of the Milwaukee Boiler company. It is said the consideration was the passage of a sidetrack ordinance. The arrest is the second within two days resulting from the efforts of the citizens' committee of ten. The case was worked up by the committee and the complaint was signed by Thomas G. Boggs, a member of the committee.

TYPHOID IN REFORMATORY.

Four Cases Reported in Elmira, N. Y., Institution—Sixty-two Cases of Diphtheria Also Found.

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The typhoid outbreak at the New York State reformatory may prove more serious than the diphtheria epidemic. Four cases of the disease developed today, and there are twelve suspects. No deaths have taken place since Sunday. City Health Officer Wey today reported sixty-two cases of diphtheria at the reformatory for the month, with four deaths from the disease. One new case of diphtheria was reported today.

INDIANS MAY ATTACK SCHOOL.

New Mexican Aborigines Ascribe Death of Two Boys at Jicarilla to Witchcraft.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—News of trouble at the Jicarilla Indian school in New Mexico reached here today from Supt. Johnson, who telegraphed that an Indian boy fell dead immediately after a bath yesterday, and that another boy had eaten a large quantity of prunes and that his death had resulted. The Indians believe in witchcraft and place the blame for the death of both boys on the teacher, and are threatening to attack the school for revenge.

WILL HONOR LYDON'S MEMORY.

Work on Government Contracts to Cease During Hours of Funeral This Morning.

Work on many government contracts for harbor improvements will be suspended for two hours today during the funeral of Harry C. Lydon, vice president of the Chicago and Great Lakes Dredge and Dock company, who died suddenly Monday evening. All the tugs and dredges of the company's fleet are to be draped in respect to Mr. Lydon's memory and during the period of mourning will fly their flags at half mast. The funeral will be held this morning at 9:30 o'clock at the Church of Corpus Christi.

MEET TO OPPOSE BRITISH TARIFF.

Duke of Devonshire Makes Address to the Free Food League in London.

NOTABLES SUPPORT HIM.

Former Member of Ministry Declares Chamberlain's Policy Will Make Living Dear.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The duke of Devonshire presided and was the principal speaker at a great demonstration in Queen's hall here tonight under the auspices of the Free Food league. It was the duke's first public speech since his resignation as lord president of the council, and the first really important meeting of the Free Fooders as an offset to the active propaganda of the Tariff Reform league.

Among those present were the duchess of Devonshire, Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Charles T. Ritchie, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Lord Goschen, Winston Spencer Churchill, Lord Hugh Cecil, Lord Robert Cecil, Lord Lytton, and a number of leading members of the house of commons.

The duke of Devonshire outlined the object of the constitution of the Free Food league, which he pointed out was formed a few months before the government's declaration of its fiscal policy, and, therefore, could not have been formed for any purpose of hostility to the government.

Opposed to All Protection.

Some members of the league were not, he said, altogether opposed to some form of protection, but all were prepared to resist the imposition of any protective taxation on food, or protective duties generally. He himself claimed the right to oppose anything in the nature of a return to protection.

The speaker said that while the fiscal policy was not yet a party question, there was nothing which the advocates of the scheme, which emanated from the brain of a single eminent statesman, would like better than a general election which would turn on this question alone. The duke urged that the policy of the government be more clearly defined. At present it was indefinite.

Balfour's Policy Evasive.

Referring to the speeches of Premier Balfour, the duke said they did not indicate the objective policy of the government. Had he been assured that a moderate use of the proposed power of retaliation would be made by the premier he still might be a member of the government.

He was opposed to the taxation of food, because he thought that such taxation was the keystone of the entire policy to which he took exception. Should the price of food be raised some compensation must be given to the workingmen.

In his budget calculation Mr. Chamberlain apparently had not considered the increased cost of living for the workingman. The duke of Devonshire said he was prepared to prove that Mr. Chamberlain's Glasgow bud get would entail a tremendous loss to the consumer, while the workingman's expenses would be increased 10 per cent. He believed that there could be no greater fallacy than that the prohibition or restriction of imports from abroad would increase the profitable employment of capital and labor at home. The country was prospering everywhere, yet Mr. Chamberlain asserted that only stagnation existed.

SAVES SISTER FROM THIEVES ONLY TO BE HELD UP HIMSELF.

Robert Hamilton Victim of South Chicago Robbers, Who Attacked Girl at House Door.

Katherine Hamilton, 9024 Erie avenue, South Chicago, was attacked by two men as she was entering he house last night. They attempted to take her purse from her. She screamed, and her brother, hurrying to her aid, drove the men away. He followed them and was robbed.

Robert Hamilton, the brother, who is 18 years old, was in the house when he heard his sister shouting for help. Hamilton chased the men for two blocks, when they ran around a corner. As Hamilton turned the corner he was confronted by the men, each of whom held a revolver. They took $5 from him.

Doubt Robbery Story.—In the house of Mrs. R. A. Barclay, 3653 Grand boulevard, is a young woman who yesterday told the police a remarkable story of an encounter with a burglar. Detectives who investigated reported that they believed the young woman's adventures were imaginary.

Neither Mrs. Barclay nor the young woman—her name is kept a secret—would discuss the case last evening.

This is the story told the police: The girl was alone in the house when a negro climbed through a rear window and seized her. He then bound her hand and foot, threw her on the floor, and began to search the house. The girl managed to gain her feet, lighted the gas, and held her wrists over the blaze until the cords were burned. Then she seized a butcher knife and started after the thief, but he had gone.

Protest Against Robberies.—Residents of the neighborhood of Thirty-first street and Wabash avenue are preparing a vigorous protest, to be presented to Mayor Harrison, demanding police protection. Eight stores and dwellings have been entered in a week, as follows:

H. J. Beckwith, drug store, 291 Thirty-first street; robbed Thursday night; $26 taken.

Mrs. M. Scheid, residence, 2923 Wabash avenue; burglar caught halfway in window, frightened away.

C. F. Smith, residence, 2925 Wabash avenue; burglar surprised in hall; escaped with overcoat.

J. H. Davis, store, 274 Thirty-first street; cash register broken and money taken.

J. R. Isaacson, cigar store, 294 Thirty-first street; $30 and $50 worth of cigars taken.

W. J. Smyth, florist, Thirty-first street and Michigan avenue; small articles taken.

A. W. Bergman, saloon, 3043 Wabash avenue; burglars frightened away.

John B. Robnett, blacksmith shop, 284 Thirty-first street; burglars discovered in shop; shot at, but escaped.

UNIQUE PLANS TO HELP ORPHAN BOYS AND GIRLS.

One Hundred Homeless Children at Atlanta, Ga., Will Be Displayed in Store Windows on Thanksgiving.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—One hundred homeless orphans will be placed in the show windows of Atlanta's largest stores on Thanksgiving day in order to induce the public to contribute to their support. The children will be placed in the various windows at 9 o'clock in the morning and remain until 4 in the afternoon. Contribution boxes will be convenient. The women in charge of the Home for the Friendless believe that these living pictures will cause those who pass on Thanksgiving day to open their purses.

FINED $1,000 FOR PEONAGE.

Three McRees of Valdosta Pay Heavily for Making Their Negro Laborers Slaves.

Savannah, Ga., Nov. 24.—In the United States court today Edward J. McRee, Frank McRee, and William McRee of Valdosta entered a plea of guilty to the charge of peonage. Judge Speer sentenced them each to pay a fine of $1,000. In sentencing the McRees Judge Speer said that in discussing the race question in the south "some talk wildly and extravagantly of the shotgun policy, but they do not represent the higher classes of the south."

SAN DOMINGO IS TAKEN.

PRESIDENT WOS Y GIL OF REPUBLIC A FUGITIVE ON WARSHIP.

Accompanied by His Cabinet, He Seeks Protection of German Vessel While Revolutionists Take Possession of the Capital—Peace Negotiations Conducted by Ministers Prove Fruitless—Rebel Victory Has Popular Approval.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SAN DOMINGO CITY, Nov. 24.—The government surrendered to the insurgents at 10 o'clock this morning. President Wos y Gil and his ministers took refuge on a German warship in the harbor before the victorious insurgents entered the city.

All the consulates except that of the United States are strongly guarded.

The peace negotiations were suspended yesterday owing to the impossibility of an understanding being arrived at between the government officials and the leaders of the rebellion.

Firing on the city was resumed, resulting in further damage to houses here, and the bombardment was continued.

A steamer, with ammunition on board, consigned to the government, arrived here and began discharging the cargo into lighters, whereupon the revolutionists opened fire on the lighters, and the fort returned the fire, in order to protect the lighters.

Powell Warns the Leaders.

During the negotiations for peace with the insurgents United States Minister Powell informed the revolutionary chiefs that periodical revolutions ought to cease, because they interrupted commercial relations with other countries and augmented the debt of San Domingo, which was without means to pay foreign creditors.

The minister said further that these periodical revolutions endangered the peace of his government and of the governments of other nations, and that the present revolution if continued would imperil the sovereignty of San Domingo.

Minister Reports Progress.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—The following cablegram was received at the state department today from Minister Powell, dated San Domingo yesterday:

"The proposition of the San Domingo government is not acceptable. The revolutionists refuse to consider any other terms than immediate surrender and resignation of the president. If the terms are not accepted an assault on the city will be made, but the armistice has been extended until 6 o'clock this evening."

MAKES CHARGE OF PLOT TO DEFRAUD HER OF ALIMONY.

Mrs. Mary M. Burgess Alleges Former Husband Transferred Property to Mother and Brothers Before Leaving.

Charges of conspiracy were filed yesterday by Mrs. Mary M. Burgess, who declares her husband's mother and brothers plotted to prevent her from obtaining the benefit of any decree which might be rendered in her favor in a separate maintenance suit which she has begun against Herbert E. Burgess.

Mrs. Burgess lives at 748 West Forty-seventh street and sets forth that her mother-in-law, Mrs. Sarah Burgess, kept her child and her husband outside the state after an order had been issued awarding her the custody of the child and $8 a week alimony. She asserts that Burgess left his position and his home on July 24, the day the decree was granted. Burgess also is alleged to have conveyed his interest in property valued at $7,500 to his brothers, John R., James J., and Arthur W. Burgess, without consideration. James J. Burgess also says he has a bill of sale of the household furniture used by the complainant and her husband, it is charged, and in company with Arthur W. Burgess, installed detectives in Mrs. Burgess' apartments.

The complainant asks that a judgment note of $687, given by Burgess to his mother, be set aside at the same time with the transfers in real estate and the bill of sale. She also asks that she be vested with a homestead in the premises at 743 West Forty-seventh street.

C. T. YERKES CHARGES LIBEL IN RECENT LAKE "L" SUIT.

Retains Attorney to Bring Suit Against James Bolton Asking $100,000 Damages for Allegations Made in Bill

Charles T. Yerkes, who had been in Chicago for five days, left yesterday afternoon, but before going he ordered his attorney, A. S. Trude, to bring suit for $100,000 damages for alleged libel against James Bolton. The suit arises out of the bill for a receiver for the Lake Street L, filed in court Oct. 24.

The petition made several charges against Mr. Yerkes personally, and to this matter, which, Mr. Yerkes asserts, was entirely outside the proper scope of such a bill, the suit is due. The bill declared that Charles T. Yerkes had diverted the funds of the Lake Street Elevated road. A receiver was appointed as a result of the proceeding, but within a few days the bill was withdrawn and the receiver was discharged on motion of petitioners.

Mr. Yerkes' visit to Chicago has been shrouded in mystery and the objects of it or what he did while here are unknown. While he has been seen in company with leading railway men, the fact that he was in town has been persistently denied at his house. Men who shook hands with him denied twenty minutes later that Mr. Yerkes was in Chicago.

Mr. Trude says Mr. Yerkes intends to bring a similar action against D. F. Crilly, who was a joint plaintiff with Mr. Bolton in the receivership suit.

TOO MUCH STUDY WRECKS MIND OF COLLEGE WORKER.

Edward M. Spencer of Northwestern University Adjudged Insane at His Own Request and Sent to Asylum.

Too much study is said to be responsible for the mental condition of Edward M. Spencer, a Northwestern university student, adjudged insane yesterday at his own request. He was sent to the Illinois Western Hospital for the Insane at Watertown.

THE NEW YORK SERVICE FROM CHICAGO.

Pennsylvania Short Line.

On and after Sunday, Nov. 29, leaving Chicago Union Passenger Station will be:

10:05 a. m.—"The Keystone Express," Pan-Handle route. Differential fare train. Dining cars. Through equipment to Philadelphia and New York, connecting for Baltimore and Washington at Harrisburg. Reaches New York at 3 o' clock p. m.

1 p. m.—"The Manhattan Limited," Fort Wayne route. Extra fare train. Dining cars. Solid train Chicago to New York, via North Philadelphia. Parlor car conection at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington. Due Washington 1:15 p. m., New York 3 p. m.

3 p. m.—"The Atlantic Express," Fort Wayne route. No extra fare. Dining cars. Sleeping cars from Chicago to Washington and New York. Due Washington 7:15 p. m., New York 8:15 p. m.

6 p. m.—"The Pennsylvania Limited," Fort Wayne route. Extra fare train. A solid train of dining, sleeping, library, smoking, and observation cars from Chicago to New York, via Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. Connects at Harrisburg with parlor car train for Baltimore and Washington. Due Washington 5:10 p. m., New York 6 p. m.

9 p. m.—"The Eastern Express," Pan-Handle route. No extra fare. Connects through via Columbus and Pittsburg to various eastern points.

11:45 p. m.—"The New York Express," Fort Wayne route. No extra fare. Connects through via Fort Wayne and Pittsburg to various eastern points.

The Pennsylvania Short Line from Chicago to New York. H. R. Dering, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Chicago.

CONVERT 10,000 TO TEMPERANCE.

Paulist Fathers Reform Two Lower Wards, Beginning on Politicians.

TO GIVE BABY $1,000,000.

Infant Son of Alfred G. Vanderbilt to Receive Big Thanksgiving Present.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York, Nov. 24.

Ten thousand persons living in the Fourth and Seventh wards have signed the pledge not to drink intoxicating liquors for a specified time as a result of the Roman Catholic mission down there. It is considered by experts the most remarkable thing that ever happened in the lower part of Manhattan. Politicians of all parties, merchants, clerks, lawyers, doctors, and undertakers are among the pledge takers. Some have agreed to keep from drinking for six months, others have promised for a year.

Ten Thousand Persons Induced to Sign Pledge.

The missionaries who have brought about this result are the Paulist fathers, who have been preaching in St. James' church in James street the last month. The mission will end on Sunday. The Rev. P. Doyle, who has had charge of the mission, is of the opinion that it has been the greatest work his order has accomplished in this city. Almost every man, woman, and child of the Roman Catholic faith in the district has been brought in line by the missionaries.

Before beginning their labors the priests laid out a plan of campaign. Father Doyle was taken downtown just before the election and introduced to "Big Tom" Foley, the Tammany leader, to whom he explained the great need of reforming the folks in the lower wards. Foley finally promised the priest to use what influence he had to make the mission a success. He brought into line Alderman-elect Michael Stapleton, Senator Dan Riordan, Assemblyman-elect Alfred Smith, and other politicians. They all agreed to assist the mission. Priests who are experts in such work were chosen to manage it and a week was set apart to reform married men, another for married women, and a third for unmarried women. This week the young men are being reformed.

As an example to the other people the politicians were brought to the mission first. Some of them admitted that not in twenty years had they been in a church of any sort except to attend funerals. They were all pledged to bring a certain number of recruits around every night, and the meetings grew enormously and converts were made fast.

A daughter was born today to Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt Jr. Mrs. Vanderbilt was Miss Virginia Fair.

William H. Vanderbilt, 2 years old, will have cause to remember the Thanksgiving season of 1903 when he grows up, if reports be true. The second anniversary of the baby's birth will be celebrated by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, tomorrow. It is said Mr. Vanderbilt will commemorate the event by placing $1,000,000 to the credit of his first born.

Vanderbilt Baby to Get $1,000,000 on Thanksgiving.

Announcement was made today that the syndicate which underwrote $50,000,000 bonds for the International Mercantile Marine company has been extended from Jan. 1, 1904, to March 1, 1905.

Mrs. Mary Englehardt, 28 years old, the wife of an undertaker's assistant in Williamsburg, was to have appeared today in the police court on a summons obtained by Mrs. Bertha Seltzer to explain why she "wants to swap husbands." The four last words were embodied in the summons which lay in front of Magistrate O'Reilly. When he recovered from his surprise he called the names of both women, but only Mrs. Seltzer responded. She is a good looking brunette of 21, and had her 4 year old child with her. When Magistrate O'Reilly asked her to explain the summons she said:

Demand to "Swap Husbands" Causes Suit in Court.

"I lived happily with my husband until a few months ago, when we became acquainted with Mrs. Englehardt. She seemed to take a fancy to my husband, but I thought nothing of it until about a month ago, when she made a proposition to me to exchange husbands.

"She told me she liked my husband, that he liked her, and her husband liked me. When I recovered from the shock I scorned her proposition and turned from her. On election day she repeated the proposition and told me she knew if we 'swapped' husbands it would benefit me as well as her. I scorned her again, but she kept at me ever since and has made my life most unbearable with her propositions to exchange husbands.

"The last I saw of her she coolly informed me that unless I agreed to trade husbands she would steal mine and then I wouldn't have any."

The magistrate directed the court policeman to have Mrs. Englehardt in court tomorrow.

Charging that Mrs. Everett Mallory Culver has alienated the affections that Solon J. Vlasto, her husband, should have for her, Mrs. Elizabeth R. Vlasto today began suit in the Supreme court for $500,000.

Sues Daughter of Senator W. A. Clark for $500,000.

Mrs. Culver, a daughter of Senator William A. Clark of Montana, is already in the public eye because of her divorce suit instituted against her husband.

Mr. Vlasto is a well known Greek and proprietor of the Greek newspaper, Atlantis. Mrs. Vlasto says her husband's friendship for the Culver family brought about her separation from him in 1901.

The journeymen stonecutters' union, the mainstay of local No. 2 of the ironworkers in the present final struggle for existence, gave the local a blow today by calling off its strikes against the members of the new union of housesmiths. This is the worst setback the Parks union has yet received, as the stonecutters practically were the only strong body of mechanics in the old board of building trades. Their decision is tantamount to an admission that the fight is useless.

Another Blow for Parks' Old Union.

Margaret Jane Familton swooned again today when the jury at Long Island City found her guilty of bigamy. When she had been restored to consciousness Judge Moore said to her: "You have been a foolish girl, but I don't think you are a bad woman. I will suspend the sentence. Now go back to your father and your home and be a good girl."

Judge Suspends Sentence of Girl Bigamist.

Immediate steps will be taken now seeking the annulment of her marriages.

MRS. SHEA GETS HER PENSION.

Widow of the West Side Police Inspector Paid $225, First Allowance for Three Months.

Mrs. Margaret Shea, widow of Inspector John D. Shea, yesterday called on Treasurer Boyle of the police pension board and collected the first installment of the pension to which she is entitled. Under the present law the maximum rate is $75, paid to retired officers of the rank of captain or higher or their widows, and this sum is allowed to Mrs. Shea. No pensions having been paid for three months, she received the full amount for that periode

CREW OF SIXTEEN NEAR DEATH.

Lake Steamer Portage Saved from Sinking in Lake Erie by Arrival of Tugs.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 24.—One of the narrowest escapes ever recorded for a lake steamer was that the Union Transit liner Portage, which reached this port this afternoon. So badly was the steamer beaten by the storm that the arches were broken, allowing the stern to drop two feet. The steamer is practically broken in two. Only the prompt dispatch of rescuing tugs saved the vessel and crew from sinking in Lake Erie.

Mr. Spearman's Greatest Success

THE DAUGHTER OF A MAGNATE

By FRANK H. SPEARMAN

"AN American story through and through. It has the American atmosphere, the American vitality, the American push. It deals with that great American institution, the railway, not only with technical expertness, but in the form of a warm and pulsating human romance. The hero and heroine are typical American characters, and their love story has peculiar force and beauty."—*Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.*

Beautifully Illustrated, 12mo, $1.50

SOME NEW SCRIBNER FICTION

EDITH WHARTON — **Sanctuary.** A novel of distinguished quality. Will rank high among her works. Illustrated, $1.50.

ALICE DUER MILLER — **Calderon's Prisoner.** A romance of South America and Newport, a typical modern story. $1.50.

FREDERICK PALMER — **The Vagabond.** A genuine fiction success. Now in its 4th edition. Illustrated, $1.50.

W. W. JACOBS — **Odd Craft.** Another volume of inimitable tales. Humorously illustrated, $1.50.

W. A. FRASER — **The Blood Lilies.** A novel of the Northwest—Illustrated. $1.50.

CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY — **A Doctor of Philosophy.** In which Mr. Brady enters a wholly new field. $1.25.

A. T. QUILLER-COUCH — **Two Sides of the Face.** Characteristic tales by a distinguished story teller. $1.50.

FRANCIS POWELL — **The House on the Hudson.** Now in its 7th edition. Has come to stay. $1.50.

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, New York

A new volume in Appletons' Historic Lives Series.

CHAMPLAIN

The Founder of New France

By EDWIN ASA DIX

The story of Champlain's life, which forms one of the most inspiring chapters in the annals of early French exploration on this continent, is well told and well worth telling in this series of popular biographies.

Illustrated, 12mo. Cloth, $1.00 net. Postage, 10 cts. additional

SHIPMATES IN SUNSHINE

A Novel. By F. FRANKFORT MOORE

Author of "A Nest of Linnets," "A Damsel or Two," "Castle Omeragh," etc.

12mo, Cloth, $1.50.

POPULAR EDITIONS OF RARE AND FAMOUS BOOKS

THE TOWER OF LONDON. By W. Harrison Ainsworth. With 40 plates and 58 wood cuts by George Cruikshank. $1.50.

THE LIFE OF A SPORTSMAN. By Nimrod. With 35 colored plates by Henry Alken. $1.50.

THE ENGLISH DANCE OF DEATH. By William Combe. With 26 colored plates by T. Rowlandson. 2 vols. Each $1.50.

D. APPLETON AND COMPANY, Publishers, N. Y.

Modern and rare old Navaho Blankets of exquisite colors and designs for libraries and dens. Antique Mexican Serapes of soft shades for draperies. Indian Baskets for plants and waste paper baskets; Beadwork and Navaho Wrought Silver. Mexican Drawn Linen. Small Indian Blankets for Bathrooms; Pueblo Pottery of beautiful shapes and designs.

225 Michigan Avenue, Chicago.

Branch of Fred Harvey, Albuquerque, N. M.

Also Entrance opposite Pompeian Room, Auditorium Annex.

SCHOOL HAS FOR ADOPTION A COUPLE OF DOZEN BOYS.

John Worthy Institution Seeks Homes for White and Colored Youths, to Be Disposed Of by the Juvenile Court.

Twelve white and twelve colored boys at the John Worthy school were the subject of a conference yesterday between school officials and Judge Tuthill of the Juvenile court. It was decided that the best way of providing for the boys was to secure homes for them, and the Juvenile court will receive applications from persons who would adopt the youths.

MUST EAT HIS TURKEY IN JAIL.

Henry Arthur Wilbur, Unable to Pay Alimony, Could Not Buy Thanksgiving Dinner, Says Judge.

Henry Arthur Wilbur, a commission merchant at 119 South Water street, must eat his Thanksgiving dinner in the jail, according to a ruling made by Judge Dunne yesterday. Wilbur was sent to jail by Judge Brentane for contempt in failing to pay his former wife $1,017 alimony. Wilbur began habeas corpus proceedings, alleging that he is unable to pay.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

DECLARES 'PHONE "TOLLS" ILLEGAL.

City Law Department Says Charges in City Cannot Be Collected.

PROHIBITED BY LAW.

Subscribers May Sue and Recover All Such Sums Paid to the Company.

"Every telephone subscriber in Chicago paying maximum rates is entitled to telephone anywhere within the city limits without paying toll rates, just as he is entitled to all facilities, equipments, and improvements.

"Toll charges mentioned in the Chicago Telephone company's contracts are invalid.

"No telephone subscriber regardless of the class of service contracted for, is liable for the payment of toll charges for Chicago or local telephone service.

"Subscribers who have paid tolls may recover the amount so paid by suit."

Assistant Corporation Counsel Hoyne yesterday gave the foregoing as the cardinal points of an opinion, the principles of which have been approved by Corporation Counsel Tolman, though the formal draft of the opinion has not yet been made.

New Ordinance Not Necessary.

The lawyer advised the judiciary committee of the council not to recommend for passage an ordinance providing that no person or corporation owning or operating a telephone service shall charge tolls for service within the city under penalty of $3 to $10 for each offense. The reason given was that the company might maintain that its contract rights had been impaired, and that therefore the city's right to exact the 3 per cent compensation now paid might be lost.

Mr. Hoyne declared that the remedy in the hands of the private citizens is ample, and that while they can sue for back toll payments or to prevent future charges, the city should not take action as a municipality.

Chairman Werno, at Mr. Hoyne's suggestion, and with the approval of the committee, announced that the ordinance should remain in the hands of the subcommittee until next Thursday, before which time the full text of the opinion will be laid before the committee.

A summary of the opinion, as made up for the committee by Maj. Tolman includes the following points:

The opinion refers to the telephone ordinance of January, 1889, and holds that this ordinance, which is to be taken as the charter of the company so far as its rights in the streets of Chicago are concerned, gives the company no authority for exacting these toll charges. The conclusions reached in the opinion are as follows:

Every subscriber of the telephone company whose telephone is located within the present corporate limits of the city of Chicago and who is paying the maximum price is entitled to telephonic connection with the wire of any other patron of the company whose telephone is situated within the city limits without the additional payment of any so-called "toll charge," the right of the company to impose rents or rates for telephone service being limited by the ordinance.

The ordinance referred to contemplates a gap telephone line or system within the city and the telephone company, therefore, has no power to construct or operate a number of independent systems; and these so-called "toll charges" are invalid. The result is that no subscriber of the company is liable for the payment of "toll charges" for Chicago or local telephone service. Any one of the various rates fixed by the company for different grades of service when paid by the patron authorizes him to demand free of "toll" communication with any other subscriber within the city limits, as they exist at the time of making his demand.

No legislation is necessary to prevent the company charging "tolls," but the city can prevent the continued imposition by filing a bill for injunction.

Other Work of the Committee.

The judiciary committee recommended for passage the amendment to the ordinance permitting whistling or ringing of railway bells. The amendment excepts from this permission all persons in charge of engines moving on tracks which have been elevated or on trucks inclosed by fences within the city limits.

A report by Ald. Butterworth against the projected ordinance forbidding railway passenger trains to stop at stations in such a way as to block public streets, where the streets are used by street railways, met with opposition. The committee instructed the subcommittee to consult the persons on whose complaint the mayor had suggested the drawing of an ordinance, and to report back an amended ordinance.

WILL CONSIDER SELLING LIGHT.

Mayor to Investigate Plan to Have Chicago Supply Gas and Electricity to the Citizens.

"As soon as possible I shall consider the plan of supplying private consumers with gas and electricity from the city plants," said Mayor Harrison yesterday, in discussing Corporation Counsel Tolman's opinion that the sale would be legal.

"I asked Maj. Tolman for an opinion on the question of the city's authority to sell crushed stone to contractors for use in street paving," said the mayor, "and he held that the city has the power. I insisted that the city also would seem to have the power to sell electric light and gas and he said he did not doubt it. Then some alderman anticipated me by getting through an order for an opinion on the city's power to sell gas and electricity, and the opinion of Monday night was the result."

City Electrician Edward B. Ellicott declares the individual user of electricity will be the greatest gainer if the city establishes its right to sell the current. He estimates that the ordinary buyer would get a reduction of 25 per cent in his electric light bill. Mr. Ellicott calls attention to the fact that the city's own arc lamps cost it $54 a year, while those which it rents cost $103 a year. Mr. Ellicott early next week will begin his work as chief engineer for the Louisiana Purchase exposition. He will come to Chicago twice a month to attend to matters in his department here.

Controller McGann declares that every city employé will be paid his salary before the evening in accordance with the council order of Monday night. The total amount is $650,000, of which $200,000 will be paid to the police and $115,000 to the firemen. The city has secured $700,000 from the county.

LAY RUXTON PLAN TO LORIMER.

City Hall People Suspect Congressman Backs Traction Proposition Made to Council on Monday.

That Congressman William Lorimer may be back of the street railway proposition laid before the council Monday night by Ald. Ruxton is a guess hazarded yesterday at the city hall. The proposition was made by the law firm of Pettit, Parker & Kopf, "on behalf of clients." The proposition is to give one company the streets of the whole city, a railway system to be constructed on a bond issue, which shall be retired in the term of the franchise, and the city then to receive the property, less 20 per cent given to the promoters for their labors.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

A vigorous growth and the original color given to the hair by Parker's Hair Balsam.

Hunyadi Corns, the best cure for corns. 15 cts.

COLLARS. E. & W. CUFFS.
The Linen of a Gentleman.

PLOT TO BLOW UP 5 MINES

GEN. BELL OF COLORADO MAKES CHARGE AGAINST STRIKERS.

Tells Gov. Peabody That Miners at Cripple Creek Were in Conspiracy and That One Arrested Had Confessed — Vigilance Committee of Forty Organized as Result of Attempted Train Wreck and Vindicator Shaft Explosion.

Denver, Colo., Nov. 24.—Adjt. Gen. Sherman M. Bell, who returned from Cripple Creek today, reported to Gov. Peabody that a plot had been formed to blow up five mines. One of the prisoners, he said, had made a full confession and he believed that the conspirators would be convicted. He added that he had reason to fear that the Gold Coin mine would be blown up tonight.

In consequence of the recent attempt to wreck a train, the Vindicator mine explosion, and threats against nonunion miners, a vigilance committee, to be known as the committee of forty, is being organized in Cripple Creek for the purpose of dealing swiftly and severely with violators of law and order. The coroner began an inquest in the case of the two men killed in the Vindicator mine, but nothing of a definite character has developed.

Calls Out Utah Militia.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 24.—Adjt. Gen. Burton today issued orders to have the entire force of the Utah national guard, with the exception of one or two companies from the south, rendezvous at Salt Lake City at once. They will be sent to the strike affected coal fields of Carbon county. Reports from the coal fields indicate a growing feeling of restlessness among the striking miners. General Manager Williams of the Utah Fuel company received a dispatch saying that the strikers were marching between Scofield and Colton, carrying red flags, while at Castle Gate the Italian miners paraded a United States flag upside down.

Strike Ends in Shooting.

Moline, Ill., Nov. 24.—Trouble which had been brewing since the molders went on strike last May culminated tonight in the shooting of George Claussen, a union molder. Two special police, John and George Leasure, were escorting three nonunion molders to their boarding house and were followed by a crowd of union molders. Several shots were fired, and Claussen fell, shot through the groin. One of the Leasures is held pending a hearing, but denies the shooting. Claussen is in a hospital and his recovery is doubtful.

MINE EXPLOSION FATAL TO 13.

Accident in Arkansas Shaft Caused by Discharge of Gas—Rescue of Others Difficult.

Fort Smith, Ark., Nov. 24.—Thirteen miners were killed and great damage was done by an accidental explosion of gas this afternoon in coal mine No. 20, at Bonanza, Ark., twelve miles from this city. At nightfall only six of the victims had been recovered.

There were about 175 men in the various shafts at the time of the explosion. All escaped without injury except the thirteen who were employed in entry "K," the scene of the explosion. The passages were so completely obstructed that the work of rescuing the entombed men was tedious in the extreme and several hours were consumed before the first body was found.

It is thought that the gas was accidentally ignited by a miner's lamp.

GIVES A BANK ACCOUNT TO EACH OF HIS EMPLOYES.

Henry Lomb of Rochester, N. Y., Celebrates His 75th Birthday by Surprise to Workers.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Henry Lomb, head of the firm of Bausch & Lomb, manufacturers of optical goods, today reached his seventy-fifth year and took the occasion to put into effect a plan he has long had in mind.

The 1,200 employés of the firm were notified by circular that Mr. Lomb had decided to celebrate his birthday by presenting each of them with a bank account and also with the opportunity to take out life insurance in the amount of $500 at greatly reduced rates if they desired, the first premium to be deducted from the amount given them.

The amount each employé is to receive will be determined by his or her weekly wages. Employés of a year or under will receive half a week's wages; two year employés, one week's wages; and employés of greater length of service one week's wages with a percentage added for every additional year, running as high as 50 per cent. There are hundreds of employés who have been with the firm twenty years, a large number thirty years, and a few for thirty-nine years. These will receive a considerable sum. The total amount to be distributed will be many thousands of dollars.

In his address to the employés Mr. Lomb states that the value of his gifts does not lie in the amounts each will receive but in the fact that every one in his employ will have a bank account started and an incentive to go ahead and save a part of his earnings. Accompanying the address is a table of figures showing the importance of saving and how rapidly small deposits increase.

JAMES LANE ALLEN STRIKES OIL

Novelist, by Chance Investment in Texas Land, It Is Said, Has Become a Millionaire.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—James Lane Allen, the novelist, suddenly has become a millionaire through the chance investment of a few hundred dollars in the Texas oil fields. Some time ago he acquired a tract of 650 acres of land, situated in southwest Texas. The land was worth less than $5 per acre and was practically of no use except for pasturage. A few weeks ago a gusher oil well was found at Batson Prairie, within a mile of Allen's land. The new oil field has been the scene of the wildest excitement since then, and a town of 1,000 people has sprung up at Batson Prairie. It is said Mr. Allen could sell his entire tract at $3,000 per acre, but that he is holding it for $5,000 per acre.

CASSATT'S SON SUED BY WIFE.

Son of Pennsylvania Railroad President and United States Attache at London Faces Divorce Proceedings.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—After a month's suppression of the facts the court today permitted the announcement that Edward R. Cassatt, United States military attaché at London, and the eldest son of Alexander J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, has been sued for absolute divorce by his wife, Mrs. Emily T. Cassatt. It is said the divorce will be unopposed.

ACTRESS HURT IN DUEL SCENE.

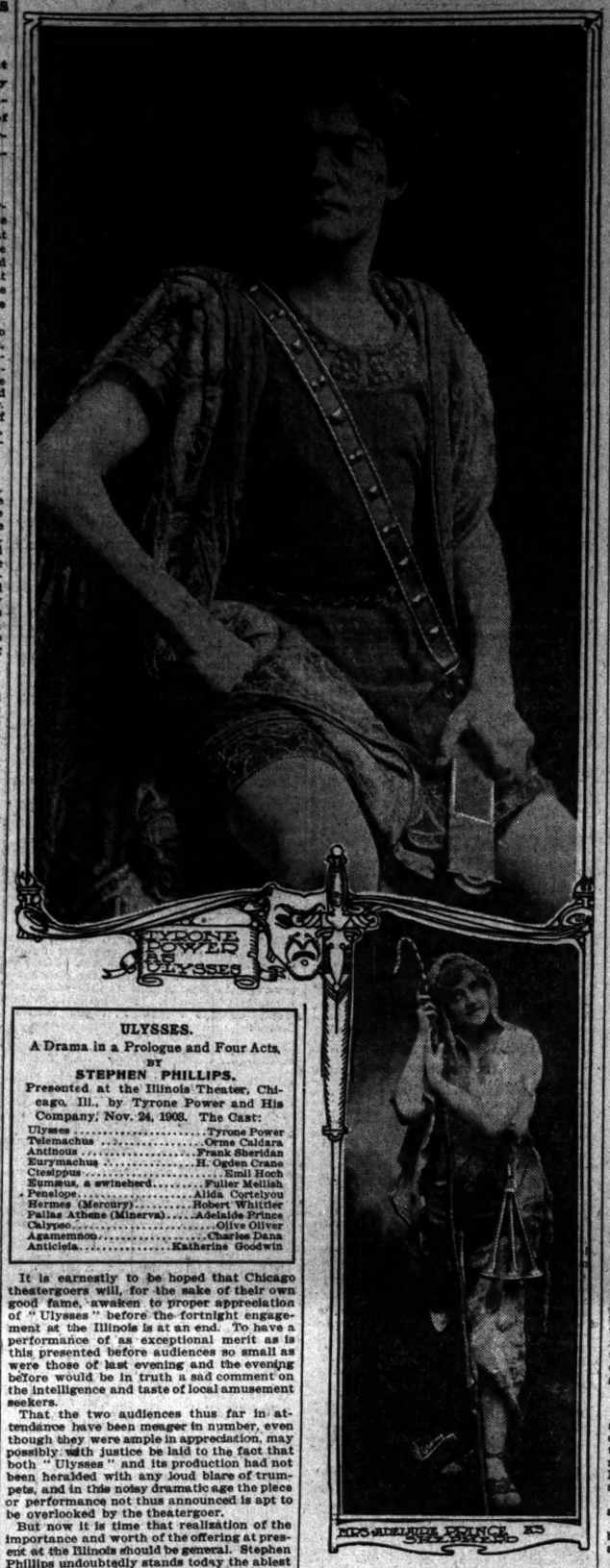
Miss Mary Emerson Wounded Over the Eye During Play in Oswego, N. Y., Theater.

Oswego, N. Y., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—During the presentation of "His Majesty and the Maid" at the Richardson theater here tonight Mary Emerson, who appears in a duel with Richard Gordon, received a stab wound over the right eye. The accident caused a panic in the audience, and the curtain was rung down. Miss Emerson's wound is serious, but not fatal.

An Imperial Chinese Verdict.

Hon. Wong Kai Kah, Imperial Chinese commissioner at the St. Louis Exposition, writes: "Orangeine Powders keep me always in condition to perform mental and physical effort; effective; easy to take; produce no other than the effect desired."

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.



ULYSSES.
A Drama in a Prologue and Four Acts,
BY
STEPHEN PHILLIPS.
Presented at the Illinois Theater, Chicago, Ill., by Tyrone Power and His Company, Nov. 24, 1903. The Cast:

Ulysses	Tyrone Power
Telemachus	Orme Caldara
Antinous	Frank Sheridan
Eurymachus	H. Ogden Crane
Clesippus	Emil Hoch
Eumæus, a swineherd	Fuller Mellish
Penelope	Alida Cortelyou
Hermes (Mercury)	Robert Whittier
Pallas Athene (Minerva)	Adelaide Prince
Calypso	Olive Oliver
Agamemnon	Charles Dana
Anticleia	Katherine Goodwin

It is earnestly to be hoped that Chicago theatergoers will, for the sake of their own good fame, awaken to proper appreciation of "Ulysses" before the fortnight engagement at the Illinois is at an end. To have a performance of as exceptional merit as is this presented before audiences so small as were those of last evening and the evening before would be in truth a sad comment on the intelligence and taste of local amusement seekers.

That the two audiences thus far in attendance have been meager in number, even though they were ample in appreciation, may possibly with justice be laid to the fact that both "Ulysses" and its production had not been heralded with any loud blare of trumpets, and in the noisy dramatic age the piece or performance not thus announced is apt to be overlooked by the theatergoer.

But now it is time that realization of the importance and worth of the offering at present at the Illinois should be general. Stephen Phillips undoubtedly stands today the ablest and most brilliant dramatic poet of the present English world of letters. His "Ulysses" is a creation of high literary worth, its language the language of beauty, simplicity, and strength, its ideas at all times refined and dignified and frequently touched by a fantasy which lends them rare poetic charm, or fired by an inspiration which gives them splendid power and impressiveness. Its sentiments are lofty and true, its imagery often exquisite, and always delightful, because of its seeming spontaneity, and, what is unusual in a play of its kind, there runs through the entire drama a sweet, sympathetic humanness which makes instant and direct appeal to the emotions of the reader or hearer.

"Ulysses" deals with the old tale of the hero's wanderings and his return to Penelope. There are gods and goddesses, nymphs, shades, and spirits—all of which are far removed from us of this present practical and material age, but the poet has understood so to choose the strongly human incidents in the story of Ulysses' trials, and so to present them that the emotions which are common to all peoples and to every thinking human being—love of home, of country, and of kindred—appeal to us of today, and win from us the tribute of quickened pulse and tear dimmed eye.

There were some persons in the audience last evening who are poorly equipped by both character and gray matter for the understanding and appreciating of "Ulysses"—persons who find all earnestness a bore and all emotion a thing for scoffing, but even these shallow listeners were hushed into silence by the splendid power of the manner in which Ulysses' journey through Hades was presented to them last night and who grew strangely serious and respectful while watching the meeting of the returned wanderer with his son. The bigness of the poet and the excellence of the performance could not have been more clearly proven than by this tribute of silence paid them by unsympathetic and uncongenial listeners.

Let it not be understood from the foregoing that the amusement seeker must need go to the Illinois with long drawn face and awed mien. He will have the pleasure—uncommon nowadays—of hearing from the lips of the players language of ringing power and rare beauty, he will listen to the ideas of a writer who had something to express and expresses it in masterly manner, and he will watch scenes of unusual beauty and impressiveness, but he will not be bored by any sermonising or any high flown verbiage such as will tend to tax his attention and his patience. He may be made to think a bit before the evening is ended, but even this is not absolutely indispensable. All that is desirable for a proper hearing of the drama is a fair amount of respectful attention, a wee suggestion of imagination, and the ability not to giggle every time a person not dressed in present day garb appears.

The auditor who can take this much of receptive faculty to the performance will have the pleasure of watching a play—a play in the fullest, best sense of the word. There is abundant action, well sustained interest, and a wealth of scenic and sartorial beauty to delight the eye. Anything more impressive and thoroughly artistic from a spectacular viewpoint than the third act of "Ulysses"—the journey through Hades—has not been seen on the Chicago stage in a long time. This one act alone is worth spending an evening to see. The isle of Calypso is also of uncommon beauty, and the view of the coast of Ithaca in the last act is masterly. As a spectacle alone "Ulysses" should be seen by all who interest themselves in the theater and stagecraft.

But not only this scenery and these costumes from the Beerbohm Tree production at His Majesty's theater, London, merit approval at the hands of the patron. The acting itself is, with one or two exceptions, of rare excellence. Mr. Power in the rôle of Ulysses realizes all the high expectations as to his future achievements formed when he was seen here last year in his admirable portrayal of Judas in "Mary of Magdala." He makes the Grecian hero at all times a commanding figure, being physically well fitted for the part. His reading of the lines is marked by fine sonority and with unfailing appreciation of the poetic structure, but yet is characterized by a naturalness in stress and inflection and an intelligence and an understanding which leave never an instant of doubt in the hearer's mind as to the exact meaning of the lines spoken.

In action the player is equally admirable, being forceful when the situation requires, yet carefully avoiding all extravagance and overelaboration. He plays the part simply, directly, honestly, and by this means gains a suggestion of splendid reserve power and of true mental and physical bigness. He carries the trying act in Hades with remarkable skill, carefully grading his climaxes and thus making the great final one of genuine impressiveness.

The beautiful scene in the first half of the last act is of surpassing emotional appeal as played by Mr. Power. The healthy, wholesome humor of the interview between the disguised Athene and Ulysses and of the conversation with Eumæus is delightfully revealed by the three players, and the meeting of Telemachus and Ulysses is a scene long to be cherished in memory as one of the sincerest and finest witnessed in many a day. Mr. Caldara as Telemachus, Mr. Sheridan as Antinous, and Mr. Dana as Agamemnon were entirely satisfactory, and Mr. Mellish merits a special word of commendation for an Eumæus of exceptional mellowness and sympathy. Miss Prince as Athene had grace and beauty to commend her, and as her voice is one of richness and her intelligence clearly equal to the task undertaken, her reading of the lines of the part were a source of genuine pleasure. Miss Oliver was inclined to overact as Calypso, but despite this tendency succeeded in suggesting the enchantress-like nature of the goddess. Miss Cortelyou was a handsome Penelope, and barring a fondness for extracting every possible atom of explosive power out of all the consonant she encountered, was satisfactory. She at times forgot herself and read the lines naturally and fluently, and at such times hearing her was a pleasure. Miss Goodwin was especially acceptable in the small part of Anticleia, the mother of Ulysses.

Mme. Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler gave last evening in Music hall her annual piano recital in Chicago. The audience filled the balcony of the hall to the last place, and the lower floor contained not many unoccupied seats. The applause was as abundant as it ever is when the gifted artist appears in public, and recalls and demands for encores were numerous. The program Mme. Zeisler had arranged was not one calculated to put any severe test on her abilities, either technical or interpretative. The heaviest number in the list was the Chopin Sonata, op. 58, the opening movement of which the writer was able to hear, and which was read with the deliberateness of manner seemingly now the pianist's own, and with all the fine attention to technical and musical detail which ever characterizes her work. W. L. HUBBARD.

BRENNAN DENIES BRIBING VOTERS.

Says He Went to the Polling Place to Avoid the "Bums" in His Saloon.

ENOUGH LEGAL VOTERS.

Alderman Declares Fraud Was Not Necessary to Carry the Eighteenth.

"The bums were driving me so hard for drinks and a bed that I had to leave my saloon. Then I went over to the polling place and staid there."

That is how Ald. John Brennan happened to be about the polling place of the Twenty-seventh precinct of the Eighteenth ward on the day of the judicial election last June, according to his explanation to a jury in Judge Gary's court yesterday.

While at the polling place the alderman, according to his own statements, did nothing but stand around and nurse his interest in the fortunes of certain of the candidates for judgeships. The declaration of the state's witness, Edward J. Barrett, that Brennan had marked his ballot and paid him for voting it, the alderman denied in the course of his examination. That his presence at the polling place was in any way connected with the presence there of Herbert E. Kent and Charles A. McCarle, his codefendants, he also denied.

Saloons Open on Election Day.

Before going to the polling place that day, Ald. Brennan said he had made a visit to the city hall to get his mail, and found it so lonesome there that he went back to his saloon. There he was so beset with appeals from the voters of the ward that he left the place in charge of his bartenders.

"Wasn't it against the law to keep your saloon open on election day?" asked Assistant State's Attorney Barnes.

"Yes, I suppose it was; but every other saloon in the street was open, so I kept mine open," was the answer.

"Did you have any special interest in that election?" asked the prosecutor.

"No. I wanted to see Judge Haney and Judge Brentano elected, and of course I was interested in the democratic candidates," was the answer.

Then, in answer to categorical questions, based on the accusations of Barrett, Ald. Brennan said that he took no part in the proceedings at the polling place, which was next door to his saloon, was not in any of the booths, and heard no one instructed about voting except one blind man. He had no knowledge of any plan to vote men illegally and did not believe there was such a plan.

Can Carry Ward Without Fraud.

"We have enough legal voters over there to carry the ward, and don't have to use fraud," he declared.

"Did you have any money with you?" asked Mr. Barnes.

"I suppose I had some 'chicken feed' in my pocket. It's the safest place to carry money," was the answer.

"Did you have any of the campaign funds with you?"

"Didn't know there were any campaign funds," said the alderman. "I never heard of their raising any."

The reply caused a laugh among the several score of ward politicians who have filled the seats in the courtroom since the trial commenced.

Kent and McCarle were also heard in their defense during the afternoon, and the defense then rested, having pinned its fortunes to denials of the charges made by the state's witnesses of a conspiracy to vote men fraudulently, and to impeachment of the reputations of several of the witnesses against them. The story of Barrett's attempt to secure $1,000 and tickets to south Africa in consideration of his flight was retold.

McCarle Sublets His Job.

McCarle, who is bridge tender at the Lake street bridge, furnished the audience with considerable amusement, when he testified that as bridge tender he received $225 a month from the city, and as president of the National Tug Engineers' union was paid a salary of $2,000 a year.

"Do you attend to the bridge yourself?" asked Mr. Barnes.

"No, I hire men to do that and it takes all but $25 a month of my salary?" was the answer.

"What do you get the $25 for?" asked the attorney.

"It's my job," said the witness.

McCarle denied that he had marked the ballot of State's Witness Lait, and that he had given Lait 50 cents for voting. He admitted that he had instructed voters, but that was by order of the judges.

Signs of High Death Rate.

Kent, who is charged with having coached voters what names to use, admitted that he had a voting list, but said he used it to show his friends that they were properly registered.

"You had two men helping you," suggested Mr. Barnes. "What did they do?"

"They were scratching the dead persons off the list," said the witness.

"Pretty high death rate in that precinct," suggested Mr. Barnes.

The state will introduce some rebuttal evidence this morning, and it is expected that the case will close this evening. Clerks Meyers and Russell and Judges of Election O'Donovan, Kelly, and Sherman had been sought as witnesses by the state. None could be found except O'Donovan, and he refused to answer questions on the ground that he might incriminate himself.

CHICAGO HUNTERS ARRESTED.

John Barnes and Henry Cidjake Charged by Michigan Game Warden with Hunting Without Licenses.

Menominee, Mich., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—John Barnes and Henry Cidjake, Chicago merchants, were arrested in Delta county today by Game Warden Aaronson. He says they were hunting without licenses. The warden says he found and confiscated several deer carcasses.

"Force-thoughts"

XXL Nov. 25

I READ in the paper the other day that millions of dollars' worth of business went wrong because of the inaccuracy of stenographers. Their mistakes so annoy the men who are handling these interests that they do the wrong thing. The little things upset the big things.

¶If this is true, I wonder how many still larger interests have been jeopardized or shaken by not eating "Force" for breakfast.

If your stenographer is inaccurate, you are jarred from without, but if your breakfast is wrong, you are jarred from within. A jar from inside is so much worse than a jar from outside.

¶I believe that big deals can only be engineered by a clear brain and a steady hand, and that a clear brain and a steady hand can only be had when there is sunniness behind them.

I believe that there is only one food which gives that sunniness, and that one food is "Force."

If you eat "Force" the mistakes of your stenographer will not annoy you, and if she eats "Force" she will not make mistakes.

Be Sunny!

Yours truly,

Sunny Jim

(To be continued.)

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CHEER AND SONG TO ROUSE TEAM.

University of Chicago Students Hold Big Football Massmeeting.

STAGG PRAISES HIS MEN.

Makes No Prediction for Michigan Game—Final Practice Unsatisfactory.

"Chicago can beat Michigan. Chicago must beat Michigan. Chicago will beat Michigan on Thanksgiving day."

These were the words of Prof. Shepardson of the University of Chicago at a giant football meeting of 2,000 students, held in Mandel hall last night. The words "Chicago can beat Michigan" blazed in electric light from an illuminated sign and were echoed in the speeches of half of those who addressed the students. The other half took a more conservative view and declared that if the men on the Chicago team played the game they are capable of victory would crown the maroon efforts.

Coach Stagg himself made no predictions, but made his speech a tribute to the team and especially to the spirit of Lee Maxwell, who, without a murmur, has seen himself supplanted at quarter and at end by younger but better men. The maroon coach said:

"I would rather have the testimony of the West Point officers that our men played the most gentlemanly, sportsmanlike game they had ever seen than a 6 to 5 victory. It is worth while to coach such men. It is worth while to develop in a team such a spirit of self-sacrifice as Lee Maxwell has shown. Whether we win or lose the Michigan game, I feel this year's team has been a success for that one example, which has been ideal."

Bonfire Closes Celebration.

The celebration last night was the biggest affair of the kind ever held on the Midway campus. It began with an alumni dinner at 6 o'clock in Hutchinson hall and wound up at midnight with a monster bonfire on the campus, and a series of fights between the freshmen and sophomores. These consisted of destitory rallies and rushes, finally terminating in three wrestling matches, two of which the sophomores won.

At the massmeeting faculty, alumni, coeds, and coaches joined in words of encouragement and exhortation for the team. Speeches were alternated with music by the university band, the mandolin club, and the coed glee club. The appearance of the girls' glee club was the signal for some of the rooters to shout the yell so often heard on the field: "Hold 'em, hold 'em!"

Dr. T. W. Goodspeed, the veteran rooter of the university, told the football men that to beat Michigan they would have to fight as if "possessed with the same spirit that animated the old Norse sea kings."

Sheldon Changes His Mind.

Ex-Capt. Sheldon said: "Our team has got the plays to beat Michigan. We have got a defense that can hold them. I believe we can beat Yost's team."

Dr. Harper said Michigan was a worthy opponent, and to beat the Wolverines would therefore be all the more honor.

The practice in the afternoon was less encouraging than that of the preceding day. With the varsity lined up on defense, the scrubs, reinforced by "Jimmy" Sheldon and Ralph Hammill, were able to gain against them, the two speedy stars getting away several times for long runs. The work was long and hard, but Stagg said it was far from satisfactory. The men did not throw themselves into the practice with any vim. When asked if any one had been injured Stagg said: "They did not play hard enough to injure anybody."

Catlin was not in the scrimmage, but his wounded leg shows improvement. Ahlswede was out in a suit, but did not take part in the scrimmage. Stagg did not know whether he could be used.

The officials for the game tomorrow will be Rhinehart of Lafayette, umpire; Walbridge of Lafayette, referee; Hayner of Lake Forest, head linesman and timekeeper.

This afternoon the sophomores and freshmen will play their annual game.

YOST WORRIED BY TEAM'S WORK

Michigan Coach Is Dissatisfied with Practice—Declares Chicago Will Give Hard Battle.

Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Michigan had an unsatisfactory practice tonight on a gridiron frozen hard as adamant. Yost was forced to give up scrimmage. The men played faster, lower, and harder and with better spirit than in practice of Monday, but Yost is undeniably worried. Before the Minnesota game he was as happy as his team; before Wisconsin he would not predict scores, but now he constantly expresses fear of Chicago.

"It makes no difference how Chicago charges in other games," Yost said tonight; "against Michigan you can count on them to come low and with every ounce of their strength."

Michigan's veterans admit they lack spirit in practice, but assert they will play together against Chicago 50 per cent better than in their practice work. Instead of big mass meetings tonight the Michigan students are leaving town by the hundreds for vacation. The coaches are satisfied, believing that the best thing to put the right sentiment in the team is a little lonesome worry. Joe Maddock, Capt. Redden, and the other veterans, after Tuesday's work, ate their meals in silence without any demonstration of enthusiasm. The freshmen players made a big racket and showed plainly the "swelled heads," to which the recent poor practice is blamed.

Wolf's dislocated elbow will keep him out of the game. Yost says that the little Chicago boy would have gone into the game to punt but for this injury. There is only one doubtful place in the lineup. Yost has not decided whether to use Norcross or James, but Norcross, he says, has been getting the most "go" out of the men this week.

Thirty-three men, the three elevens which have practiced all fall, will make the trip to Chicago. Two special trains leave Ann Arbor Wednesday morning, one at 9 o'clock and the other at 9:30. The team will go on the second train, arriving in Chicago about 4 o'clock, immediately taking a short signal practice.

MORTON AND OWSLEY GET "YS."

Two Chicagoans in List of Players Honored at Yale—Blacklisted Students May Be Expelled.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Two Chicago boys, Sidney Morton and Jack Owsley, and William B. Soper of Bloomington, Ill., are among the seventeen Yale men given the "Y" for playing in the Harvard and Princeton games this year. The others are: Rafferty and Bowlin, ends; Kemp and Hewitt, tackles; Bloomer, Batcheldor, and Miller, guards; Roraback, center; Rockwell, quarter back; Bowman, Metcalf, and Mitchell, half backs; and Farmer, full back. Members of the faculty say the question of expelling the students who speculated in tickets for the big games will be brought up at the next meeting. The names of twenty-five who have been placed on the blacklist will be published tomorrow.

School Teams Fail to Agree.

The University High-Northwestern academy game, to decide the Academic league championship, has been called off, because the schools could not agree on a date. The University High eleven wished to play next Saturday, but the Evanston team has a game scheduled with the St. John's Military academy for tomorrow at Delafield, Wis., and the players were not willing to play two hard games in such a short space of time. The Northwestern team wanted to play on Dec. 5, but the south side school refused to remain in training that long. The south siders were willing to play a week from today, but to that demand the Evanston team turned a deaf ear. The feeling between the schools has not been of the best for the last year, and the present situation may cause strained relations between them.

EVANSTON MEN IN SHAPE.

NORTHWESTERN TEAM IS READY FOR BATTLE WITH CARLISLE.

Every Man on the Eleven, with Exception of Capt. Fleager, Goes Through Practice—Coach McCornack Gives Players Five Minutes of Scrimmage, While Remainder of Time Is Taken Up in Signal and Trick Plays—Spirit Is Strong.

Every member of the Northwestern football team except Capt. Fleager appeared in uniform on Sheppard field yesterday, and the practice was the best this week. For the first time since the Wisconsin game McCornack gave his men scrimmage practice, but there was only about five minutes of this work, the coach fearing injuries. The scrimmage work was for the purpose of trying the double shift plays, which the coach has been teaching the men, to see how they would work against an opposing team. The plays went off satisfactorily.

A good deal of attention was devoted to trick plays to be used against the Carlisle team, McCornack figuring that he will give the red men a chance to see that white men can work tricks as well as Indians. There was also the regular signal practice, in which the straight football plays were gone over, in order to perfect the team in the few weak points in their play.

Colton No Longer Lame.

Yesterday's work found almost the entire team in as good shape as they have been at any time since early in the season. Colton, whose bad legs have been a source of much worry, is now practically well. His lameness does not bother him any longer and he is suffering only from the general bruises received in the Wisconsin game. Capt. Fleager is about well and will be out for practice tonight, while the others are suffering from no injuries which will affect their play in the game tomorrow.

The men are in the best of spirits, and while they realize that the game promises to be a hard one consider that they have a fair show to win. The successes of the season, which, for Northwestern, has been the best in years, has inspired confidence, which will mean much in the game. Then, too, they are, for the first time since they began to play the more important games, about to enter a conflict with a team which is of their own weight. Carlisle's average weight, as given out by authorities at the Indian school, is 164 pounds, while the Northwestern team averages 168 as the lineup now stands. With Williamson in the game the weight would be reduced to 166 pounds, so that the two teams will average practically the same.

Will Guard Against Trick Plays.

With Weinberger or Williamson and Peckumn as ends it is thought the Carlisle men will have difficulty in making any trick plays effective and care will be taken to see that no plays not actually permitted by the rules be allowed. The trick of slipping the ball under the sweater of the man who is to carry it, which was worked against Harvard, will be protested, if tried against the Northwestern eleven. "In this play the ball is pushed under the runner's jersey, so that he carries it on his back," McCornack explained yesterday. "We can protest against that as a forward pass."

Tomorrow's contest is expected to attract many Evanstonians, for all of the more important games have been played outside of Evanston this fall, and many who have not been able to get away on Saturday afternoons have been unable to see the home team play this fall. The time of the game, 10 o'clock, makes it possible for them to leave Evanston a little before nine, catch the 9:30 special, and get back to Evanston on the 1 o'clock train, in time for dinner. Manager Butterworth says the game will start on time, and be ended at noon. Arrangements have been completed for special transportation to the Michigan-Chicago game, for those who wish to go to Marshall field to see the afternoon contest after the Carlisle game.

How Team Will Line Up.

The Northwestern lineup for the game will be: Right end, Weinberger; right tackle, Allen; right guard, Bell; center, Carlson; left guard, Scott; left tackle, Kafer; left end, Peckuman; right half back, Blair or Ruber; full back, Fleager; left half back, Colton; quarter back, McCann.

SCHOOL BOYS READY FOR TRIP.

North Division Football Team Will Leave Tonight to Play Brooklyn Eleven on Saturday.

The North Division High school football squad will leave tonight for Brooklyn, where the local boys will play the Brooklyn high school team at Washington park on Saturday. The game will be the second annual intersectional contest between Chicago and Brooklyn high schools and will settle the supremacy of the scholastic teams of the two cities for another year.

North Division represents the best type of high school elevens in Chicago. It has gone through the season without a defeat by a high school team and has held Northwestern and Chicago universities to low scores this season. Last year's pennant of the Chicago High School league the north side lads are at present tied with Englewood.

The Brooklyn Boys' High team won the right to play the Brooklyn team Saturday, when the Boys' High and De Witt school met for the eastern championship. The game ended in a tie, and a coin was tossed for the right to play North Division, Boys' High winning.

The North Division team will be in charge of Dr. Charles E. Boyton, the North Division athletic member of the board, and will include Capt. Steffen, quarter back; Paups, center; Freer and Young, guards; Diersen and Graham, tackles; Erickson and Pollard, ends; Dahl and Roy, half backs; Rennacker, full back; Hill, trainer; Nash and Hagerup, substitutes; and Graduate Manager Diffenbacker.

Final practice will be held at Lincoln park this afternoon. Capt. Steffen gave his men hard scrimmage practice yesterday. The work was the best which has been done by the north side lads in practice this year. The second eleven was pushed all over the field and on the goal line, but held like a stone wall. The men have all recovered from the slight bruises received in the Hyde Park contest.

LOFTUS AND JOHNSON CONFER.

Baseball Magnates Talk of Washington Club, but Nothing Is Given Out—New Version of Hunt.

Manager Loftus of the Washington club came to town yesterday and was in conference with President Johnson of the American league during the afternoon and evening. The purpose of Loftus' visit was to learn the exact status of the deal for the sale of the Washington club and the new prospects for the future. Neither of the magnates would admit this, however. The Dubuque magnate asserted he had come over to learn the truth about the hunting exhibition of Comiskey and Johnson and to get the brace of deer that had been promised him.

President Johnson said he was not prepared to discuss the Washington deal as yet, as nothing had been done in the matter. Manager Loftus was still a half owner in the club, and any deal that might be in prospect depended wholly on his decision. Regarding the rumored sale of the Detroit club to one of the Navins, he said there was no truth in it, so far as he knew.

He had not made any such deal, and the present owner of the club, S. F. Angus, was in the woods of northern Michigan, deer hunting, so that he was not likely to have made the sale.

The two local hunters, Comiskey and Johnson, had a new version of their recent trip on tap for Loftus, and told him many tales yesterday of the hardships of the journey into the woods. Among other things, the two veteran guides who accompanied them were completely done up by the trip, and Comiskey was compelled to act both as trained nurse and cook during their stay in the woods. On the return trip one of the guides, Ted White, had to be carried for a distance of nearly five miles on account of exhaustion.

There are traces of sodium chloride in this story, however, for it develops that Messrs. Johnson and Comiskey, during the last trip, negotiated for a tract of land near Boot Lake, on which a cabin is to be erected this winter, and next spring for their use during the succeeding fishing and hunting season. It is possible the hardships of life in this region were elaborated for the purpose of frightening Tom Loftus, who has the reputation of being an absolutely sure a shot that he scorns to shoot partridges at all, it being easier for him to kill them with a club.

Pitcher Scott Reported Dying.

Toledo, O., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Ed Scott, who was the star pitcher of the Cincinnati reds, and has since filled engagements with other teams, is at the point of death at his home in Walbridge, a suburban town. Last night it was not thought he would live till morning, but he is slightly easier tonight. His recovery, however, is not expected.

Michigan Alumni Smoker Tonight.

The University of Michigan Alumni association will give its annual smoker at the University club, 116 Dearborn street, this evening at 8 o'clock. The last that the Chicago-Michigan football game takes place tomorrow gives promise that the smoker will be well attended and enthusiastic. All Michigan men, past and present, are expected to attend.

"FITZ" CONDITION CAUSE OF DOUBT.

Reports from Australian's Quarters Occasion Big Change in Odds.

GARDNER IS CONFIDENT.

Principals in Tonight's Bout at Frisco Are Pledged to Be in Ring at 9:15.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Tonight will decide the question whether or not Bob Fitzsimmons, the "grand old man" of the prize ring, will shed his bath robe in the squared circle once too often. Tonight will also decide whether or not the prize ring has seen the last of the lanky ex-Australian, as a defeat at the hands of George Gardner, his opponent, will put him on the retired list and deprive him of the pleasure of again meeting his old time rival, Jim Corbett, or any one else for that matter.

A week ago close students of the sport leaned heavily toward Fitzsimmons and offers of 10 to 6 that he would win went begging. Within the last few days the betting, by easy stages, grew closer, and yesterday 10 to 9 on Bob was the prevailing price. Local fight speculators generally take their quotations from the telegraphic reports, and these figures are the market price at San Francisco.

This change in the betting is attributed to the respective conditions and ages of the men and not on their known abilities as fighters. It is generally admitted Fitzsimmons is the more proficient in all the finer points of the game, besides which he is a much harder hitter. These factors should make him a favorite in the betting. His age is his only handicap, and, as he is only a few days older now than he was several days ago, when the odds favored him at 1 to 2, he must have gone amiss in training.

Conflicting Reports Puzzling.

Reports supposedly direct from his quarters have him suffering with a severe cold and a pair of badly blistered feet. They also have him working and feeling like a 2 year old one day and like a spavined truck horse the next. Fans several thousand miles away from his quarters are forced to accept everything—good, bad, and indifferent—which is wired from his camp, and so are compelled to guess as to his real condition.

The sudden change in the betting does not speak well for Bob's chances. Still, the rank and file will string their bets behind him on the strength of his past record. In this he shows himself and shoulders over Gardner, as the latter, during his pugilistic career, has tasted the bitter pill of defeat more often than has Fitzsimmons.

Marked Change in Betting.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The change in the betting on the Fitzsimmons-Gardner fight, which began last night, reflects public opinion on the contest. Today there were some bets at 10 to 8, but the prevailing odds were 10 to 9, and these will probably rule until the fight comes off. This marked change was due to persistent reports of the poor condition of Fitzsimmons, and his own admission that his feet were sore and that he was still in training.

How much of this is exaggeration it is impossible to say, but if Fitz has overdrawn the story of his lack of condition in order to even up the betting, he has certainly succeeded. An alleged bet of $1,000 by Corbett on Gardner also had its influence, though experts doubted its truth.

There is no question that Fitzsimmons is nervous and is not in the best of shape, but those who know him look to see him put up a fine fight, at least for ten rounds. Everything depends upon how he feels tomorrow evening, for some days he is strong and fast and on other days he is slow and seems much depressed. This change of condition shows conclusively that he is not right.

Gardner Banks on His Youth.

Gardner is in the pink of condition and today weighed 168 pounds. He expressed much satisfaction over his weight and said he would easily come down to 167 by tomorrow afternoon. Gardner is confident and banks on his youth and superior strength to win. His trainers believe he can whip Fitz in seven rounds.

The preliminaries will be two six round bouts, the first between Johnny Ritchie of St. Louis and Georgie Carran of this city, and the second between Mauro Herrera and Joe Bell.

Fitzsimmons and Gardner have agreed to step into the ring at 9:15 o'clock sharp. If either is behind that time he will be fined heavily.

Fitzgerald Knocks Out Sieloff.

Port Huron, Mich., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Willie Fitzgerald knocked out Otto Sieloff in the third round tonight at the Port Huron Athletic club in a battle which was to have gone ten rounds at 133 pounds. The honors were about even until Fitzgerald in the third finally landed three left hooks to the jaw, followed by a hard right to the solar plexus, felling Sieloff for the count. In the semi-windup Kid Bush of Buffalo got the decision over Mike Bartley of Chicago.

Notes of the Pugilists.

Benny Yanger was yesterday offered a match with Sammy Smith of Philadelphia.

The Jack O'Keefe and Young Gardner ten round battle at Grand Rapids has been set for Dec. 11.

Charlie McKeever and Tony Caponi are booked for fifteen twenty rounds at Minneapolis on Dec. 8.

Jack Root, who is to meet Jim Phillips in a twenty round bout at Pueblo, Colo., tomorrow night, left for that city last night.

Jack O'Keefe and Jack Daly were practically matched yesterday for the windup at the Wattis league's show on Dec. 1. The consummation of the match hinges on the condition of the street car strike.

If any club in town will hang up a purse of $500 for a match between Charlie McKeever and Hugo Kelly the latter's manager, Silvie Ferretti, will stand by his agreement to give Charlie $400 of the purse, win, lose or draw. Or he will match Kelly against McKeever for twenty rounds and make it winner take all. Cal Morton of the Kansas City Athletic club, who was in town yesterday, will hang up a purse for a contest between the pair over the long distance route.

Joe Grim, who is to meet Hugo Kelly in the windup at the County Democracy boxing entertainment Friday night, will arrive in town from Philadelphia today. The entertainment is under the management of Jack Moffatt, the well known ex-pugilist, who has arranged the following program: Jimmy O'Neil vs. Frank Duffy, "Buddy" Glover vs. "Kid" Belts, Billy Finucane vs. Paddy Nee, Otto Sieloff vs. Henry Fagin, and the windup between Kelly and Grim.

FAILS TO GET BILLIARDISTS.

Chicago Loses the National Amateur Tournament—Mrs. Schaefer in the City.

Chicago will not get the national amateur billiard tournament this winter, as had been expected. Yesterday the Chicago Athletic association received official notice that the tournament had been awarded to the Liederkranz club of Brooklyn.

This means that two of the strongest western players, and possibly three, will not take part. Neither Martin Mullin of Cleveland nor Charles Norris, the Chicago Athletic association champion, can go to New York. It is also probable that McGinnis will not make the trip.

Mrs. Jacob Schaefer returned yesterday from Paris and is packing her household goods, which will be stored or sold, after which Mrs. Schaefer will rejoin her husband. They intend living in the French capital for several years. Mrs. Schaefer says all the American colony of billiardists are doing well.

Last Night's Billiard Scores.

At Mussey's—Wadsworth defeated Shea at three cushions, 50 to 48. Keni [200] and Huntley [165] tonight.

At Foley's—Hale [200] won from Dethks [150] at balk line, 200 to 150. Cochran [200] and Myer [150] tonight.

Aurora, 5; Ottawa, 4.

Aurora, Ill., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The first tie game of the National Roller Polo league season was played here tonight between Aurora and Ottawa. The tie was played off and Aurora won by a score of 5 to 4.

Terre Haute, 5; Danville, 2.

Danville, Ill., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The first tie between the Danville and Terre Haute teams of the Central Roller Polo league caused a hot battle tonight, resulting in a victory for Terre Haute by a score of 5 to 2.

Same Thing.

A diamond account with us is like a savings account. Easy payments. Loftis Bros., 92 State.

DELAGOA OUT OF RUNNING

HILDRETH MARE KICKED IN NEW ORLEANS PADDOCK.

Cannot Start in Inaugural Handicap Tomorrow—Would Probably Have Been One of Favorites in Opening Feature of Crescent City Track's Winter Race Meeting—Scorpio Likely to Be First Choice Now—List of Starters Numbers Thirteen.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Sam Hildreth's mare, Delagoa, which would probably have been one of the favorites for the Inaugural handicap, the opening feature of the Crescent City Jockey club's winter meeting on Thursday, was kicked while leaving the paddock this morning, and it is not now likely the daughter of Kingston will go to the post for a week at least.

Hildreth's usual luck seems to be following him on the eve of a big race—the same luck that attended Wilful in the spring at Nashville and McChesney in the Harlem National handicap before the American Derby a year ago. However, Delagoa is not the only string to Hildreth's bow, and in Wilful, Topeoli, and Henry McDaniel he will hold a strong hand.

The big sprinter Scorpio, which will carry the colors of Ed Trotter, is likely to be the favorite in Thursday's race, as he has shown some splendid trials in the last few days, and it is a well known fact weight makes no difference in his running.

The probable starters are: Athiana, Duelist, Dan McKenna, Frank Bell, Gregor K., Irene Lindsey, Lauralighter, Malster, Mayor Johnson, New York, Stand Pat, and Wilful.

It is claimed the new top dressing which was put on the track during the summer will make the course faster than ever, and the daily works of the horses would seem to verify the statement, as it is not an uncommon occurrence for horses to cover miles in 1:42 during the last few days.

Eight carloads of horses came in from Cincinnati this morning, and the lot comprised the strings of J. J. Markiein, T. Miles, L. Landry, W. S. Laird, Henry Simons, J. Maiden, Doyle Bros., John Mannion, A. Haack & Sons, C. Hellebusch, W. H. Pendleton, W. R. Griffin, W. P. Reed, J. S. Rothert, and W. O'Connor. Jockeys Minder, Lidsey, Phillips, T. Walsh, and Hicks also put in an appearance, and Cochran, Robbins, and other riders of note are already on the ground.

TALENT BEATS OAKLAND BOOKS

Speculators Swamp "Bookies," Who Have Bad Day—Veterano Wins at 20 to 1.

San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The speculators had decidedly the better of the "bookies" at Oakland this afternoon, and they only escaped a complete "Waterloo" when Veterano landed the fourth race at 20 to 1. The track was heavy, but should be good on Thursday, if there is no more rain.

Emil Herz won his first race in California, Prince Blazes turning the trick. Herz thought his horse was a moral certainty and offered to sell him before the race for $400, so he could bet the amount on Prince Blazes against $2,000. He was unable to make the deal.

There were cheers for Buxton when he appeared, mounted on Fossil, the favorite. He had been reinstated the previous day, and this was his first mount. Fossil looked a "good thing" and was heavily backed, but Buxton gave an exhibition of incompetency that brought forth hisses from the spectators. He let Veterano take a commanding lead, and, when he saw that he could not overtake the colt, started to pull up, losing the place to Greenock. The judges set him down for two weeks for his careless ride.

Weather cloudy, track heavy. Summaries:

First race, ¾ mile—Prince Blazes, 109 pounds [Foley], 4 to 1, won; Handpress, 106 [Powell], 6 to 1, second; Flourish, 110 [Fell], 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:18¾. Nuilah, Angelo, Ed Lanigan, Pat Morrissey, Voltaire, Torilla, Jennie Hughes, and Mountebank ran.

Second race, ¾ mile—Sam, 102 pounds [Knapp], 3 to 1, won; Canejo, 107 [Ferrell], 3 to 1, second; Sherry, 100 [J. Martin], 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:20¾. Star Around, J. C. U., Dora Thorn, Yellow Stone, and Shellmount ran.

Third race, 11-16 miles, 2-year olds—Cascine, 110 pounds [Adkins], 6 to 5, won; Bill Lincoln, 112 [J. Martin], 8 to 5, second; Libbis Candid, 101 [Hildebrand], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:11. The Jew, Shel Ebony, and Fe E. Shaw ran.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles—Veterino, 98 pounds [Hildebrand], 20 to 1, won; Greenock, 108 [L. Powell], 3 to 2, second; Medicum, 101 [Fenwick], 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:45. Lacy Crawford and Diderot ran.

ENTRIES.

First race, Futurity course—Amasa, Educate, 108 pounds; Toto Gratier, 90; Sisenvine, Bedner, 103; Stirlan, Ora Viva, 101; Cherries, Bonebath, 109; Miss Nettie, Greyfeld, 98; Merwan, 104.

Second race, 7 furlongs, selling—Instrument, 103 pounds; Ed Irad, 98; Louise, 107; Sir Vinger, 107; Durbar, Dungannon, 101; Charles Schweiser, Sol Smith, Mae Scott, 94.

Third race, 7 furlongs, selling—Constellator, Pat Morrissey, 94 pounds; Rose of May 91; Flourish, Mr. Dingle, 97; Belvista, 90; Rosie Ban, Minnie Arnett, 104; Ashville, 102; Parsifal, 98; Sarah, 104.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs, handicap—Muresca, Captivate, 93 pounds; Eva G., 105; Burnie Bunton, John A. Scott, 110.

Fifth race, Futurity course, selling—Dotteral, 89 pounds; Silver Fizz, Berendos, Foul Play, 108; Alice Bird, Lady Kent, 96; Ledus, Ernz, 97; Pluck, 91; Canejo, C. B. Cam; bell, 98; Sugden, 101.

FULLER OUTRIDES REDFERN.

In an Exciting Finish at Bennings Meistersinger Defeats Highlander—Favorites Win Three Races.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—An exciting finish between Fuller on Meistersinger and Redfern on Highlander, which the former won, was the only feature at Bennings today. Favorites won in three events, and horses well played at good prices, captured the other three. Four horses fell in a scramble for jumps in the steeplechase, but only one jockey was hurt, and he escaped with bruises and a shaking up. Track fast. Summary:

First race, high weight handicap, ¾ mile—Sais, 115 pounds [H. Michael], 9 to 1, won; Foxy Kane, 4 to 5, second; Icewater, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:16 4-5.

Second race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Champlain, 90 pounds [O'Brien], 5 to 1, won; Paget, 15 to 1, second; Sam Craig, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:46 2-5.

Third race, steeplechase, about 2 miles—Connover, 158 pounds [Swatwell], 12 to 5, won; John E. Owen, 15 to 1, second; Redhawk, 5 to 1, third. Time, 4:10.

Fourth race, 7 furlongs—Meistersinger, 110 pounds [Fuller], 5 to 1, won; Highlander, 12 to 10, second; Paul Clifford, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:31.

Fifth race, ¾ mile—Lord of the Valley, 110 pounds [Fuller], 5 to 10, won; Clear the Arena, 3 to 1, second; Tom Cod, 100 to 1, third. Time, 1:17.

Sixth race, ¾ mile—The Major, 102 pounds [Redfern], 6 to 5, won; Red Damsel, 3 to 1, second; All Gold, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:30.

ENTRIES.

First race, 6½ furlongs—Masterman, 115 pounds; Jake Lind, 112; Bashful, 113; Judith Campbell, Wager, Blue and Orange, Sabot, Cloten, 104; Right Cross, 102; Tom Cod, Champlain, Master Prim, Prince Salm Salm, 100; Princeler, Margaret Kent, 99; Short Cake, Bill Curtis, Robinhood, 97.

Second race, maidens, 5 furlongs—Belle of Wakefield, 116 pounds; My Evening Star, Catherine Ruth, Monochord, My Alice, Lady Mirthful, Tonawanda, Hanpola, Belle of Belle Meade, Esperance, Belle Claire, Queen Belle, Magic Flute, Mountain Breeze, Mary Aud, Gananogue, Algonquin, Komoho, Gay Lissette, Esther Last, 106.

Third race, the Vestal, 1¼ miles—Wild Thyme, 116 pounds; Nancy D., 111.

Fourth race, selling, ¾ mile—Reveille, 112 pounds; Julia M., Colleen Bawn, Reglan, Sweet Tone, Yo San, 109; The Bowery, Donnelly, Extra Law, Prince Salm Salm, 107; Speer, Miss Melton, Cedar Rapids, 99.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Sam Craig, Arden, 107 pounds; Norbuy, Toscan, 100; Buttons, Court Maid, 97.

Sixth race, mile—King E., 106 pounds; Meteorite, Mollie Monpose, East Kelston, 103; Silver Fir, 98; Erda, Caxton, Singing Girl, Lady Knighthood, Heir Apparent, Grantdale, 95.

Seventh race, selling, ¾ mile—Taxman, Monograph, 108 pounds; Cloverland, 113; Hoodwink, 115; Pitteraja, The Murderman, Princeton, Tulane, Enus, 110; Cottage Maid, Court Maid, 105.

Race Results at Latonia.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 24.—A cold wave struck Latonia today, but despite the dreary weather a fair sized crowd was present and the betting continued brisk. The feature of the afternoon was the handicap at a mile and an eighth. Only four started, and Jack Ratlin got the decision by a nose. Only two favorites won. Track heavy. Summaries:

First race, 7 furlongs—Easy Trade, 91 pounds [Nichol], 20 to 1, won; Loyable, 12 to 1, second; Circus Girl, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:31.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Ed Tierney, 113 pounds [Crawford], 2 to 1, won; Delmonico, 16 to 1, second; Bertens, 20 to 1, third. Time, 1:18.

Third race, 1 mile—Christine A., 99 pounds [J. Hicks], 6 to 1, won; Adalante, 8 to 1, second; Trocadero, 99, 13 to 5, third. Time, 1:44.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, handicap—Jack Ratlin, 106 pounds [Deterle], 8 to 5, won; Ethel Wheat, 3 to 1, second; Ocean Dream, 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:56¾.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs—Lida Lieb, 113 pounds [Hoffman], 7 to 5, won; Dufferin, even, second; Lora J., 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:11.

Sixth race, 2 miles—Barney Burke, 85 pounds [A. Thompson], 10 to 1, won; Duffs, 4 to 1, second; Goo Goo, 8 to 1, third. Time, 3:40.

ENTRIES.

First race, 1 mile and 60 yards—Beaucaire, 104 pounds; Trocadero, Rita, 105; Melbourne, Eclipse, 102; Branch II., Jena, 106; Tom Hall, Bob Franklin, 96; Dr. Riley, Gallawater, Boundary, Barbara Frietchie, Olonets, 95; Barney Burke, 85.

Second race, 7 furlongs—Oudon, Major T. J. Carson, Beneficent, Kern, 112 pounds; Langford James, Chief Deputy, Henry Laufrmann Jr., 108; Hobson's Choice, 100.

Third race, 7 furlongs, selling — Jigger, Dave Sommers, 109 pounds; Gallagher, Boaster, 103; Frank Mc. 2dda Riley, 103; Fleuron, Myrtle, 105; The Boer, 100; Drummond, 94; Katherine R., Jim Winn, Free Admission, Pyrrho, 91.

Fourth race, steeplechase, short course — Tom Curl, 148 pounds; Paradox, Barley Mac, 133; Balsac, Volantine, 125.

Fifth race, 5 furlongs—Woodlawn Belle, Eccentric, Ruth Parish, Slambock, Mal Lowery, 110 pounds; Mabel Reed, Idle, Cocoon, Fair Allen, Louise Stapp, Bell Ioona, Hernie, 105.

Sixth race, 1 mile and 50 yards, selling—Jim Hale, Adelante, Circus Girl, 109 pounds; Dynasty, Antolee, Leenja, Nearest, Talala, Locust Blossom, 104; Kiwana, Kings Court, Flora Bright, 99; John J. Regan, Alee, 95.

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Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Mesto, 87 pounds; Billy Moore, 94; Lady Kent, 96; Ledus, Ernz, 97; Pluck, 91; Canejo, C. B. Cam; bell, 98; Sugden, 101.

GAMES IN BOWLING LEAGUES.

Riversides Twice Defeat Blue Ribbons and Blue Islands Win from O'Donnells in Monroe Tourney.

Small scores predominated in the local leagues last night, only two four figure totals being recorded. In the Monroe league the Riversides twice defeated the Blue Ribbons and the Blue Islands won the odd game from the O'Donnells. The Standards in the North Chicago league averaged 967 1-3. Scores:

MONROE LEAGUE.

Riversides	895	839	875	Blue Island	883	975	901
Bl. Ribbons	796	859	753	O'Donnell	926	829	709

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

Wicker Pk.	1.	2.	3.	Bells.	1.	2.	3.
Steers	212	179	211	Dopp	151	160	127
Schulze	172	146	176	Novak	187	160	157
R. Storke	172	147	168	Kotlinger	162	154	155
Leigh	240	145	180	Kraft	207	213	158
Hoffman	169	175	221	Manschaug	190	149	154
Totals	1014	792	964	Totals	905	836	745

Nixe	783	977	872	Richters	921	899	928

JEFFERSON LEAGUE.

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K AT DUNDEE OT NEED RECEIVER.

resident and Vice Presi- Hastily Is Growing sitors.

24.—[Special.]—Bank Ex- k, who now is in charge of National Bank of Dundee, closed to business on last rted to have said that the receiver will not be neces- e to make any statement rs, and the feeling is grow- found no wide discrepancy counts. Commenting upon g of the bank, Vice Presi- d today:

ure that there is anything bank's accounts. We did amount of reserve cash on made our examination on er Wright seemed unable s., and, fearing that there in affairs, President Dun- ok the initiative and called aminer. There may be no and we may have acted , but we wanted to be on ery dollar will be paid to

l condition of the bank's e more generally known come more confident, and n that the president and the bank acted without become more pronounced.

ITUARY.

NDELL MAPLE, BART., day in London of Bright's ears. He was with equal n man, racehorse owner, nd member of parliament. eward for political services

Hardly an election was polis for many years with- onally driving voters to the se coach. His exposure of dals in the south African he earliest movements to- of the war office. In the John Maple headed the list n in 1902 and had the larg- in the united kingdom. He in benefactions, notably niversity College hospital. he wife of Baron von Eck- retary of the German em-

NOELLE, one of Chicago's settlers, died yesterday at North Halsted street. She phalia, Germany, seventy- d came to Chicago in 1857. ive sons, Police Sergeant h Noelle, and three others, ters. The funeral will be Roman Catholic church at w morning, with burial in

McMURTY, Chicago, for ookkeeper in the First Na- yesterday at the Lakeside e Geneva, aged 76 years. me to Chicago forty-eight yland, his birthplace. He nd one son, John G. Mc- Cole.

S OF EUSTON died in She was a variety hall rried the earl in 1871, and t his suit for divorce in

YON, who was one of Gen. party that explored Colo- d at Leadville, Colo., yes-

E BLAKE, the author of and other songs, is Brookline, Mass., aged 60.

RIDGE RIX of New York y. He was a well known lan mountain scenery.

nd La Salle Tigers. from La Salle, Ill., will play Vincent's college team on the St. Vincent's grounds. ed at 2 o'clock.

MORGAN'S SPEECH DENIED BY HANNA

Statement in Senate That McKinley Favored Nicaragua Canal Challenged.

AGAIN HITS ROOSEVELT.

President's Course Is Declared Due to His Ambition for an Unique Administration.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—An assertion by Senator Morgan that President McKinley had favored the Nicaraguan route for the isthmian canal was met by a prompt denial from Senator Hanna today.

The matter came up during the continuation of Senator Morgan's speech in the senate attacking President Roosevelt's course in the Panama affair. He declared that the president's ambition to secure the credit of a unique administration was the cause of his favoritism toward the Panama route.

As to Panama, Mr. Morgan said an elaborate treaty had been prepared, a commission sent here, and then sent back again to create a government with power to ratify a treaty. He charged that the treaty with Colombia had been drawn largely by a corporation lawyer.

Not McKinley's Policy.

Speaking of the report of the isthmian canal commission favorable to the Panama route, Mr. Morgan characterized that report as "the dynamite that has rent in twain the republic of Colombia." He said, further, that the report was a desperate adventure. He declared that if Mr. McKinley had lived the protocol with Nicaragua and Costa Rica would have been observed.

"But he is dead," the senator went on, "and a new Richmond comes upon the field, and he seems not to feel the obligation of good faith when a more enticing field for the unique administration breaks upon the vision of this ambitious spirit."

Senator Morgan at another time referred to the president's alleged action as a "wild and inexcusable raid." He declared no plea of reasons of state would be acceptable, for, said he, "reasons of state are out of place in a republic and are regarded only as the plea of a tyrant."

After having spoken for two hours, Mr. Morgan received the privilege of taking his seat while he continued his delivery.

Marroquin Success Due to United States

Mr. Morgan reviewed at length the Colombian revolution of 1902, declaring Marroquin's triumph was due not to his own prowess but to the assistance of the United States. "All roads that the president travels," he said, "lead to the Panama canal, but some of his discreet friends should caution him not to burn the bridges behind him." That war had, he said, deserved the condemnation of all Christendom because of the brutality of Marroquin's conduct, and yet, notwithstanding this conduct was such as would have done discredit to the bearer of a scalping knife or tomahawk, the United States was the ally of that leader throughout the conflict.

Hanna Challenges Morgan.

Mr. Hanna challenged the statement of Mr. Morgan that President McKinely had been favorable to the Nicaraguan route.

"I know of my own personal knowledge," he said, "that when, in 1899, it became known that the Panama company's property could be purchased it gave the question serious consideration and investigation, and at his instance provision was made in the river and harbor bill for an appropriation of $100,000 for the investigation of all routes. That this request was made because of his interest in the Panama proposition I know of my own personal knowledge. President McKinley had decided to follow the recommendation of his commission and that is what the present executive is doing. So that there has been no change in policy.

"It is incorrect to say that McKinley preferred Nicaragua. I know better. It was only the high price of the Panama property that deterred him."

Says Colombians Are Belligerent.

BOGOTA, Nov. 21.—[Delayed.]—A prominent politician here, who is close to the government, today characterized the action of the United States on the isthmus of Panama as most unjustifiable. He added:

"Colombians hope that the reasonable and fair minded people of the United States will bring such pressure to bear on the government at Washington that the result will be the saving of the isthmus to Colomia and the protection of Colombia's unquestioned rights there. All Colombians protest, as would the people of other nations, against this aggression of the United States. Colombia is confident that justice will be done her, and all Colombians are unanimously resolved to sustain and defend the national integrity even at any sacrifice.

"The French colony resident at Bogota has unanimously offered the government its services and property, while the German and English colonies have manifested extreme sympathy with Colombia's cause."

All Efforts to Preserve Integrity.

COLON, Nov. 24.—A person who is in intimate association with Gen. Reyes, who has been much of the general during the last few months, and who is thoroughly familiar with the interior of Colombia, speaking today concerning the probable course which Gen. Reyes will pursue at Washington, said he thought that Reyes would make every effort, no matter how hopeless, to effect such a settlement of the Panama situation as would preserve the integrity of Colombia.

Failing to accomplish anything at Washington, he said, Reyes might find it necessary, owing to the political situation in Colombia and the need of propitiating the people, to do his utmost to preserve Colombia's integrity, even to the extent of leading a forlorn hope, possibly with the expectation that aid might be given by some European power.

Treaty Sent to Colon.

New York, Nov. 24.—Fedrico Boyd and Dr. M. Amador, the Panama commissioners who came to this country to frame the new canal treaty, today delivered the new treaty to the purser of the steamer City of Washington, who will deliver it to the authorities in Colon.

Among the passengers who arrived today on board the steamer Seguranca from Colon were Dr. Pablo Arosemena of Panama and Capt. F. H. Delano of the United States ship Dixie. Dr. Pablo Arosemena will act as counsel for the Panama commission which recently arrived from Colon.

WILL FIGHT WOOD IN SENATE.

Opponents of the Major General Openly Assert That Committee Will Favor His Confirmation.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—Opponents to the confirmation of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood openly express the opinion that the military affairs committee will report the nomination favorably to the senate, but declare that when this course is taken some charges will be presented to the senate which the committee has excluded from the testimony.

It is certain that a demand will be made for the appointment of a subcommittee to go to Cuba to inquire personally into several of the charges.

It is expected that after a few sessions the inquiry will be adjourned until next March.

Maj. Rathbone today sent a letter to Senator O. H. Platt, chairman of the committee on relations with Cuba, asking for an immediate hearing of his petition to congress for a thorough investigation of all his acts in Cuba. He says the petition was filed in December, 1902, and that he has been unable to induce the committee to act. He asserts that as an American citizen he is entitled to a full investigation by his own countrymen.

ODELL-PLATT FEUD ENDS.

PRESIDENT HAS HARMONY DINNER AT WHITE HOUSE.

Differences Between Two New York Leaders All Arranged and State Delegation to National Convention Now Assured for Roosevelt—Remarkable Political Triumph Is Achieved by Peaceable Methods — Both Sides Make Concessions.

(Continued from first page.)

governor and the senator are as good friends as in the days when Odell held the place George Dunn now has, and the president has been given, by the breaking of bread and the eating of salt at his own table, a personal pledge loyal of the support of all factions of the republican party in New York state.

Cannon to Discipline the Senate.

"Uncle Joe" Cannon is giving some of the inner circle of the senate a cold shower bath and has already demonstrated to them he meant what he said last spring when he declared the time had come when the house was determined to put an end to the predominating influence of the senate. For the last week the speaker has resolutely refused to adjourn the special session of congress merely to suit the convenience of the United States senate.

Having once taken the ground it would be absurd for the extra session of congress to be terminated when the house alone had done the work for which it was called together, he has intrenched himself in his room and has refused to heed the threats or any arguments of the senators.

The new speaker has started out to assert the independence of the house, and incidentally he declares he proposes to show the country once for all how little regard the senate has for the wishes of the people or for the orderly conduct of public business.

Will Adjourn for Short Periods.

The house adjourned today over Thanksgiving. This carries the session up to Friday noon, and it will be impossible to keep a quorum of the house until that time. Unless Mr. Cannon changes his mind in the meantime and believes the country has had a sufficient object lesson as to the leisurely tactics of the senate the house will adjourn over for periods of three days, the longest time permitted by the constitution without joint action by both houses.

Quite a number of members of the senate, including most of the so called "under dog" element, are secretly much delighted at the position taken by the speaker. They declare it means the assertion of all the old prerogatives of the house of representatives to an equal share in the conduct of all legislative business.

These same comparatively unknown senators, both republicans and democrats, feel that the assertion of its rights by the house will tend to destroy the influence of the small coterie of senators of both parties who have for years practically dictated the business of the upper house of congress. It is believed the position of Speaker Cannon in the matter of adjournment is only the beginning of a determined effort to restore to the house the power which has gradually slipped away from it during the last generation.

Powers Claimed in Cuban Bill.

It will be noticed that the Cuban reciprocity bill as passed by the house would become a statutory declaration as to the powers of the house of representatives in direct contradiction to the supposed treaty making powers of the senate. It is said to be the purpose of members of the senate to pass the Cuban bill with an amendment expurgating this assertion of powers of the house. If this be true, then Mr. Cannon is manifestly right in demanding that the senate shall get down to business at once because otherwise there might be a long deadlock between the two houses after Dec. 16, the date fixed upon in the senate for the final vote. In any event, taking the remarkable provisions in the Cuban bill together with the firm stand of the speaker in opposition to the unanimous political and social influence of the senate, it is quite evident the coming session of congress is likely to be a memorable one in parliamentary annals.

Shows Cannon's Personal Power.

Mr. Cannon's action in preventing adjournment is made possible because of his immense power as speaker and largely through his unusual personal force of character. Half the members of the house or more would willingly vote for an adjournment merely for the sake of getting home to their families during Thanksgiving holidays. Mr. Cannon, therefore, is practically conducting the fight all alone and his persistence and bravery have already attracted special attention to him. President Roosevelt is said to be satisfied with the results of the extra session because a date for the actual passage of the bill in the senate has been fixed. Neither this fact nor the desire of the members to get away has had the slightest effect thus far upon the speaker, and it is a remarkable example of personal political bravery that he has been able to defy the powerful influence of the senate and to do it entirely through his own resources and without pressure from the administration.

There are troublous days coming next spring, when conferences are being held daily, for all signs indicate that the new speaker will in no case submit to dictation by the senate, but will be willing to go before the people on the express issue of the complete independence of the popular branch of congress.

Adjournment Not Imperative.

Under the constitution there is not the slightest necessity for adjourning the extra session at all. The constitution says: "Congress shall assemble at least once in every year and such meeting shall be on the first Monday in December, unless they shall appoint a different day."

It is evident from this that congress is required to be in session on the first Monday in December of each year, but it does not follow that the session must begin on that day, so that the extraordinary session can run right along into the regular session so far as the power of congress under the constitution is concerned.

Seeking Democratic Leader.

Representative Wade of Iowa said today: "The democrats of Iowa are waiting for sentiment in the east to crystallize before committing themselves to any particular man for the presidential nomination. What expression of sentiment there has been appears to be divided between Hearst, Gorman, and Parker, but I do not think it can be said any one of them stands out as the popular choice. Iowa democrats realize the votes necessary to win must come from the east and south, and they are waiting to see who promises to be the strongest man in the states from which the winning votes must come."

Move for Blue Island Canal.

Representative Mann favors the construction of a ship canal from Blue Island City to the drainage canal. He introduced a bill providing for the construction of a waterway at or near the city of Blue Island on the Calumet river by the most practicable route to a point on the Chicago sanitary canal at or near Sag Bridge. It provides the water way shall be constructed of dimensions and in accordance with plans to be approved by the secretary of war.

The waterway shall be not less than twenty-one feet deep and eighty feet wide on the bottom. Half the expense for making the surveys and the work of construction, and for the maintenance of the waterway must be paid by the locality specially benefited by its construction and operation or by some public corporation. The total cost of the waterway to the United States must not exceed $6,000,000. The canal shall be open to free navigation and remain under the supervision and control of the secretary of war. No greater amount shall be expended on the improvements out of the appropriation to be made by congress than is paid out of the funds raised by the local authorities.

Representative Prince today introduced a bill providing for the erection of a public building at Kewanee, Ill., to cost $100,000, and one providing for the extension of the postoffice at Quincy, the site to be used for this purpose to cost $50,000.

Merchant Marine Needs Help.

"While there will be no ship subsidy legislation at this session of congress," said Representative Grosvenor today, "the question is by no means a dead one. I believe if there should be a vote on the question of granting a subsidy for the purpose of building up the merchant marine a large majority of the people would declare themselves in favor of it. Great Britain and all the other European nations pay subsidies to their ships, and as a result their flags are seen flying in ports all over the world. We pay no subsidies, and consequently only a small proportion of our own commerce is carried in American bottoms.

"Many persons assert the payment of a subsidy is not the proper way to build up a merchant marine. I take issue with them on this proposition and if congress should provide for a subsidy it would soon be demonstrated that this method is the best way of increasing the number of American vessels. In our coastwise trade we have the finest merchant marine of any nation in the world and this was built up because we prohibited the participation of foreign vessels in the transportation of goods on the American coast. If we should pay a subsidy to American ships we would thus exclude foreign vessels and in a few years we would build up a merchant marine which would be better than that of any other nation."

Representatives Start Home.

Representative Hitt will leave Washington tomorrow for his home in Illinois. Other Illinois men who already have gone home for Thanksgiving are Representatives Lorimer, Knopf, Mahony, Marsh, Sterling, and Warner.

Asks More Pay for Rural Carriers.

Representative Rodenberg today presented a bill providing for increasing the salaries of rural free delivery carriers from $600 to $900 and for granting them two weeks' absence with pay.

President Roosevelt has announced the White house will be in mourning for his uncle, James K. Gracie, and there will be no entertainments until Dec. 17, the date set for his dinner to his cabinet. This is an official function and it is probable the period of mourning will be broken only by official entertainments until the first of the new year. Mrs. Roosevelt was to have met the women of the cabinet at the White house this morning to discuss the coming social program for the winter, but she sent them word this morning that their visit must be deferred until Tuesday of next week.

Secretary Hay Gives Dinner.

Secretary of State Hay gave a dinner tonight in honor of the foreign relations committee of the senate and the foreign affairs committee of the house, Senator Cullom, chairman of the senate committee, and Representative Hitt of the house committee both being present. Among other guests invited were Speaker Cannon, Attorney General Knox, Secretary of War Root, and Secretary of the Navy Moody.

Miss Roosevelt's Double to Serve.

Owing to the mourning at the White house there will be some curious changes in the program for the wedding of Miss Lelia McCauley and Wolcott Tuckerman, which takes place at noon tomorrow, and for which Miss Roosevelt was to be bridemaid and President and Mrs. Roosevelt guests. Many who are not familiarly acquainted with Miss Roosevelt or who have not read the story of her withdrawal will be slow to believe she is not really in the party. Miss Alice Gordon Parker, daughter of Representative and Mrs. Richard Wayne Parker, who takes Miss Roosevelt's place in the wedding party, is of exactly the size, complexion, and general appearance of Miss Roosevelt, and the pink silk and chiffon bridemaid's dress which was fitted to Miss Roosevelt will not need to have a hook changed for Miss Parker. Another change in this wedding party is the substitution of Miss Florence Field, daughter of Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, for Miss Postlewaite, who is confined to her bed with illness and whose gown also fits Miss Field to perfection.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor and Mrs. Cortelyou have as their guest for the season Miss Grace Hines of Hempstead, L. I., sister of Mrs. Cortelyou.

Countess Gives Diplomatic Tea.

Countess Cassini gave her first diplomatic tea of the season this afternoon, when fully a hundred members of the corps called and paid their respects. The tea was preceded by a lecture and parlor talk by Mlle. Vlansone, which was attended by society people generally. The Countess Cassini, who is noted for her original and stunning costumes, wore a gown of heavy ecru lace over blue broadcloth, the bottom of the gown and the bertha about her shoulders being trimmed in heavy blue silk fringe. Among the guests were the Mexican ambassador and Senora de Azpiros, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador and Baroness Hengelmüller, the French ambassador and Mme. Jusserand, viscount de Chambrun, Baroness Sternburg, Miss Langham, the Belgian minister and the Baroness Moncheur, and of a number of the younger diplomats. Miss Langham, a sister of Baroness Sternburg, and who will be her guest at the German embassy for the winter, and Miss Josephine Boardman, poured tea from a Russian samovar into the quaintest little Russian cups, while the young men of the diplomatic corps passed it to the fair callers.

ROOSEVELT DRAWS NO LINE.

President Says He Is as Accessible to Butte Miners as He Is to Any Other Reputable Citizens.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—Regarding the reception at the White house today of the representatives of the Butte labor organizations, it was pointed out authoritatively tonight that the president's position has been perfectly well known throughout his administration. His view, it was stated, is that he is president of the whole people—wage workers, capitalists, farmers, bankers—everybody, and that a reputable individual of one class has the same right of access to him as a reputable individual of any other class.

EUGENE F. WARE MAY RESIGN.

Report in Washington That Head of the Pension Department Is Not Satisfied with Official Duties.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—It is said that Eugene F. Ware, the commissioner of pensions, will retire from that office by about the middle of November of next year, and will return immediately to the practice of law in Kansas. The decision to resign and return to private life is the result of his long felt dissatisfaction with the nature of the duties of his office.

Emphasis must be given to the fact that

Royal Baking-Powder-Risen

foods—light, delicate hot-biscuit, hot rolls, doughnuts, puddings and crusts—are not only anti-dyspeptic in themselves, but aid the digestion of other foods with which they assimilate in the stomach—the joint, the game, the entree—important parts of the Thanksgiving Feast.

Royal Baking Powder makes the food finer flavored, more tasty, more healthful.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Mandel Brothers

Telephone Private Exchange 10.

STORE CLOSED THURSDAY, THANKSGIVING DAY

About the men's overcoats in our clothing sale

THIS is an age of ideas—of improvement. It is by the introduction and perfection of new ideas that the world progresses. Our Mandel Special and Brokaw Brothers' clothing is a new idea—an idea worked on long and patiently to perfect. The shoulder is a revelation in the art of tailoring—the greatest improvement made in fifty years. *Second floor.*

It is a new and better way of making the most vital part of the coat. It is a very full, wide, shapely shoulder, higher and broader than the ordinary shoulder. It will set on one person as well as another. There is no superfluous wadding to stretch, sag and lose its shape. And the collar, no less important than the shoulder, sets snugly and always remains so, for it is carefully worked into shape by hand

And this is the kind of overcoats you'll find in our clothing sale—and at the lowest prices good overcoats ever sold for. The new belt coats, full and long, and the loose back coats, cut generously and with wide sweep—kerseys, friezes and Scotch mixtures, in plaids, checks and stripes.

$15 **$19**

The coats that were $18, $20 and $22 are $15.
The coats that were $25 and $28 are now $19.

BE THANKFUL!

Every woman from Maine to California should give thanks to the

GOLD DUST TWINS

and "Let them do her work."

GOLD DUST

is the first aid in housework. It brightens everything it touches and lightens the housewife's burden. GOLD DUST is the world's greatest cleanser.

GENERAL USES FOR GOLD DUST — Washing clothes and dishes, scrubbing floors, cleaning woodwork, oilcloth, silverware and tinware, polishing brass work, cleaning bath room, pipes, etc., and making the finest soft soap.

Made by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago—Makers of FAIRY SOAP.

GOLD DUST makes hard water soft

Open tonight until 8 o'clock.
Closed all day Thanksgiving.

We'll make it warm for you Thanksgiving—if you'll let us.

It isn't the overcoat or swallow-tail that makes the man—but the man that makes the coat "cuts quite a figure."

The tailoring in our R.-P. clothes is of the made-to-order standard.

Thanksgiving overcoats—$16 to $60—that you'll be thankful to occupy.

Swallow-tail suits—$30, $35, $40 and $50—tailored faultlessly.

Tuxedo coats, alone—silk-lined—$21 to $27.

Silk-lined Prince Alberts—and cut-aways.

Handsome "fixings" go a long way—even if you dine at home.
Here are the best of the neckwear novel-ties—new shirts, white and fanciful—new gloves—new hosiery, etc., in profusion.
Also comfortable underwear—the likable kinds—wool, silk-and-wool, or all-silk—union or 2-piece—dependable qualities only.

F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We all orders by mail.

Rain or Snow Proof Leather

is Ideal Leather

The new leather which is always bright, glossy, strong and soft, and *can't get hard.* Rain or snow don't affect it. When you buy shoes look for this label.

Wolff Process Leather Co. Philadelphia.

THIS SHOE IS MADE OF WOLFF'S PATENTED LEATHER

ALWAYS A GOOD STYLE TO THE BARNES HAT Wabash & Monroe

Write us for FREE PAMPHLET.

A CURE FOR

PIMPLES

With letters from physicians and druggists stating results obtained.

DERM-ASEPTIC

Skin Lotion Never Fails.

It makes Rough Complexions Smooth and Soft as Velvet.

We will upon request mail the pamphlet to you in a plain envelope, and you will be convinced.

All Druggists Sell It.

DERM-ASEPTIC CO.
CHICAGO.

WEAK LUNGS

Absolutely cured by the ATOMIC treatment. Full particulars on application. DR. PEIRO, specialist, 34 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SCHWAB BLOCKS BATTLESHIP BIDS.

Lewis Nixon Tells Real Reason for Collapse of Shipbuilding Trust.

BRIBERY CHARGE MADE.

Steel Magnate Accused of Offering Cash to Secure Reorganization Plan.

New York, Nov. 24.—[Special.]—Today's hearing of the complaint of the first mortgage bondholders of the defunct United States Shipbuilding company was full of sensations. Direct charges of bribery were made against Charles M. Schwab. It was charged that the Bethlehem Steel company, at the instigation of Charles M. Schwab, charged the shipbuilding company such high prices for steel forgings that it was impossible for it to compete with rival builders.

The climax of the day's sensations came when it was alleged that when the president of the company, a practical shipbuilder, had prepared bids for two new battleships at figures that, as afterwards proved, would have given the United States Shipbuilding company contracts worth $8,000,000 and established its credit on an unassailable basis and saved it from the disaster that afterwards overtook it, Max Pam, the attorney for Charles M. Schwab, made out bids which made it absolutely certain that they would be rejected.

Caused the Collapse.

These amended bids, prepared by a lawyer, were submitted against President Nixon's opposition. This caused his resignation and resulted in the shipyard combination getting the contracts and, according to today's allegations, this action precipitated the collapse of the United States Shipbuilding company.

Another feature of today's proceeding was the statement by Lewis Nixon that of the $5,000,000 additional stock issued when the company was reorganized to take in the Bethlehem company $1,000,000 went to Max Pam, Mr. Schwab's counsel, and $1,000,000 each to Mr. Nixon, Mr. Dresser, and the Trust Company of the Republic, leaving $1,000,000, the disposition of which he did not know. He did not know whether Mr. Schwab obtained it.

Accuses Schwab of Bribery.

The direct charge of bribery against Charles M. Schwab was made by Attorney Untermyer, who brought out the fact that at the time the Sheldon reorganization plan was under consideration Schwab offered to purchase $100,000 bonds, with the accompanying bonus of 25,000 shares of common and 25,000 shares of preferred stock, issued to Lewis Nixon, for $90,000, while the market value was far less than this. Mr. Untermyer made the direct charge that this was the offer of a bribe to induce Nixon to agree to the Sheldon plan of reorganization, instead of the plan for an assessment of stock, which he had previously advocated. The offer was shown in two letters of Mr. Schwab to Joseph H. Hoadley.

Proof of Alleged Bribery.

The first letter was as follows:

New York, May 28, 1903.—Joseph H. Hoadley, New York, N. Y.—Dear Sir: Providing the United States Shipbuilding reorganization is perfected I hereby guarantee to take and pay for $100,000 of first mortgage bonds of the United States Shipbuilding company; 25,000 shares of preferred and 25,000 shares of common stock, for the sum of $90,000, plus interest on said bonds, on or before Dec. 1, 1903. Said bonds and stock to be deposited with Messrs. McIntyre & Marshall, 74 Broadway, New York, and to be exchanged for securities of the reorganized company, as assigned by agreement issued by the reorganization committee.

C. M. SCHWAB.

The second letter made a similar offer. Both communications were accepted as evidence. Mr. Nixon admitted in answer to questions that Mr. Hoadley had advised him to consent to the Sheldon reorganization plan, because Mr. Schwab had refused to accept the assessment plan, and that he (Nixon) had thereupon written a letter recommending the Sheldon plan.

"As to my deriving any profit from the transaction, that is nonsense," said Mr. Nixon. "The transaction concerned others, and I prefer that they should tell it."

Morgan Owns Bethlehem Plant.

For the first time the fact that the Bethlehem Steel plant was owned by J. P. Morgan & Co., not by Schwab, providing that Schwab agreement of July 2, 1903, between Nixon, Dresser, and Schwab, providing that Schwab should loan to Nixon and Dresser $7,346,871 to purchase the Bethlehem stock from J. P. Morgan & Co. as syndicate managers, in return for which Schwab was to receive $15,000,000 in stock and $10,000,000 in bonds, was introduced in evidence at this point, Mr. Nixon testifying that he had always understood that Schwab, and not Morgan & Co., owned the Bethlehem stock. Receipts from Schwab, per attorney, and J. P. Morgan & Co., acknowledging the delivery on Aug. 12 of 75,000 and 25,000 shares preferred stock and the same amount of common respectively were introduced in evidence.

Failed to Meet Agreement.

Mr. Nixon testified that the Bethlehem company had paid to the Shipbuilding company of the $1,350,000 in cash working capital agreed upon "not 1 cent."

During the day Lewis Nixon made public a letter written to him by Joseph H. Hoadley, refusing to extend any financial assistance to the Shipbuilding company.

SENDS PROXY TO COURT TO CONFESS HIS GUILT.

"Red Letter" Sullivan Has Attorney Pay $450 Fine for Bucket Shopping So He May Escape Arrest.

By sending a proxy to represent him in Judge Gary's court yesterday, George T. Sullivan, better known as "Red Letter" Sullivan, saved his bond and avoided the United States marshal, who has a capias for his arrest.

Sullivan's substitute was Attorney Edward Morris, who pleaded guilty to a charge of bucket shopping in the name of his client and paid the fine of more than $450 demanded by Assistant State's Attorney Barnes. A fine of $500 was the maximum amount that could have been imposed had Sullivan been convicted after a trial. Sullivan became a fugitive several days ago, when a capias was issued in contempt proceedings. Sullivan had violated an injunction of the federal court restraining him from using the quotations of the board of trade. When the state's attorney learned of the matter Mr. Barnes placed the state charge against the broker on the call.

Sullivan had to appear in court or forfeit a bond of $5,000. If he appeared he would have been arrested by the United States marshal, so he sent his attorney to represent him.

SUES CITY: GETS $1 DAMAGES.

Patrick Duffy, Who Fell Through a Sidewalk, Fails to Convince Jury He Was Seriously Hurt.

City Attorney Smulski won congratulations yesterday in Judge McEwen's court over a victory for the city obtained by himself and Assistant City Attorney Frank D. Ayers, when a jury rendered a verdict of $1 damages in favor of Patrick Duffy. Duffy four years ago fell through a hole in a Twelfth street sidewalk near Wood street, and brought suit for $15,000. That he fell and was hurt apparently was not disputed, but Mr. Smulski brought a mass of testimony that his hurt was slight.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Mandel Brothers

STORE CLOSED THURSDAY—THANKSGIVING DAY

Wraps, coats and costumes for evening, reception and street wear

JUST as the social season has fairly begun, we expect to create unusual interest by offering you the smartest theater coats and evening wraps at unusually low prices—lower than such garments are usually sold for at the end of the season. Some of them are copies of French models and others are styles created exclusively for us.

They are in black and pale-tinted broadcloths, lined with rich white satin or brocade, trimmed with cut-out work, fancy silk braids or Persian bands.

42-inch coats, in champagne color, 3 capes & fancy collar piped in blue or green, fancy sleeves, **$50**

¾-coats, in blue, green, tan, black or cream, elaborately trimmed with wide silk braid in fancy pattern, **$75.**

42-inch coats, in ivory, black or tan, **$35**

Evening gowns of crepe de chine, in pink, gray, white or blue. The deep, pin tucked flounce has a heading of wide lace insertion. The waist is all pin tucks, insertion and lace—the drop skirt is taffeta, **$25.**

Evening gowns of biscuit, gray, blue, brown, black or tan voile, trimmed with passementerie—a deep, box plaited bodice overhangs a blouse of chiffon—the wide girdle and cuffs are dotted with French knots—skirt with yards and yards of pin tucking, **$50.**

A $25 street coat sale

WE are offering at the same price tomorrow two excellent coats. One is of Montagnac, made with a box front and military cape; the lining is of heavy Skinner satin. The other is a skirted blouse of black velvet, with all the seams outlined by fancy silk braid; the collar and cuffs are of stitched peau de soie. These are both bargains quite out of the ordinary, and values that cannot be duplicated elsewhere **$25**

Special seal coat offer—$185

WE have just brought down from our workrooms some seal jackets that we are going to sell at a price that will prove a pleasant surprise. They are made of a good quality of London-dyed sealskin—only the best workmanship enters into them. They have a box front, 24 inches long, with deep collars and revers and flaring cuffs—the lining is a handsome brocade—**$185.**

Four-in-hand ties—moline, with silk fringe, $10.
Double scarfs—rich dark Eastern mink, full size skins, $25.
Double scarfs—blue lynx, finished with tails and cord, $25.
Cluster Scarfs—good color, natural mink, $10 and 7.50.

CIGAR MEN HAVE PLAN TO SAVE TRADE FROM CUBANS.

Defeated in Fight Against Reciprocity, the Union Wants Placing of Import Stamp on Boxes Discontinued by Law

Admitting defeat in their effort to prevent the passage of the Cuban reciprocity bill, the cigarmakers' union has decided on another method to prevent injury to their business through the operations of the measure. It will attempt to have the system of placing import stamps on boxes of imported cigars discontinued.

George J. Thompson, who went to Washington in the interests of the union, returned to Chicago yesterday.

"Cigars are the only foreign made product to which the government affixes a certificate of importation," he said. "This stamp guarantees the contents of the box to be imported and it sells the cigars for the dealer. Without it the Cuban made product would not bring higher prices than the home made cigars.

"I believe we have a good chance to get the import stamps done away with. I saw Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee and he seemed friendly to the plan.

"It is not generally appreciated how fatal to the American cigarmaker the reciprocity bill would be. The import duty on leaf tobacco is comparatively low, but it is high on cigars. The reduction of 20 per cent on all Cuban imports would, therefore, mean a reduction of $1.80 in the raw material to make 1,000 cigars and would mean a reduction of $12.60 on 1,000 made cigars. This law discriminates against the importation of raw material and in favor of the finished product. To the 100,000 cigarmakers in this country some relief from its effect will be imperative."

DRAINAGE CANAL FULL OF FISH.

Two Men Close Lock at Joliet and Get Fifty-five Lake Michigan Perch.

The drainage canal is crowded with fish, according to reports from below Chicago. Marshal Coen of the drainage district police offers proof of this.

"Policeman George Breslin and Lockkeeper Edner at the Jackson street lock in Joliet," he said, "saw a school of Lake Michigan perch in the canal on Monday. They closed the lock and got fifty-five fish. I had some of them for dinner today."

Marshal Coen and others hold that the swift current purifies the water so that fish may thrive between the high banks of the artificial river.

Monarch

SHIRTS

ARE THE BEST AT THE PRICE

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS

AGE
PURITY—FLAVOR
THESE THREE REQUISITES MAKE

HUNTER BALTIMORE RYE

THE AMERICAN GENTLEMAN'S WHISKEY

H. M. GRANDIN, Representative,
55 Hartford Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
Telephone Central 4460.

Are You Constipated?
It causes more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women. It can be prevented if Beecham's Pills are taken whenever nature calls for assistance. Comfort and happiness follow the use of

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

DERM-ASEPTIC
CURES CHAPPED HANDS
IN ONE NIGHT

For more than 50 years The Chicago Tribune has remained ahead of all other western newspapers.

"GLOBE" Filing Devices and All Styles of Office DESKS
Globe-Wernicke Co. 234-236 WABASH-AV.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring Chiropody, Facial Massage Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment.
L. BURNHAM, 70 & 72 State-st

THE LATEST CRAZE
PIT
THE GREAT GAME
45 cents.
Marshall Field & Co.
Fifth Floor North Room.

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Chicago Office: 269 DEARBORN ST SUITE 400 Tel. Harrison 2345
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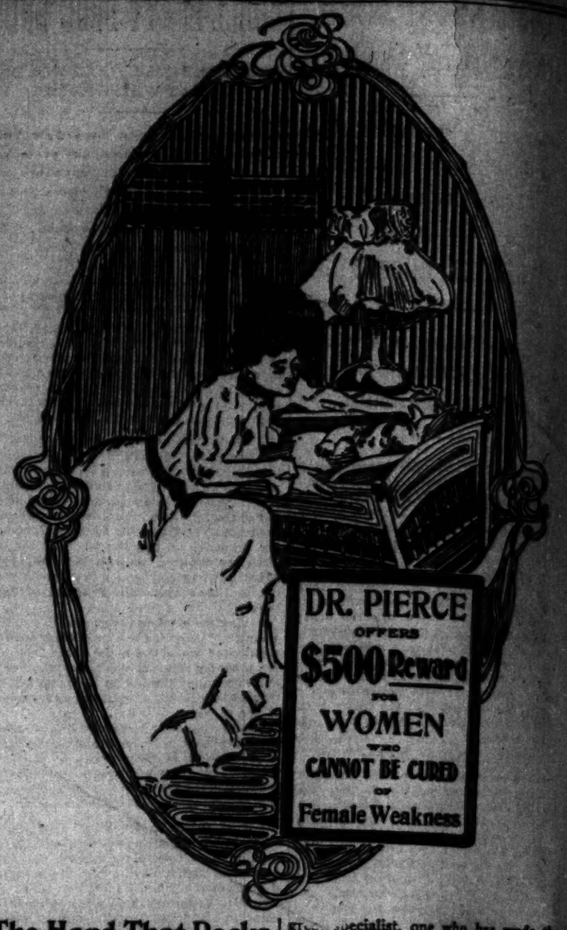

"The Hand That Rocks The Cradle Rules The World."

MOTHER'S love starts a man or woman on the right path. The right remedy at the right time fits a mother for the ordeal. Motherhood is often looked forward to with feelings of great dread by most women. At such a time when she is nervous, dyspeptic, irritable and in need of a uterine tonic—something which will calm the nervous system through the special organs, and a strength builder, she will find Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription just what is needed. Here is a medicine that has stood the test of a third of a century with approval, in that time it has sold more largely than any other remedy put up specially for woman's weaknesses. It is guaranteed by the proprietors not to contain a particle of alcohol—which could only do harm to a sensitive system.

WHY WOMEN SHOULD CONFIDE IN A MAN.

It is much easier for a woman to confide in the average man than in the average woman. She knows that the man will respect her confidences and keep them to himself. He is strong, has more experience of the world and can help the woman who needs advice. Without a perfect medical understanding there can be no helpful advice, women should not trust their delicate constitutions in the hands of unskilled persons. It requires a thorough medical education to appreciate and understand the womanly organism. When a woman has ills and pains that she cannot bear—when life seems dark for every woman, she should confide her troubles to a physician of standing in the community, or one who has a national reputation. Certainly it would not be the part of wisdom to confide in an ignorant person without medical education simply because she was a woman. There is every reason why she should write to some specialist, one who has made the diseases of women a specialty for a third of a century, like Dr. R. V. Pierce, founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. All correspondence is held sacredly confidential, and he gives his advice free and without charge.

SINGLE AND MARRIED WOMEN

Very often find that it is repugnant to their feelings to consult their family physician. In such a case they can put perfect confidence in Dr. Pierce, who has made such a success in the treatment of women's diseases, for he will give the very best advice possible and without cost. To grow beautiful, healthy and happy should be the desire of every woman. It is then possible to hold a husband and to make home happy and bring contentment to it. In most cases Dr. R. V. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will fit the needs and put the body in healthy condition.

So sure of it is the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., proprietors of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that they offer

A $500 REWARD

For women who cannot be cured of Female Weakness or Prolapsus. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial of their means of cure.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription restores weak and sick women to good health, by curing the local womanly diseases which are generally responsible for the failure of the general health. A woman's entire being is centered in her womanly nature. When the delicate womanly organism is attacked by disease; when there is irregularity; when inflammation burns and ulcers gnaw, the general health will reflect the progress of disease, in increasing weakness, nervousness, backache, headache, loss of appetite and sleeplessness.

KNOW THYSELF.

Read all about yourself, your system, the physiology of life, anatomy, hygiene, simple home cures, etc., in The Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book of 1008 pages. For cloth-bound copy send 21 cents in one-cent stamps, or for paper covered 21 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

REVELL & CO.
FINE FURNITURE.
Ball-Bearing Sectional Book Cases.

The Only Ball-Bearing Sectional Book Case on the Market.

This popular style of Book Case is now conceded to be the only practical one for a growing library. Whether your collection of books be large or small, this case can be exactly adapted to it. No unfilled shelves, no surplus of books. The sectional construction also permits an artistic arrangement to fit almost any space. High quality, combined with many practical features, makes this the most attractive case on the market. Absolutely non-binding doors have at last been secured through the use of ball bearings.

For sale in Chicago exclusively by us.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.
COR. ADAMS ST. AND WABASH AV.

DR. CHARLES' FLESH FOOD
For the Form and Complexion

Has been successfully used by leading actresses, singers and women of fashion for more than 25 years.

Wherever applied it is instantly absorbed through the pores of the skin, and its wonderful nutrition feeds the wasting tissues,

Removing Wrinkles

as if by magic, one application often showing a remarkable improvement.

Dr. Charles' Flesh Food is positively the only preparation known to medical science that will round out hollows in the neck and produce firm, healthy flesh on thin cheeks, arms and hands.

FOR DEVELOPING THE BUST

or breast, shrunken from nursing, it has the highest indorsement of physicians. Two boxes are often sufficient to make the bust firm, large and beautiful. Regular price, $1.00 a box, but to all who take advantage of this SPECIAL OFFER and send us one dollar, we will send two (2) boxes, in plain wrapper.

FREE —A sample box and our book "Art of Massage," fully illustrated, will be sent free to any lady sending 10 cents to pay for cost of mailing. Address

DR. CHARLES CO., 19 Park Place New York.

To secure insertion in all editions of "The Sunday Tribune" classified ads. must be in this office Friday.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.
3,000 ADJUSTABLE KORRIS CHAIRS 9.75

The above illustration represents our adjustable chair. It is substantially constructed of thoroughly seasoned wood in oak, golden or weathered finish and mahogonized birch, has heavy-carved claw feet, carved front posts, finely turned spindles, surmounted by wide, comfortable arms, loose reversible cushion, covered in velour, plain or figured. The seat is supported on nine finely tempered spiral steel springs, giving a degree of luxurious comfort not obtainable in any other chair; has closed ratchet back, which prevents the seat from dropping out; can be adjusted to four different positions; detachable hinges.

There is no article of furniture that can equal the value given in the above chair. Price, $9.75. Sale on the great 5th floor.

REVELL & CO.
Cor. Adams and Wabash Av.

WINTER RESORTS.

HAMPTON TERRACE
AUGUSTA, GA.
Opens for the second season December 17th.
For booklets and information apply to
C. A. LINSLEY,
9th Ave. Hotel, N. Y., or Augusta, Ga.

Write for Illustrated Booklet of the
PINE FOREST INN,
SUMMERVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA.
A Modern, Handsomely appointed Hotel. 18-hole Golf Links, and excellent Hunting. Open December 3d. P. W. WAGENER & CO., Proprietors.
WM. P. KENNEY, Manager.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.
Health, Recreation and Pleasure—Get Both!
THE PARK HOTEL, HIGH-CLASS
American and European Plan.
Finest Cafes and Grill Rooms West of New York.
Marble Bath House. Complete Gymnasium.
Open Dec. 1st. | J. R. HAYS, Lessee and Manager.
to May 15th. | J. G. WALKER, Associate Manager.

DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request, by writing on their notices when handing them in: "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

IN MEMORIAM.

BAUMANN—In remembrance of Carl Baumann, husband of Caroline, died one year ago today, Nov. 24, 1902.

BATES—To my dear young friend, Mamie Hayes, who died November 25, 1900:
Rest thou hast gone to the house of thy rest.
Then why should my soul be so sad?
I know thou hast gone where the weary are blest,
And the mourner looks up and is glad.
Where love has put on its land of its birth,
The stars it had gathered in the north
And hope the sweet singer that gladdened the earth,
Lies asleep on the bosom of Dallas.
I know that her gone where thy forehead is starred
With the beauty that dwelt in thy soul,
Where the light of thy loveliness cannot be marred,
Nor thy heart be flung back from its goal;
I know thou hast drunk of the lethe that flows
Through a land where they do not forget,
That sheds over memory only a rose,
And takes from it only regret:
Else eye must be dark, that so long has been dim,
Ere death's pale mace upon thine
But the heart has revealings of thee and thy home
In many a token and sign;
I see thy rich star in the vault of the sky,
Thy light like thy beauty is there,
And I hear a low murmur, like thine, in reply,
When I pour out my spirit in prayer. M. A.

Anson, William E.
Becker, Gustav.
Bechtel, D. W. H.
Bensel, Bertha.
Bensel, Michael.
Carlton, Dick'nson.
Carpenter, Eustus.
Cassidy, Catherine.
Cassidy, Patrick.
Conroy, Gregory.
Dickinson, Carlton.
Dick'nson, Carlton.
Dippold, Christina B.
Fraser, Donalda.
Fraser, John Stuart.
Furlong, Catherine E.
Gavin, The Rev. C. H.
Hackett, John.
Hain, Anna Marie.
Hamilton, Thomas F.
Herbert, Charles.
Hirst, Teddy.
King, Helena Jeanne.
Kinsella, Mary.
Klein, Mrs. May.
Lewis, Ella M.
Luttrell, Mrs. Alice.
Lydon, Harry C.
Mattinzly, Mary Ann.
McMurtry, John Gibson.
O'Donnell, Dastian.
Oster, John P.
Schoonmaker, Mary A.
Schumacher, Christina.
Sheehy, John.
Voelker, Bertha.
Warne, Mrs. Mary G.
Wisemiller, Elsie.

ARON—William E., aged 38 years Nov. 22. Funeral conducted by wife, Florence H. Anson (nee Denham), and children, Frederick D. and Charles E. Anson. Funeral Nov. 25, 1903, at 1 o'clock, residence, 247 N. Springfield-av., by carriages to Forest Olive. Minnesota papers please copy.

BECKER—Gustav, on Nov. 24, aged 10 years. Funeral Nov. 27, from 2026 Dayton-st., at 2:30 p. m. to St. James' church, thence by carriage to St. Lucas.

BISCHOFF—Dr. William H., aged 53 years. Funeral from 3609 Milwaukee-av., Nov. 26, at 1 p. m., to Waldheim.

BORZEL—Bertha, Nov. 23. Funeral from 2708 Emerald-av., Nov. 25, at 9 a. m., by carriages to St. Antonius church, thence by carriages to St. Boniface.

CANTY—Michael, husband of Mary Canty, at 92 W. 18th-st. Funeral Nov. 25, at 10 a. m., to Sacred Heart church, by carriages to Calvary.

CARLTON—Dickinson, at Edison Park, Ill., Nov. 23, 1903. Funeral from late residence Thursday, Nov. 26, 2:30 p. m.

CARPENTER—Eugene, at 28 Spruce-st, son of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Ryan. Funeral Wednesday at 9 a. m., to St. Jarlath's church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

CARROLL—Catherine, beloved wife of the late Martin Carroll [nee Cash], mother of Michael, Thomas, Patrick, Frank, Kittie, Hannah, and Mrs. Bertha Hoffman. Funeral from her late home, 1287 Rokeby-st., to Mount Carmel cemetery, by carriages to Calvary.

McMURTRY—John G., Nov. 23, at Lake Geneva, Wis., aged 75, formerly of Chicago, Michigan City and retired freight department and bookkeeper First National bank; a resident of Chicago about fifty years. Funeral Thursday, Nov. 26, at 9 a. m. from late residence, 75 Cherry-av., to Immaculate Conception church, Lake Geneva; requiem high mass will be celebrated, thence by carriages to Calvary.

CASSIDY—Patrick, at house of sister, Mrs. Catherine Callahan, 771 Austin-av. Funeral notice hereafter.

CONROY—Gregory, Nov. 22, husband of the late Ellen Conroy, 3502 Emerald-av. Funeral notice later.

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ECKHOFF—Anna Eckhoff, aged 19 years 8 months, beloved daughter of Anna and the late Johann F. Eckhoff, Nov. 23, 1903. Funeral from late home at Norwood Park Wednesday, Nov. 25, 1903, at 2:30 p. m., thence by carriages to Park Ridge.

FRASHER—John Stuart, husband of Ada Crutenden Frasher, at 5060 Washington-av. Funeral from the residence of his father, W. L. Frasher, Lake-av. at 5 o'clock Thursday, Nov. 26. Burial private. New York City and Brooklyn [N. Y.] papers please copy.

FURLONG—Catherine E., wife of Robert J. Furlong, at 106 Mathews-av. Funeral notice later.

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HACKETT—John. Funeral from 2935 Union-av., Nov. 24, to All Saints' church, thence by carriages to Mount Olivet.

HAIN—Anna Marie, aged 83 years. Funeral Nov. 25, at 8 a. m., from 182 Oakwood-blvd., to Holy Family church, thence to St. Boniface cemetery.

HAMILTON—Thomas F., aged 27 years, son of Patrick and Mary Hamilton. Funeral from 3729 Wallace-st. Thursday at 9 a. m. from 3729 Union-st., to Church of Nativity, thence by carriages to Calvary.

HARBERT—Nov. 23, Charles, husband of Ellen Harbert, father of Mrs. Ida Bergmann. Thursday at 9:30 a. m. to Holy Name cathedral, by carriages to Calvary.

HIRST—Teddy, son of Charles G. and Olivia Hirst, aged 18 years. Funeral from 3729 Wallace-st., Nov. 25 at 2 o'clock p. m., to Graceland.

KING—Helena Jeanne, 3936 Polk-st., daughter of Mary and Thomas King. Funeral Nov. 25 at 10 o'clock a. m. Burial at Mount Carmel.

KINGSBURY—George, aged 22 years, son of Mrs. Lucy Kingsbury. Funeral from 5918 Stewart-av., Nov. 26, at 10 o'clock, thence by carriages to Mount Greenwood.

KLEIN—Nov. 24, Mrs. May Klein, wife of William Klein, aged 34 years, at 342 Center-st. Funeral at 2 p. m. Wednesday.

LEWIS—Ella M., 24th, at 500 Dearborn-av. Funeral from Immaculate Conception church at 1:30 p. m. Wednesday. Burial at Baltimore, Md., Friday.

LUKAREE—Mrs. Alice, Nov. 23, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Grant Sr. of 14894 Parkway-av., Riverdale, Ill. Funeral services Thursday, Nov. 26, at 2 p. m. at residence of brother, F. W. Grant, 165 Park-av. Interment at Forest Home.

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MATTINGLY—Mary Ann, aged 67 years. Services Nov. 24, at 7:30 p. m., at 623 Park-av. Interment at Shannon, Ill.

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MOELLE—Regina, relict of the late John C. Moelle, Nov. 23, aged 75 years. Funeral from 842 N. Halsted-st., Nov. 26, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., to St. Theresa's church, thence by carriages to St. Boniface.

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SCHOONMAKER—Mary A., 43 E. 76th-st., aged 64, sister of George Nichols, Windsor Park. Funeral at late residence Wednesday at 1 p. m. Burial at Cadiz, O., Thursday.

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VOELKER—Bertha, Nov. 24, wife of Theodore Voelker. Funeral Nov. 27, at 10:30 a. m., from 1900 Western-av., by carriages to Concordia.

WARNE—Mrs. Mary G., widow of the late Albert M. Warne and only daughter of J. K. Forrest. Funeral Wednesday, Nov. 25, at 11 o'clock a. m., from late residence, 600 Washington-blvd.

WISEMILLER—Elsie, daughter of Grant and Pearle Wisemiller, aged 1 year. Funeral Nov. 26, 2:30 p. m., by cars to Calvary.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULES.

FOREIGN MAILS CLOSE AT CHICAGO promptly as follows:
Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Italy, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Germany, and Lourenzo Marques, 5 p. m.
Africa, 7:30 p. m.
Mexico, 9 p. m.
Jamaica, via New York, 12 p. m.
Portugal, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. St. Paul, Thursday, Nov. 26, 8 a. m.
For Japan, China, and Corea, via Seattle and C. P. R. C., by S. S. Empress of China, Thursday, Nov. 26, 9 p. m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

UNDERTAKERS.

ARD, A. D. PERRIGO, UNDERTAKER, 2073 Lincoln-av., of the late firm of J. Whittier Buffum & A. D. Perrigo. Private ambulances. Telephone Douglas 674.

ABLISHED 1854 — C. H. JORDAN & CO., 39 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST. CHICAGO. 2 Aspen. Funeral Nov. 25, 1903, at 1 o'clock, residence, 247 N. Springfield-av., by carriages to Forest Olive. Minnesota papers please copy.

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OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 24.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:
Illinois—Rain or snow Wednesday and Thursday, fresh northeast winds.
Ohio—Partly cloudy Wednesday with rain or snow in southern portion, rain or snow Thursday, fresh north winds.
Upper Michigan—Fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh north winds.
Lower Michigan—Partly cloudy Wednesday, Thursday fair in northern, snow in southern portion, fresh north winds.
Indiana—Rain or snow Wednesday and Thursday, fresh north to northeast winds.
Missouri—Rain or snow Wednesday, Thursday fair.
Wisconsin—Partly cloudy Wednesday and Thursday, fresh north winds.
Minnesota—Snow flurries Wednesday and Thursday, warmer Wednesday, light to fresh north winds.
Iowa—Snow flurries Wednesday and Thursday.
North Dakota, South Dakota—Fair in western, snow flurries in eastern portion Wednesday, Thursday fair.
Nebraska—Fair in western, rain or snow and warmer in eastern portion Wednesday, Thursday fair.

Place of observation.	Time taken: Nov. 24, 8 p. m.	Temperature.	Direction of wind.	Velocity of wind.	Precipitation in inches.	State of weather.
Abilene		62	N			Fair
Albany		30	NW	6	.01	Snow
Aspena		20	NW	6	Tr.	Snow
Atlantic		62	SW	6		Clear
Amarillo		62	SW	6		Clear
Battleford		16	W	4		Clear
Bismarck		14	Calm			Clear
Buffalo		32	SE	10		Snow
Boston		38	W	6		Clear
Cairo		44	W	6	Tr.	Clear
Calgary		22	SE	6		Clo'dy
Charlotte		52	Calm			Fair
Cheyenne		60	SW	6		Clear
Cincinnati		40	NW	6		Fair
Cleveland		34	NW	6	.01	Clo'dy
Concordia		62	SE	6		Fair
Davenport		50	SE	6		Clear
Denver		66	SW	6		Clear
Des Moines		46	NW	6	Tr.	Snow
Detroit		32	NE	6	.01	Clo'dy
Dodge City		56	NW	6		Clear
Dubuque		36	NW	6		Clear
Duluth		26	NW	6		Clear
El Paso		74	W	6		Clear
Edmonton		28	NW	6		Fair
Galveston		80	SE	6		Clear
Grand Rapids		34	NW	6		Clear
Green Bay		34	NW	6	Tr.	Snow
Havre		14	W	6		Clear
Helena		28	SW	6		Clear
Huron		34	NW	6		Clo'dy
Indianapolis		34	NW	6	.14	Clo'dy
Jacksonville		60	NW	6		Clear
Kansas City		62	NW	6		Clear
Lander		36	NW	6	Tr.	Clo'dy
Little Rock		44	NE	6		Clo'dy
Los Angeles		62	SW	6		Fair
Marquette		18	W	6	.06	Snow
Memphis		46	NE	6		Clo'dy
Medicine Hat		20	SE	6		Clear
Milwaukee		30	SE	6		Clear
Minnedosa		8	S			Clear
Montgomery		54	Calm		.02	Clo'dy
Montreal		20	W	6		Clo'dy
Moorhead		6	S		.02	Clo'dy
Nashville		40	NE	6		Clo'dy
New Orleans		70	NE	12		Clo'dy
New York City		34	W	6	Tr.	Clear
Norfolk		44	NE	6		Clear
North Platte		52	W	6		Clear
Oklahoma		42	SE	6		Clo'dy
Omaha		34	NW	6	.06	Snow
Oswego		22	NW	6	.08	Snow
Palestine		90	SE	6		Clear
Parkersburg		34	NW	6		Fair
Philadelphia		36	NW	6		Clear
Pittsburg		30	SE	6		Clear
Pueblo		48	SW	6		Clear
Qu'Appelle		10	NW	6		Clear
Rapid City		20	NW	6		Clear
San Francisco		56	SW	6		Clear
St. Louis		48	NE	6	Tr.	Snow
St. Paul		26	NW	6		Clear
Salt Lake City		46	SW	6	.01	Clear
Sault Ste. Marie		16	NE	6		Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill.		28	NW	6	Tr.	Snow
Springfield, Mo.		29	NE	6	.04	Clear
Vicksburg		58	SE	6		Clear
Washington		36	NE	6		Clear
White River		17	NW	6		Clear
Wichita		56	SE	6		Clo'dy
Williston		24	NE	6	.01	Clo'dy
Winnipeg		14	Calm			Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by Manasse, optician, 88 E. Madison-st., was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 29 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 29; 10 a. m., 29; 11 a. m., 29; 12 m., 30; 1 p. m., 30; 2 p. m., 30; 3 p. m., 30. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.60; 5 p. m., 29.70.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Alegza, Annie, 22; 1119 N. Ashland-av., Nov. 22.
Barrett, Lucinda, 72; 2653 Blackhawk-st., Nov. 22.
Behr, Dorathea, 70; 4450 Princeton-av., Nov. 21.
Bolton, John, 35; 3609 Dayton-st., Nov. 24.
Becker, Gustav, 10; 2026 Dayton-st., Nov. 24.
Benes, John, 26; 110 W. 18th-st., Nov. 22.
Buckowitz, John, 30; 8538 Superior-av., Nov. 22.
Christensen, Johanna, 94; 705 N. Washtenaw-av., Nov. 20.
Dempsen, Mary, 54; 306 Walnut-st., Nov. 23.
Dippold, Tina, 17; 1180 N. Halsted-st., Nov. 23.
Ehrich, Mary A., 30; 3730 Wallace-st., Nov. 22.
Foley, Patrick, 83; 1445 Fillmore-st., Nov. 21.
Frank, Gustav, 80; 2654 Belmont-av., Nov. 21.
Flinn, Daniel, 36; 367 S. Clark-st., Nov. 22.
Farrell, William, 64; 7020 Cottage Grove-av., Nov. 21.
Goss, Raymond D., 8; 3620 Ellis-av., Nov. 23.
Gala, Leoria, 5; 187 W. Blackhawk-st., Nov. 24.
Gelfchon, George, 34; 1000 Lake-av., Nov. 22.
Hart, Mary, 68; 581 Carroll-av., Nov. 22.
Horn, Annie B., 7; 11746 Union-av., Nov. 22.
Johnson, Hilda, 21; 1020 Curtis-st., Nov. 21.
Kroeninger, John, 49; 1376 Sixth-st., Nov. 22.
Kuhl, Anton, 8; 1025 Winchester-av., Nov. 23.
Klein, Mary G., 28; 343 Center-st., Nov. 24.
Koeker, John, 22; 611 Throop-st., Nov. 22.
Lauga, John, 82; 71 Cleaver-st., Nov. 22.
Locke, Joseph W., 29; 2800 Fulton-st., Nov. 22.
Lenz, Annie, 32; 722 Dickson-st., Nov. 23.
Moore, Isabella, 59; 4830 Wabash-av., Nov. 23.
McIlvaine, Ella, 47; 1447 N. Dearborn-st., Nov. 23.
Murphy, Julia, 58; 425 S. May-st., Nov. 23.
Mattingly, Mary Ann, 62; 623 Park-av., Nov. 23.
Nowlin, Charles, 64; 842 N. Halsted-st., Nov. 23.
Noll, Henrietta, 52; 192 Aberdeen-st., Nov. 21.
Nowak, John, 26; 13311 Superior-av., Nov. 22.
Pastiters, Marie, 19; 407 Sedgwick-st., Nov. 24.
Porzel, Petronella, 55; 2710 Emerald-av., Nov. 23.
Porzel, Minnie Talb, 27; 460 West 26th-st., Nov. 21.
Rode, Paul T., 30; 1286 N. Ashland-av., Nov. 22.
Smith, William, 43; 503 Hastings-st., Nov. 22.
Smith, Katherine, 44; 4200 Lake-av., Nov. 22.
Strassewski, Theo, 64; 218 Blackhawk-st., Nov. 21.
Smiley, Elizabeth, 40; 276 12th-pl., Nov. 23.
Stengo, Mary, 43; 1446 Indiana-av., Nov. 22.
Sheehy, John, 11; 313 W. 15th-st., Nov. 23.
Sheridy, Mary, 12; 352 Larrabee-st., Nov. 22.
Travis, John, 74; 2100 W. Taylor-st., Nov. 24.
Thompson, Ada, 27; 567 State-st., Nov. 22.
Wills, August, 61; 14 Langdon-st., Nov. 22.
Young, Alexander S., 87; 34 Bellevue-pl., Nov. 22.
Zion, William A., 53; 5622 Marshfield-av., Nov. 22.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECORD Tuesday, Nov. 24, 1903:

LAKE VIEW.

Berteau-av., 4 s cor Leavitt-st., n f 25x125, Nov. 23, 1903 [Sarah Steffen] to Steffen).$ 5,800
Same prop., Nov. 21 [A. Steffgen to Maria Peters]..... 1
Berwyn-av., 158 w of Winchester, s f 25x 125 N of Nov. 20 [Henry Hansen to Peter Schmitz]..... 2,000
Evanston-av., 125 s of Byron Mawr, w f, 37½x150, Nov. 17 [H. J. Wallingford to August Boehn]..... 2,100
Fremont-st., 100 n of Cornelia, w f, 25x 134½, und. ½ int., May 30 [T. Flavin to John J. and Mary Flavin]..... 1
Halsted-st., 75 n of Cornelia, w f, 24x120, incumb. $1,000, Nov. 21 [Roswell P. Kruise to Samuel W. Packard]..... 1
Perry-av., 248 n of 70th-st., w f, 40x160, incumb. $2,200, Nov. 14 [Edith F. Eager to Belle M. Whyte]..... 4,500
Sangamon-st., 110 s of 86th, e f, 25x125, Nov. 19 [A. Cornell to Jennie L. Cornell]..... 1,500
61st-pl., 250 e of Lawndale-av., s f, 50x125, Oct. 21 [F. B. Giles to Frank S. Eberhart]..... 1,700
72d-st., 150 w of Lafayette-av., s f, 25x120, Nov. 21 [Edward L. Yarlott et al., by M. in C., to James E. Hildreth, receiver]..... 4,750

HYDE PARK.

Avenue L, 200 n of 106th-st., e f, 25x125, Nov. 23 [Estate of S. Bohnsack to Elise Bohnsack]..... 1,005
Ellis-av., 51½ s of 42d-pl., w f, 122x120, Oct. 12 [Daniel G. Reid of New York City to Lucien C. Warner of New York City]..... 60,000
Evans-av., 199 n of Mary Pond], e f, 24x124, Sept. 9 [W. Wilson to Ernest R. Wilson]..... 1
Evans-av., 149 s of 53d-st., e f, 49 70x124 7, Oct. 26 [Ellen Webb to Walfrid G. Carlson]..... 2,000
45th-st., 27 w of Champlain-av., s f, 25x 126, Nov. 19 [S. Johnson et al., by M. in C. to John Walker]..... 6,839
Monroe-av., 132 n of 62d-st., e f, 66x132, Nov. 23 [Mary Ann Martin to Martin Larson]..... 2,500
40th-st., 100 e of Courtland-st., s f, 25x 125, Oct. 15 [E. M. Halvorsen to Halvor A. Halvorsen]..... 2,600
41st-av., 191 s of Ar——, w s f, 25x125, Nov. 21 [H. Schartz to Edward Stromquist]..... 1,225
43d-st., 144 s of Irving Park-blvd., s f, 50x 144 1-8, Nov. 17 [C. A. G. Wayman to Chas. Louden]..... 1,250
Humboldt-blvd., 52½ s of Francisco-av., e s, 31½x140, Nov. 19 [Oiar A. Kropp to Lydia Gustafson]..... 7,000
Same property, Nov. 19 [L. Gustafson to Marie A. Kropp]..... 7,000
Milwaukee-av., 150 n w of Talman-av., s w f, 25x125, Nov. 19 [L. Heraiger to Peter Jaeger]..... 2,150
Rhine-st., 174 s of Talman-av., s f, 25x 125, Nov. 23 [O. Lindberg to Lars A. Grunz]..... 1,450

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Chestnut-st., 202 and 204, 50x150 and o. p. in Lincoln Heights, Orland, incumb. $8,800, Nov. 21 [James McVeige to Isaac H. Hoton]..... 22,000
Huron-st., 4 s cor Townsend, n f, 76x100, incumb. $6,000, Nov. 1] [Daniel Donegan to Franklin Rudolph]..... 10,940
Stanton-st., 107½ s of Oakley-av., s e f, 70½x50, Nov. 18 [C. A. Young to Michael Glassberg]..... 1,600

SOUTH CHICAGO.

Elmwood-pl., 3843, 30x136, Sept. 8 [William Watson to Martha L. Wilson]..... 1
Grand-blvd., 307 s of 35th-st., w f, 174x 132, incumb. $4,500, Oct. 30 [Lizzie Gibbons to Lewis M. Sawyer]..... 10,000
State-st., s w cor Jackson-blvd., e f, 33x100, Barbi Bloom has leased the foregoing premises to John C. Fetzer for a term of 100 years and 3 months, commencing Dec. 1, 1903, at a rental as follows: Leases to pay $15,000 on execution of this lease and also to pay as rent $4,000, $5,000 as follows: $1,500 in advance on the first day of each of the first seventeen months from Dec. 1, 1903, and ending April 30, 1905, for the 17 yearly rental of $20,000 for remaining 99 years.
Michigan-blvd., 1222-24, 47x130, Nov. 18 [Jacob Rehm to Cornelia McA. Houghton of New York City]..... 80,500
Michigan-blvd., 2324, 30x120, Nov. 18 [Phebe E. Farrar et al. to Cornelia McA. Houghton]..... 16,500
22d-pl., 123 w of Princeton-av., s f, 25x125, Nov. 17 [Lauf to Salvatore Cerruto]..... 2,500
38th-st., 141 s of California-av., s f, 25x125, Nov. 22 [A. M. Geyer to Louis Young]..... 2,700
35th-st., 188 s of Stevenson-blvd., e f, 25x125, incumb. $1,000, Nov. 21 [D. M. Healy to Bertram D. Suker]..... 2,000
Wabash-av., 2 s cor Jackson-blvd., w f, 48 x50, assignment of leasehold interest, Nov. 7, 1899 [Boulevard Music Hall company to Owen F. Aldis et al., trustees]..... 1

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

CICERO.

Linden-av., 165 w of S. 52d, s f, 20x125, Nov. 16 [W. M. Laux to Fanny Murray]..... 2,200
Ontario-st., 4 e of Prairie-av., s f, 25x 118, Nov. 17 [M. R. Wallace to Charles Artz]..... 2,200
Randolph-st., 125 e of Waisbrae, n f, 62x 100, incumb. $2,500, Oct. 1 [A. E. Clement to Annie Pile]..... 2,200

WEST CHICAGO.

Ashland-av., s f cor 18th-st., w f, 48x60, Nov. 21 [Deseret Sunday School Printing and Publishing company to Emil F. Kwasnicka]..... 6,300
Augusta-st., 120 s of Hoyne-av., n f, 24x124, Nov. 12 [Estate of W. Suffern to Maria Becker]..... 2,400
Avers-av., 225 s of 12th-st., e f, 25x125, Nov. 10 [M. Kelly to Mary Fandl]..... 6,000
Same prop., Nov. 11 [Mis Fandl to Louis C. Huber]..... 6,000
Campbell-av., 75 n of Kohl's sub., S. 25 n s, e w, S. 29, 14, Nov. 21 [Charles Kummerow to John Golke]..... 1,000
Canal-st., 44 s of Monroe-st., s f, 20x91, Nov. 18 [Joseph Cassaretto to John B. Masani]..... 22,000
Division-st., 50 w of N. 46th-av., 250x125, and 28 other lots in same subdivision, Nov. 11 [Charles L. McManus to C. and W. I. R. Co.]..... 25,800
18th-st., s w cor Rockwell, e f, 24x115, Nov. 23 [N. Johnson to Francis J. Dewes]..... 2,750
Erie-st., 117 w of Wood, s f, 24x123½, Oct. 13 [J. H. Danker to George B. Harper]..... 5,000
Gurley-st., 75 n of Aberdeen-st., n f, 25x100, Oct. 16 [C. Snellies et al., by M. in C., to John Holwerda]..... 1,300
Harvard-st., 357 w of California-av., s f, 25x 124, incumb. $1,000, Nov. 20 [J. J. O'Brien to Joseph Sommer]..... 2,600
Kedzie-av., 50 n of Pierce, e f, 20x117½, Nov. 18 [P. Letis to Charles W. Nordquist]..... 1,500
Maypole-st., 200 n of Polk, e f, 20x72, Nov. 9 [M. Hardin to Patrick Caraher]..... 1
Madison-st., 202 w of S. 50th-av., s f, 25.85x 125

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ADDRESSERS—EXPERIENCED, APPLY AT office of our mail order house, 71-73 W. Monroe-st. JOHN M. SMYTH CO.

BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESPONDENT—EXperienced; in mail order house; state wages. Address X O 345, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOG.—THOROUGHLY competent; $15. R. 46, 92 La Salle.

BY LARGE HOUSE—INTELLIGENT AND CAPable young lady to look up correspondence, with long experience in similar work; must be persevering and persistent and write good hand. Address X W 495, Tribune office.

CASHIER—LADY; EXPERIENCED, WITH some knowledge of bookkeeping; salary $8. Address X W 77, Tribune office.

CASHIER—AS ASST.; MUST HAVE EXPERIence. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

EXPERIENCED CHECKING CLERK — ON country orders; must write splendid business hand and accustomed to checking several hundred orders daily; state experience and salary to start. Address X W 493, Tribune office.

FILING CLERK — EXPERIENCED, RAPID worker at cards and letters; none need apply unless having successfully filled position with large house. Address X W 472, Tribune office.

LADY CASHIER—EXPERIENCED; MUST have some knowledge of keeping books; salary $3. Address Y W 110, Tribune office.

ORDER CLERK—VERY RAPID AND PLAIN writer, with long experience in writing orders in triplicate; don't apply unless you have handled large number of orders. Address X W 494, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY—IN OFFICE OF WHOLESALE house, for extender and footing bills; must be good at figures and clear writer. Address F 232, Tribune office.

Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

LADY SOLICITORS — SALARY, COMMISSION, to sell the famous Almond Albadien for the complexion. Address F 226, Tribune office.

SALESLADIES—100; FOR JEWELRY, SILVERware, leather goods, gloves, ribbons, laces, hosiery, fancy goods, shoes, and handkerchiefs. Apply between the hours of 8:30 and 11 a. m., 1:30 to 5 p. m., Superintendent's office.

State, Adams, and Dearborn-sts.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—FIRST CLASS residential hotel; delightfully located; newly and elegantly furnished; all modern conveniences; all outside rooms; with or without private bath, single or en suite; NOW IN OUR 21st YEAR OF REPUTATION. Parlor, drawing, smoking, billiards, and ball rooms; rear portion of the hotel has the view of the lake; best transportation; ¼ block I. C.; 2 blocks cable; rates reasonable; references. Tel. Douglas 1257.

LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22d-st.—High grade; absolutely fireproof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; European plan, $1 per day and up; with private bath, $1.50 per day and up; electric light; long distance telephone in each room; new, popular priced ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant. Wabash-av. cable passes door; South Side Elevated to 22d-st.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A HIGH CLASS FAMILY and transient hotel, located between Washington and Madison-ave., fronting on the Midway-blvd., adjoining the University of Chicago.

Winter rates: Parlor and bedroom, with private bath and board for 2 people $25 to $35 per week.

Take Illinois Central express trains to 60th-st. station; 12 minutes from city.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel, finest location; newly and elegantly furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms, 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $6 to $9 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

TRY THE ONTARIO HOTEL, N. STATE AND Ontario-sts. Absolutely fireproof.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN.

$10 to $15 per week. Just the place for Ladies and children while stopping in the city shopping. 10 MINUTES' WALK TO BUSINESS CENTER.

EDINBURGH HOTEL — RESIDENTIAL— 3616 Michigan-av.

Strictly modern and under new management; delightfully located, just outside the business rush; best of transportation; new cafe and buffet; rooms single or en suite, with bath. 'Phone South 1068.

THE NEW "CRESCENT" HOTEL — JUST opened, 4065 Ellis-av.; rooms, private bath, by day, week, and month; new building, new furniture; dining room connected; best transportation; rooms $4 per week and up; equal to best in city.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, COR. WABASH AND Madison—Newly refurnished and remodeled; special rates by the week; American plan, $2 and up; European plan $1 and up. Tel. Central 1191.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Hyde Park 856. American and European.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Hyde Park 192.

VONWOL HOTEL—LOCATION UNSURPASSED —3360 Lake-av.; beautiful rooms; steam, elevator; I. C. R. R. cable; superior table.

HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

YORKSHIRE HOTEL, 1837 MICH.-AV.; LARGE front rooms; private bath; single outside rooms; hot and cold water; reasonable rates.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—LADY, PRIVATE FAMILY, SHERIdan Park; outside room, telephone, use parlor; state price; references. Address L 189, Tribune.

BOARD—AND 2 OR MORE FURNISHED ROOMS —For young man; near Lincoln park. Address L 192, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—NEAR I. C. 57TH STATION. L. 240 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL, Michigan-blvd. and 13th-st.

Everything new, high class, and up to date. Rooms with or without bath and cafe; $5 per week and up; rooms with private bath $10 per week and up; only ten minutes' walk from center of city; the finest location in Chicago. Two and three room suites, with private bath, at reasonable rates; admirably adapted for bachelor apartments.

TO RENT—FINE LARGE STONE SOUTH front alcove, running through to private home; best transportation; another room, $1.50; modern; furnished. Phone 2661 Gray. 329 E. 42d-st.; employes or gents; call.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED CORNER room; large closets, steam heat, bath; private family; phone. 2014 Blue. HOPKINS, 4703 Indiana.

TO RENT—1803 INDIANA-AV., NEWLY FURN. rooms, single or en suite; hot and cold water; $1.50; walking distance.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; EVery comfort and convenience; walking distance. 1803 Indiana-av. $1.50 up.

TO RENT—ROYAL PENNOX, 259 S. CLARK-ST. fine newly furnished rooms with steam heat, $2 a week and upwards.

TO RENT — 1 OR 2 NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; hot water, steam, bath; board optional; private family. $30 Indiana-av. Flat 2.

TO RENT—FRONT OR BACK PARLOR; STEAM, hot water; 1 block to elevated sta. Woodstock, 28th and Wabash. Flat 49.

TO RENT—2446 MICHIGAN-AV., FURN. ROOMS, $3 up per week; $1 per day; hot and cold water; hot water heat; magnificent house. Phone So. 461.

TO RENT—221 EAST 65TH-ST., TOP FLAT, Woodlawn—2 or 3 rooms, elegantly furnished; modern; cheap; kitchen privileges; I. C. and "L."

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing; piano, steam; near S. S. L. 6208 Indiana-av., 1st flat.

TO RENT—1710 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, with or without private bath; steam.

TO RENT—LARGE, MODERN, WELL FURnished front room, with lavatory and dressing room, near 43d-st. "L." 504 42d-place.

TO RENT—WARM SUNNY ROOM, NEATLY furnished; convenient to Ill. Cent. and blvd. trains; good board near. 106 Lakewood-blvd.

TO RENT—NICELY FUR. HEATED FRONT room; 2 gents, or married couple. 3246 Grave-pl.

TO RENT—HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, MODern stone front residence; s. h. 3421 Forest-av.

TO RENT—SUITE; SINGLE, WITH LAVATORY; gents; ladies employed; elevated. 5816 Prairie.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS; steam heat; running water. 1822 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS; PRIVATE FAMILY; BOARD optional; modern; $5 week; 4746 Calumet, 2d flat.

TO RENT—3255 INDIANA, LARGE FRONT room, running water; phone; private home.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL FRONT SUITE, FUR.; well heated; closets; hot water. 2942 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—2000 MICHIGAN-AV.—SINGLE AND en suites; bath. Telephone 7351 Calumet.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT ROOM FOR GENTLEmen. 6435 Jackson-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FRONT rooms; steam heat, $4. 2979 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—LARGE OUTSIDE ROOM, NEAR L; 5407 Indiana-av., 1st flat; 'Phone 5074 Blue.

TO RENT—5822 PRAIRIE-AV.—MRS. SMITH. Large furnished rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE SECOND STORY FRONT room; private house. 2207 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—3441 INDIANA-AV., 2 NICELY FURnished rooms; housekeeping; no children.

West Side.

TO RENT—199 W. RANDOLPH-ST., ELEGANT warm front rooms, 50c; weekly, $4.50; all accommodations.

TO RENT—TWO LARGE PARLORS, EN SUITE; also other desirable rooms; heated, running water; $3 to $5. 630 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED LARGE room, modern, reasonable; private family; telephone. 234 Winchester-av.

TO RENT—279 W. ADAMS, WELL FURNISHED double alcove and single rooms; phone; walk dis.

TO RENT—533 W. ADAMS-ST., NEAR ASHland-blvd., furnished south front rooms.

North Side.

TO RENT—261 LA SALLE-AV., FLAT J—NICEly furnished room; modern; walking distance.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM; STEAM; suitable for two. 27 Pearson-st., Flat L.

TO RENT—244 BELDEN-AV., FURNISHED room; steam; private; price reasonable. Flat R.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR BACHelor in private family. 224 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—HOTEL BRADSTON, 154 LA SALLEav., fine steam heated rooms; reasonable.

TO RENT — LARGE, PLEASANT, WARM rooms; running water; reasonable. 304 E. Erie.

TO RENT—354 E. ERIE-ST., APARTMENT 7, front parlor; walking distance; steam.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3611 LAKE-AV. — THE LOUVRE — DELIGHTfully located, elegantly furnished, modern conveniences, outside rooms, single or en suite, with or without private bath; excellent table; reasonable rates; references; ½ block I. C.; 2 blocks cable. Tel. Douglas 1257.

153 E. 36TH-ST.—THE HAYDEN—THE MOST homelike place in the city; best rooms, meals, and service for the price. Phone Douglas 1446.

2446 MICHIGAN-AV.—FURN. ROOMS, $3 UP per week; $1 per day; hot and cold water; shower baths; cafe; magnificent house. Phone So. 461.

3014 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FUR. ROOMS with board; st. h.; running water, phone; house.

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—WITH BOARD; FRONT and back room; steam heat; running water.

4215 ELLIS-AV.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOM; I. C. boulevard trains; steam; references.

3918 LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD-BLVD.—Rooms, with board. Tel. 7396 Douglas.

5716 WASHINGTON-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS with board; I. C., 12 min. to city.

5716 WASHINGTON-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS with board; near I. C.; 12 minutes to city.

2940 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; steam; phone 3070 Calumet; all conveniences.

267 MICH.-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM. BEST LOcation—Rooms, table, and ref. for refined people.

2802 MICHIGAN-AV.—FRONT ROOM; GOOD home table; good transp.; all conveniences.

North Side.

36 BELLVUE-PLACE—NICELY FURNISHED rooms with board; steam heat, convenient to N. State-st. elevated line; finest residence location on North Side.

BEAUTIFUL LARGE ROOM, WITH BOARD; suitable for two; close to lake and business center; private family. Address F 250, Tribune.

487 FULLERTON-AV., "L." EXPRESS—HANDsome alcove; single room; modern house; board.

378 EAST CHICAGO-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOMS, with homelike board, $4.50 per week.

205 CASS-ST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOMS WITH board; terms reasonable. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

77 MAPLE-ST., NEAR STATE—FURNISHED front rooms; steam heated; board.

16 ASTOR-ST.—UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT; reasonable rates.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—WARM ELEGANT ROOMS, first class board; reasonable; 'phone.

386 DEARBORN-AV. — LARGE ROOM, SUITable for two; all convenience; excellent board.

678 LA SALLE-AV.—ELEGANT 2D FLOOR front rooms and board; opposite L. park; refs.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE, 3611 LAKE-AV.—FIRST CLASS residential hotel; delightfully located; newly and elegantly furnished; all modern conveniences; all outside rooms; with or without private bath, single or en suite; NOW IN OUR 21st YEAR OF REPUTATION. Parlor, drawing, smoking, billiards, and ball rooms; rear portion of the hotel has the view of the lake; best transportation; ¼ block I. C.; 2 blocks cable; rates reasonable; references. Tel. Douglas 1257.

LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22d-st.—High grade; absolutely fireproof; large rooms, finely furnished; hot and cold water; European plan, $1 per day and up; with private bath, $1.50 per day and up; electric light; long distance telephone in each room; new, popular priced ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant. Wabash-av. cable passes door; South Side Elevated to 22d-st.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A HIGH CLASS FAMILY and transient hotel, located between Washington and Madison-ave., fronting on the Midway-blvd., adjoining the University of Chicago.

Winter rates: Parlor and bedroom, with private bath and board for 2 people $25 to $35 per week.

Take Illinois Central express trains to 60th-st. station; 12 minutes from city.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel, finest location; newly and elegantly furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms, 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $6 to $9 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

TRY THE ONTARIO HOTEL, N. STATE AND Ontario-sts. Absolutely fireproof.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN.

$10 to $15 per week. Just the place for Ladies and children while stopping in the city shopping. 10 MINUTES' WALK TO BUSINESS CENTER.

EDINBURGH HOTEL — RESIDENTIAL— 3616 Michigan-av.

Strictly modern and under new management; delightfully located, just outside the business rush; best of transportation; new cafe and buffet; rooms single or en suite, with bath. 'Phone South 1068.

THE NEW "CRESCENT" HOTEL — JUST opened, 4065 Ellis-av.; rooms, private bath, by day, week, and month; new building, new furniture; dining room connected; best transportation; rooms $4 per week and up; equal to best in city.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, COR. WABASH AND Madison—Newly refurnished and remodeled; special rates by the week; American plan, $2 and up; European plan $1 and up. Tel. Central 1191.

HOTEL HAYES, 64TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Hyde Park 856. American and European.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV.—Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Hyde Park 192.

VONWOL HOTEL—LOCATION UNSURPASSED —3360 Lake-av.; beautiful rooms; steam, elevator; I. C. R. R. cable; superior table.

HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

YORKSHIRE HOTEL, 1837 MICH.-AV.; LARGE front rooms; private bath; single outside rooms; hot and cold water; reasonable rates.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—LADY, PRIVATE FAMILY, SHERIdan Park; outside room, telephone, use parlor; state price; references. Address L 189, Tribune.

BOARD—AND 2 OR MORE FURNISHED ROOMS —For young man; near Lincoln park. Address L 192, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—NEAR I. C. 57TH STATION. L. 240 Oakwood-blvd.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL, Michigan-blvd. and 13th-st.

Everything new, high class, and up to date. Rooms with or without bath and cafe; $5 per week and up; rooms with private bath $10 per week and up; only ten minutes' walk from center of city; the finest location in Chicago. Two and three room suites, with private bath, at reasonable rates; admirably adapted for bachelor apartments.

TO RENT—FINE LARGE STONE SOUTH front alcove, running through to private home; best transportation; another room, $1.50; modern; furnished. Phone 2661 Gray. 329 E. 42d-st.; employes or gents; call.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED CORNER room; large closets, steam heat, bath; private family; phone. 2014 Blue. HOPKINS, 4703 Indiana.

TO RENT—1803 INDIANA-AV., NEWLY FURN. rooms, single or en suite; hot and cold water; $1.50; walking distance.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS; EVery comfort and convenience; walking distance. 1803 Indiana-av. $1.50 up.

TO RENT—ROYAL PENNOX, 259 S. CLARK-ST. fine newly furnished rooms with steam heat, $2 a week and upwards.

TO RENT — 1 OR 2 NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; hot water, steam, bath; board optional; private family. $30 Indiana-av. Flat 2.

TO RENT—FRONT OR BACK PARLOR; STEAM, hot water; 1 block to elevated sta. Woodstock, 28th and Wabash. Flat 49.

TO RENT—2446 MICHIGAN-AV., FURN. ROOMS, $3 up per week; $1 per day; hot and cold water; hot water heat; magnificent house. Phone So. 461.

TO RENT—221 EAST 65TH-ST., TOP FLAT, Woodlawn—2 or 3 rooms, elegantly furnished; modern; cheap; kitchen privileges; I. C. and "L."

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing; piano, steam; near S. S. L. 6208 Indiana-av., 1st flat.

TO RENT—1710 MICHIGAN-AV., ELEGANTLY furnished rooms, with or without private bath; steam.

TO RENT—LARGE, MODERN, WELL FURnished front room, with lavatory and dressing room, near 43d-st. "L." 504 42d-place.

TO RENT—WARM SUNNY ROOM, NEATLY furnished; convenient to Ill. Cent. and blvd. trains; good board near. 106 Lakewood-blvd.

TO RENT—NICELY FUR. HEATED FRONT room; 2 gents, or married couple. 3246 Grave-pl.

TO RENT—HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, MODern stone front residence; s. h. 3421 Forest-av.

TO RENT—SUITE; SINGLE, WITH LAVATORY; gents; ladies employed; elevated. 5816 Prairie.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS; steam heat; running water. 1822 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS; PRIVATE FAMILY; BOARD optional; modern; $5 week; 4746 Calumet, 2d flat.

TO RENT—3255 INDIANA, LARGE FRONT room, running water; phone; private home.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL FRONT SUITE, FUR.; well heated; closets; hot water. 2942 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—2000 MICHIGAN-AV.—SINGLE AND en suites; bath. Telephone 7351 Calumet.

TO RENT—A PLEASANT ROOM FOR GENTLEmen. 6435 Jackson-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED FRONT rooms; steam heat, $4. 2979 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—LARGE OUTSIDE ROOM, NEAR L; 5407 Indiana-av., 1st flat; 'Phone 5074 Blue.

TO RENT—5822 PRAIRIE-AV.—MRS. SMITH. Large furnished rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE SECOND STORY FRONT room; private house. 2207 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—3441 INDIANA-AV., 2 NICELY FURnished rooms; housekeeping; no children.

West Side.

TO RENT—199 W. RANDOLPH-ST., ELEGANT warm front rooms, 50c; weekly, $4.50; all accommodations.

TO RENT—TWO LARGE PARLORS, EN SUITE; also other desirable rooms; heated, running water; $3 to $5. 630 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED LARGE room, modern, reasonable; private family; telephone. 234 Winchester-av.

TO RENT—279 W. ADAMS, WELL FURNISHED double alcove and single rooms; phone; walk dis.

TO RENT—533 W. ADAMS-ST., NEAR ASHland-blvd., furnished south front rooms.

North Side.

TO RENT—261 LA SALLE-AV., FLAT J—NICEly furnished room; modern; walking distance.

TO RENT—ELEGANT FRONT ROOM; STEAM; suitable for two. 27 Pearson-st., Flat L.

TO RENT—244 BELDEN-AV., FURNISHED room; steam; private; price reasonable. Flat R.

TO RENT—STEAM HEATED ROOM FOR BACHelor in private family. 224 Dearborn-av.

TO RENT—HOTEL BRADSTON, 154 LA SALLEav., fine steam heated rooms; reasonable.

TO RENT — LARGE, PLEASANT, WARM rooms; running water; reasonable. 304 E. Erie.

TO RENT—354 E. ERIE-ST., APARTMENT 7, front parlor; walking distance; steam.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ALCOVE ROOM, TO two gentlemen; modern house; choice assommodations; twin beds; two breakfasts; porcelain bath; also one single room; references. MRS. BARTON, 364 E. Ontario-st.

TO RENT—179 E. HURON. WALKING DISTance; newly furnished, $1.50 up; gas range, bath. Call Sun. or evenings.

TO RENT—WELL FURNISHED DOUBLE AND single rooms; electric lights, steam heat, free phone; walking. 1st apt., 354 E. Erie.

TO RENT—2 CONNECTING ROOMS COMPLETE for housekeeping; also sleeping room for gentlemen or ladies. 891A N. Clark-st.

TO RENT—LARGE PARLOR FOR 2 GENTLEmen; reasonable. 2d floor, 348 Wells-st.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LARGE ROOMS; STEAM; widow's home: "L." E 530, Tribune office.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS—LANDLADIES, many there have unfurnished rooms are adverse to advertising for reasons; they engage us to personally inspect their apts., noting carefully the minutest details, in order to direct intelligently and serve best the busy man in search of a first class home; 7 yrs. exp. placing many of the best people in and around Chicago, we are better prepared to serve you; adopt our system; eliminate worry and save money. Betah Co., 801, 171 La Salle-st. Halsted 2275, Auto. 2661.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY YOUNG MAN, WARM room on South Side, vicinity of boulevard trains; breakfast if desirable. Address L 187, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM, FOR A GENTLEman, between 53d and 60th-sts., near I. C.; references. Address F 230, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON NORTH SIDE—GENtleman desires room with refined German family; object, learn language. Address L 142, Tribune.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOM IN REFINED, quiet surroundings; N. W. L. express; board convenient; lady. Address M C 350, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—
2635 MICHIGAN-AV., 12 rooms and two baths, hardwood floors and 2 story stable..$100
5613 PRAIRIE-AV., 6 rooms 35
3510 MICHIGAN-AV., 2 story frame, 7 rooms, new plumbing, hardwood floors and decorating 30
2622 PRAIRIE-AV., lot 36x150 ft., 3 story residence, 18 rooms, 2 baths, brick stable 100
4307 LAKE-AV., lot 33x133, large 14 room residence, in good condition, good light 90
3328 WABASH-AV., 3 story modern residence, 11 rooms and bath, hardwood finish and floors, furnace heat, billiard room; good barn; rent 50
2257 CALUMET-AV., 3 story stone front, 12 rooms, furnace; lease to May, 1905 60
2450 S. PARK-AV., 8 rooms and bath, furnace; possession in 30 days; rent 35
3524 LAKE-AV., lot 50x125, 8 rooms and basement. Key with janitor at 3537 Ellis-av. 30
3018 PRAIRIE-AV., 3 story brick and stone, 12 rooms, all floors hardwood, bath tiled, furnace 80
6042 MADISON-AV., 2 story stone front, 11 rooms, near university 50
4833 LANGLEY-AV., 2 story detached stone front, 8 rooms and bath, large lot; rent 40
218 41ST-ST., 6 rooms and bath 20
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—EIGHT OF THOSE NEW, MODERN houses on 36th-st., Cottage Grove and Rhodes-av.; houses have never been occupied; contain every modern convenience; hardwood, hot water heat, etc.; rent reasonable.
D. G. HAMILTON, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—$405 PRAIRIE-AV., A COZY 8 ROOM house; pleasant residence neighborhood; hardwood floors; satisfactory condition for responsible tenant; rentals at $30.
JOHN E. COLNON & CO., 90 Washington-st.

TO RENT—3233 VERNON-AV., FIRST CLASS 8 rm. house; low rent till May 1.
6718-24 Wabash-av., 2 story, brick and stone 9 rm. houses; decorate to suit; $35.
E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—5008 WASHINGTON-AV., FURNISHed or unfurnished, choice stone detached 9 room modern residence; convenient to express trains; unfurnished $75, furnished $100. Address X W 177, Tribune office.

TO RENT—KENWOOD — FINE NEW HOUSE, thoroughly up to date; corner grounds; for 1, 2, or 3 years; $300 per month. MATSON HILL, 205 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—COMPLETELY FURNISHED, EIGHT room house, 3015 Groveland-av.; gas heat; low rate to private family for winter; reference. Phone 2875 Douglas.

TO RENT—IF YOU WANT TO RENT OR BUY So. Side houses or flats call at a South Side office.
E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, ON MICH.-av., near 28th-st., to small family to May 1; rent reasonable. Address F 256, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FINE HOUSES ON THE BOULEvards and avenues, Groveland, Lake, and Ellis.
HOLTON, SEELYE & CO., 204 Dearborn.

TO RENT—3611 CALUMET-AV., MODERN 8 rooms, $25. G. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water.

West Side.

TO RENT—743 ADAMS-ST., 774 AND 771 MONroe, and 155 Robey; 10 and 11 rooms; good condition; $30 to $40.
GEO. K. OWSLEY, 22 Times Bldg.

TO RENT—AT A BARGAIN—1403 WASHINGton-blvd., 14 room house, in first class condition. Inquire L. ZORN, 10 S. Kedzie-av., or GEO. W. TROUT, 176 E. Lake-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—302 N. STATE, NEAR DIVISION-ST., 12 large rooms, 2 story brick, in good order; $47.50 per mo. until May 1, and $50 for 1 or 2 years after. J. C. LONG, 410, 180 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—AT A BARGAIN—COMPLETELY furnished house, 9 rooms, full of roomers; near lake; cause, sickness. Address L 176, Tribune.

Suburban.

TO RENT—$40 FOR BARGAIN IN 9 ROOM NEW house, large grounds, Shermerville, River Forest; all improvements. 1011 Ashland Blk.

Fall and Winter Resorts.

TO RENT—PALM BEACH, FLA., COMPLETELY furnished cottage, situated at West Palm Beach, facing the Royal Poinciana Hotel. Reasonable rates for the season. For further particulars write to A. R. BEAUJON, West Palm Beach, Fla.

TO RENT—LARGE HOUSE AND GROVE IN Florida. Address MRS. F. M. L., Picolata, Fla.

WANTED—HOUSES.

WANTED—TO RENT—8-10 ROOM HOUSE, BEtween Michigan and Vincinnes-avs. and 35th and 49th-sts., city. Address K 328, Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—WITH STEAM HEAT, HOT WATER, and all modern conveniences, 3 flats, 36TH-ST. and WABASH-AV.
Fourth floor, corner flat, 4 rooms and bath..$32.50
Third floor, corner flat, 4 rooms and bath..... 35.00
381 and 383 36th-st., near South Side Alley L.
Second flat, 6 rooms and bath..... 37.50
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS, $40 TO $60, 383 AND 385 36TH-ST. AND 3600 WABASH-AV.; MODERN BUILDING; CORNER APARTMENTS; GOOD LOCATION; LIGHT ROOMS; GOOD TRANSPORTATION; OPEN FOR INSPECTION DAY OR EVENING. AGENT AT BUILDING.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—
5219 HIBBARD-AV.
First street west of Madison-av.

6 room modern apartment, steam heat and hot water; open sanitary plumbing; finish, detail, and equipment the very best; rent $60.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., 164 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—6037 INDIANA-AV., 2D FLAT, SIX rooms; new building; $40 per month.
4150-52 Vincennes-av., 5 and 7 room flats, 2d and 3d floors; fine building; see janitor.
TROTTER & KIMBALL, 182 La Salle-st.
South Side office, 38 E. 43d-st.

TO RENT—4 AND 6 ROOM STEAM HEATED flats, 5401 and 5403 Lake-av.; hot water, janitor service; one block from station; 10 minutes from Randolph-st.; price $20 to $25.
F. H. BRAMMER, 70 La Salle-st., Room 35.

TO RENT—5943 INDIANA-AV., 3D FLOOR, 7 room flat, $32.50; worth $37.
4937 Forrestville-av., 1st floor, 6 room flat; fine condition; $25.
H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st-st. Tel. Wenworth 2412.

TO RENT—
4450 Prairie-av., 2d cor. flat, 8 rooms, new; contains linen closet, bedrooms, connecting lavatory, flemish oak dining room, console, etc.

TO RENT—6 ROOM FURNISHED FLAT; STEAM heat; electric light free; $35. SUMMERS, Flat 613, 5049 Monroe-av.

TO RENT — HANDSOMELY FURNISHED apartments of one or more rooms; $12 per room per month, up; magnificent house. 2449 Michigan.

TO RENT—ELEGANT 6 ROOM FLAT; NEW, stone front house, modern. d. w. Call 6113 Green-st.

TO RENT—5 ROOM COR. FLAT NEAR I. C. trains and Cottage Grove cable; only $18. 58 Bryant-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT — ELEGANTLY FUR. FIVE ROOM corner flat; strictly modern. Apply to janitor, 92 E. 33d-st.

TO RENT—3739 LANGLEY, 4 ROOM FLAT, $25; light, pleasant rooms; steam, hot water.

West Side.

TO RENT—1514, 1520 HUMBOLDT-BLVD., ONE block s. of Logan-square Metropolitan elevated station; new 8 room flats; hot water heat, electric light, modern conveniences. First flat of 7 rooms, combined with 3 in basement, suitable for physician purposes.

TO RENT—723 FULTON-ST., COR. FLAT; GOOD light; $10. G. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED FLAT, housekeeping. 1465 Polk-st.; Lake-st. L.

North Side.

TO RENT — 5 R. 2D FLOOR, COZY, STEAM heated flat; all outside light; 1637-9 Briar-pl., 1 block s. of Belmont and Halsted; 4 car lines; N. W. L; nothing better; act quick. Flat 8; see janitor or G. JAESCHKE, R. 741, 79 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—9 ROOM UPPER STEAM HEATED flat, 234 Hampden-ct.; hot water, tile and porcelain bath, gas grates, range, ice chest; polished floors, etc.; $50; newly decorated. See janitor.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL 8 ROOM FLAT, WITH all modern improvements, cheap if taken at once. Inquire on premises, 33 Blaine-place, or Room 707, 84 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—HANDSOMELY FURNISHED 8 room flat in fine apartment building; $125 per mo. MRS. E. W. CASE, 29, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—7 ROOM APARTMENT, 2D FLOOR, IN new building, Beacon-st., half block south of Wilson-av.; $45.

TO RENT — MODERN SIX ROOM STEAM heated flat, 1084 Argyle-st. Inquire at premises.

TO RENT—2 ELEGANT MODERN 6 AND 7 R. apts.; all light rooms, nicely decorated; in best location; ½ blk. from lake. 1811 Melrose-st.

TO RENT—FLATS.

North Side.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENTS.

THE PATTINGTON.

7, 8, AND 9 ROOMS.

FIREPROOF AND NOISELESS.

Situated in Chicago's most desirable residence quarter, Buena Park, overlooking Lake Michigan; seventeen minutes' ride from the business center on the Northwestern Elevated road, Sheridan station, express service. Pure air, no smoke, soot, or dust. Free from the annoyance of railroad trains.

Prices range from $70 to $135 per month.

In construction, arrangement, and surroundings THE PATTINGTON is unsurpassed. All rooms have outside light and good ventilation; REFRIGERATION (INCLUDING PURE TABLE ICE) AND ELECTRIC LIGHTS FREE to tenants; 8 INCHES OF CONCRETE BETWEEN FLOORS.

Apartments can be secured now or reserved for May 1, 1904.

Illustrated book sent on application to prospective tenants. Building ready for occupancy.

Address, for further information,

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO.,
Agents, 115 Dearborn-st.

Or The Pattington, 1632-1664 Irving Park-blvd., between Clarendon-av. and lake shore.

Telephones: Main office, Central 4694. The Pattington, Lake View 60.

TO RENT—MODERN FLATS, STEAM HEAT, hot water, and janitor service:
465 Dearborn-av., 8 rooms and bath.....$50
469 Hampden-ct., 8 rooms and bath..... 50
"THE PINES," cor. Addison and Pine Grove-avs., 2d flat, 6 rooms and den; all rooms overlooking lake and Lake Shore drive..... 75
141 ORLEANS-ST., corner Erie, walking distance, 5 outside rooms and bath..... 12
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—OVERLOOKING LAKE MICHIGAN, one seven room apartment left in our new high grade bldg. Apt 6, 606 Pine Grove-av., near Waveland. 3½ blocks Addison-st. L. 7 sts., 3 block electric line; most beautiful location in Chicago. Call up for particulars. CLARK & TRAINER, 411, 164 Dearborn. 'Phone Cent. 971.

TO RENT—
4 Apartments in Lake View, Buena, and Sheridan Parks.
W. A. MERIGOLD & CO., 138-140 La Salle-st. Branch offices, 1904 Evanston-av. and 1295 Sheridan-av.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—HOUSES, FLATS, AND STORES. CALLAN & VARLEY,
145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat; within 20 minutes of shopping district. Address NOBLE, Hotel Morrison. Room 541.

WANTED—TO RENT—JAN. 20, 4 OR 5 ROOM modern flat, $18 to $22; give all particulars. Address 1177, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—BY RELIABLE PARTY, a flat from 7 to 8 rooms, South Side, furnished or unfurnished. Address X X 350, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

South Side.

TO RENT—LARGE STORE; STEAM HEAT, HOT water, with or without 4 room flat. 5403 Lake-av.; $25. F. H. BRAMMER, 70 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—STORE, 105 E. 43D-ST., WITH LIVing rooms; steam heat; $35. Agent 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—STORE AND ROOMS SUITABLE for grocery and market; old stand. 1288 Harrison-st.

TO RENT—RESTAURANT; CHANCE FOR GOOD caterer. Wicker Park Hall, 501 W. North-av.

North Side.

TO RENT—THAT NEW, LIGHT STORE, 1882 Evanston-av., opposite N. W. Elevated terminal; only store vacant in neighbor

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE — AT ONCE — THE FOLLOWING pieces of property:
2 blks. north front, Madison-st., near St. Louis-av., $1,000.
2 lots, Ogden-av., near Talman-av.; $2,000.
2 lots, Halsted-st., near 48th-st., west front; $1,000.
2 lots, State-st., near 51st-st.; $1,800.
2 lots, south-st., near Kimbark-av.; $1,000.
Will sell any or all these pieces at absolute sacrifice for cash; make offer. Address Z W 176, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—
$2,500 CASH—
Will buy steam heated 2 story stone front flat building, with stone steps. Rents to each flat, subject to $4,000 mtg.; actual value $6,000. (Oil-cloth.) PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., 104 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE— A SNAP.
WABASH-AV. FRONTAGE.
2¾ miles from courthouse.
75 ft. for $12,000.
ACT QUICKLY ABOUT THIS.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN—
KENWOOD RESIDENCE.
$22,500 WORTH FOR $15,500.
HANDSOME GRAYSTONE MODERN HOUSE, CONTAINS 12 ROOMS AND 3 BATHROOMS; 2 BLOCKS FROM 47TH-ST. DEPOT. Quality and beautiful interior; one of the most comfortable and thoroughly modern homes in Kenwood. Write for our handsomely illustrated booklet, showing exterior and interior views of the house.
W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE——THIS IS WHAT YOU WANT.
HOME AND INCOME.
We have a corner to sell and will sacrifice in order to sell quickly for cash.
Two 2 story stone front flats, 6-7 rooms; steam heat; hardwood floors and tiling; plumbing. INGLESIDE-AV., nr. 84TH-ST.
GOING AT LESS THAN COST.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE DOCK PROPERTY.
94 ACRES ON CALUMET RIVER.
NEAR 110TH-ST.
GOODRIDGE, FRENCH & CO., 88 Washington-st.
Exclusive Agents.

FOR SALE—VINCENNES-AV., NR. 46TH-ST.—Modern 2 story brick stone front residence; oak floors and finish; steam heat; mortgage $4,500, 6% per cent; 4 years.
$2,000 FOR EQUITY.
WORTH $15,000.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—4320 LANGLEY-AV., 12 R. HOUSE, modern; large barn; lot 41x120; at a bargain. 3116 Calumet-av., 2 story stone front modern residence, hardwood finish throughout; steam heat; a bargain. S. e. cor. 50th and Green-sts., 3 story frame flat; 6 rooms; all modern.
W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—MODERN RESIDENCE, BRICK and stone, in exclusive Hyde Park district; three stories and basement, thoroughly modern; will sell for small amount cash and monthly payments not exceeding fair rental; you cannot duplicate this on the South Side. Apply at northeast corner 52d-st. and Lake-av.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS—
4 flats, 4th-st., stone front house, 8 rooms, $6,500, cost $8. Lawrence-av., stone front house, 8 rooms, $7,000, cost $9.
3 flats, Park-av., stone front, 10 rooms and barn, $5,800; B. R. DE YOUNG & CO., R. 49, 107 Dearborn

FOR SALE—HIGH GRADE 6 FLAT BLDG., near GRAND-BLVD. AND 46TH; RENTS $4,400; MTGE. $20,000, 5%. WANT PROPERTY OR CITY LOTS TO MAKE UP DIFFERENCE; $10,000 can be BORROWED ON FOR EQUITY.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 DEARBORN-ST.

FOR SALE—GREAT SACRIFICE: ENGLEWOOD home, 6541 Lafayette-av.; 8 rooms residence, stone and brick; all modern conveniences; oak plumbing, oak floors throughout; lot 33x183 feet; $4,000. McCLUN, 318 W. 63d-st.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL, STRICTLY MODern 6 room cottage and bath; price $1,600; one-tenth cash; balance to suit. Cent. and electric lines; value $17,500; sacrifice it for $11,000; only $3,500 cash needed. Address L 132, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—2 STY. BRICK, STONE FRONT, 6 room residence; fine location; near Alley L and I. C. ry.; all modern; steam heat, oak floors, etc.; only $6,000.
CHAS. A. V. STANDISH, 107 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BETWEEN UNIVERSITY AND ILL. C. stables, cor. 56th and Monroe-av., two 3 story stone fronts; make fine residences. Owner, 5602 Monroe-av.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD — ELEGANT NEW home in best part of Kenwood, surrounded by other costly homes; large grounds; $65,000.
WATSON & R. 414, 205 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—MODERN TWO store & flat building near 39th-st. station I. C. Ry.; rental $1,200 a year; incumbrance only $6,000. Cost $8,000. 534 Unity Bldg.

FOR SALE—I WILL SELL MY BEAUTIFUL detached residence on Grand-blvd., cheap for cash. Address X W 181, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GRAND-BLVD.—HANDSOME DEtached Bedford stone front residence at a special bargain; make an offer. FRAGY & MOORE, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—IF YOU WANT TO BUY, sell or rent 8 Side houses or flats call on E. S. BALDWIN & CO., 36th and Indiana-av.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvard, Kenwood or Hyde Park, go to MATSON & Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—TWO STORY FRAME HOUSE, NR. 39th and I. C. trains; snap; only $300 cash down. Address R 858, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SOME IN KENWOOD NEAR 47TH-st.; grounds and barn. Address M W 98, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN—8 ROOM MODern detached stone house, Berkeley-av., near 43d-st. CLEAVER & CO., 95 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on boulevards and avenues. WILLIAM H. MOONEY, 1008, 142 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE A FEW CHOICE BARgains along S. S. "L" road.
F. P. SCHMIDT & CO., 31 Stock Exchange.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM MODERN RESIDENCE, 3956 Grand-blvd. E. Bagrot Co., 171 Adams-st.

FOR SALE—$1,250 BUYS 2806 57TH-AV., 8 FLATS, rent $6,000. ROSS, 306, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—$6,750, STONE FRONT 2 FLAT, steam. 6208 Indiana-av., 1st flat.

SOUTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MY HOME IS TO BE SOLD WITHout reserve; a beautiful cottage, near McKinley Park; easiest possible terms will take it and bargain price; modern in every way; a snap chance to secure a beautiful home cheap. Apply corner Western-av.-blvd and 40th-st.

FOR SALE—EASIEST SORT OF TERMS TO party for my new 6 room cottage home; small cash payment, small monthly payments. Apply at California-av. and 35th-st.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— A SNAP— FINE LOCATION.
ADAMS-ST., NEAR HOMAN-AV.—
Beautiful s. r. adjoins fine light space near Garfield Park Lake & Boulevard; 8 rooms; fine oak finish; value $6,500; might consider about $5,000 if sold quick; half cash, balance five years.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

FOR SALE—224-226 N. WESTERN-AV.—
2 sty. double brick building, 4 flats; rented for $480.
PRICE $3,000.
Only $500 cash required.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—886 W. HARRISON-ST., FACING MONEY-ST., very desirable business location and ground; 2 story and basement brick; one 3-room flats; all h. w. floors. Rents $780. Price $4,000. E. WOLTERSDORF,
Cor Madison-st. and Leavitt-blvd.

FOR SALE—EXCHANGE, LOANS, ETC.—
BADEAUX, 105 WASHINGTON-ST.
BRANCHES: HARRISON AND 40TH-AV.
AND NORTH-AVS.

FOR SALE—1805 TO 1821 W. HARRISON-ST., 5 fine stone front residences, modern, at a bargain. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—623 PARK-AV.
LEE ROY J. ZORN & CO., 10 S. Kedzie-av.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—10 ROOM RESIDENCE.
Corner; hot water heat; tile bathroom; modern plumbing; porcelain tub; elegant fixtures; artistically decorated; finished in mahogany, oak, and various hardwoods; polished oak floors; set in cellar; completed about a year ago. Cost $18,000; OWNER must realize and authorize us to sell it at
$13,000.
Located on best street in Sheridan Park.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HOME ON NORTH SHORE AT A sacrifice on monthly payments; very little cash at once; if you like the north shore you will have better chance; $30 monthly; home new throughout. Apply corner Devon and Ashland-avs.

FOR SALE—EDGEWATER BARGAIN — KENmore house, in good condition, brick first story, foundation heat, large lot; with good stable; will sell as owner is compelled to.
H. L. COCHRAN, 1214 Tribune Bldg.
Res. Evanston and Catalpa-avs.

FOR SALE—CHOICE PROPERTY—WILL SELL on 40 acres, 1 mile from Elgin, 40 miles from Belmont, at $215 per front foot, about half value. J. ALMON AUSTIN, 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—A FINE HOME; LOTS OF ROOM; on easy payments; only two blocks from the L; will take a lot or cottage as part payment. 1908 Evanston-av., cor. Wilson.

FOR SALE—SHERIDAN PARK SNAP
Sheridan-rd., 80x166, ONLY $75 A FT.
BOWES INVESTMENT CO., Agts., 108 La Salle.

FOR SALE—EDGEWATER—SPECIAL SNAP—9 rooms, all modern; only $5,500 terms.
H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—HOME SOUTH OF LINCOLN PARK, on the lake; one of the best in that location; beautiful surroundings. Apply
A. R 126 Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BUENA PARK HOUSES; $5,000 TO $ M. GOBLE, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—COZY EDGEWATER HOME; terms to cash. R. B. COOPER, 1234-6 Unity Bldg.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—IF SOLD THIS MONTH WILL accept of my new home in Irving Park; must be sold; on easy monthly payments; very desirable neighborhood; quick transportation. Apply Irving Park-blvd. and N. 40th-av.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY SWELL FRAME cottages; new ones; all modern. WALworth-av., cor. N. 43d-av.

FOR SALE—10 PER CENT NET ON $10,500; store and flat, new corner; 6 yr. leases.
JENSON & CO., 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HAENTZE & WHEELER, TRIBUNE Block agents, for Northwest Side lots and acreage. See Milwaukee and Belmont-avs.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—808-810 N. RIDGEWAY-AV.—2 blks. from Lawndale sta., Met. "L," brand new 2 sty. brick houses; hardwood floors and trim; bath; cement basement.
PRICE $2,250.
Small amount of cash and balance monthly.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—NEW HOME NEAR MILWAUKEE-av. electric line at Irving Park-blvd. on terms to suit; great opportunity; house is finished in hardwood and strictly up to date. Apply at 3552 Milwaukee-av.

FOR SALE—20 ACRES NEAR NORWOOD PARK at $250 per acre; fine garden land.
KOESTER & ZANDER, 69 DEARBORN-ST.

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FOR SALE — PARTIES SEEKING FACTORY sites at Superior, opposite Duluth, address Paul Steinbrecher, 707 Dearborn-st., or O. Hammond, Pres. Consolidated Land Co., Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—MFG. AND DOCK property, centrally located, and acre tracts on Belt line. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

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FOR SALE—GO AND SEE
INDIANA HARBOR!
Lots only $225 and $250.
Free transportation every day this month.
Trains leave Lake Shore depot at 9:35 and 10:40 a. m., 12:01 and 3 p. m.
For free tickets and booklet, call or write.
EAST CHICAGO COMPANY,
Fourth Floor, 167 Jackson-blvd.
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HONORE PALMER, Vice President.
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FOR SALE—WILMETTE: TERMS OR TRADE. 3 acres, cor., center village; will divide.....$6,000
100x300, paved, nr. depot; wooded..... 1,900
Corner, 80 ft. front, east of west.. $1,800 to 2,500
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH, 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—TWO SUBURBAN houses for Michigan, Missouri farms, or Detroit house. Address F 455, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — OAK PARK — HOUSES, LOTS, rents. THOS. H. GALE, 84 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—OWN A FARM. BE INDEPENDENT. The Union Pacific R. R. Co. is selling choice farm lands along its route at $4 to $10 per acre, on ten years' time, 6% interest. Ranch lands at $1.50 to $5.00 per acre. Write or call. W. F. SHELTON, Eastern Agent, 99 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

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FOR SALE—
Free fuel.
Free homesteads.
Free railway fares.
Cattle and sheep on shares.
To buyers of our North Dakota lands, $5 to $15 per acre; 175,000 acres to select from. Excursion rates any day over all railroads. WM. H. BROWN & CO., 131 La Salle-st., Chicago, and Mandan, N. Dak. Call for maps and facts.

FOR SALE—
240 acres excellent land, one mile from Canby, Yellow Medicine county, Minn. Good buildings; 130 acres under cultivation, remainder can be easily cultivated; this is level soil; a choice piece.
LUND'S LAND AGENCY,
1st Floor, Reaper Bldg., Chicago.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAINS IN UNIMproved and partly improved plantations in the famous Yazoo delta of Mississippi. Pithian Land Co., 113 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EXCURSION 25TH, SEE 40 ACRES, Michigan; only $500; partly improved; good location, fine fruit and garden land. GILBERT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FIVE ISLANDS PARK. EIGHTeen acres, on Fox River and electric line, four miles south of Elgin. Address or 'phone GEORGE S. CHISHOLM, Elgin, Ill.

FOR SALE—CHOICE MICHIGAN FARM BARgains; list and map free; others. REPPERT, 40 Dearborn.

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FOR SALE—ONE ACRE ON SISTER LAKES, 16 rods of beautiful shore, 6 new cottages, bathhouses; all timbered; fine bathing, boating and fishing; a beautiful spot for summer. Address E. E. DOWNING, Paw Paw, Mich.

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FOR SALE—NOW IS THE TIME TO SELECT your summer cottage site. S. MACE, Shelby, Mich.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

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WEST BROS., 99 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

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WANTED—HAVE CASH BUYERS FOR 50 ft. on Michigan-av., between 43d and 45th-sts. 50 ft. on South Park-av., or vicinity of Washington Park.
Also 25 ft. on residence street, east of State and north of 65th-st.
CAMPBELL INVESTMENT CO.,
167 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WE ARE QUICK CASH BUYERS for any Chicago property, improved or vacant. We want 50 vacant lots at once. Must have good transportation, sewer, and water.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

WANTED — TO BUY FOR CASH — CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, IMPROVED OR VACANT; NO SUBURBAN LOTS CONSIDERED; IMMEDIATE INVESTIGATION.
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WANTED—NEAT HOME WITH FEW ACRES land in a country town, about 5,000 inhabitants or more, in exchange for 8 city vacant lots, unincumbered. CHAS. RADKE, 518 N. 53d-av., Austin Sta., Chicago.

WANTED—FROM OWNERS, LARGE APARTment building, $100,000 to $200,000; will pay for same in clear unincumbered Chicago, Ill., or 450, Tribune office. farm or farm lands. Address X X

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TO EXCHANGE — FOR WESTERN RANCH OR grazing land; prominent Grand-blvd. corner, improved with well rented modern apartment building, producing a rental of $6,500 per year.
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MONEY TO LOAN—
We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
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LOW RATES ON IMPROVED PROPERTY—
Very favorable terms; exceptional facilities for loans made.
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LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE, LOWEST RATES.

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Before arranging to renew your loan, or to borrow for building purposes, you should have our new "LOAN CIRCULAR."
It contains valuable information, information of a kind that the borrower should have.
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Liberal prepayment privileges.
THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK.
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Special attention to builders.
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ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY,
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according to amount of security.
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Successors to
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Lowest rates. Ask and see
Exact terms submitted upon request.
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R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 317 Chi. Stock Exchange.

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If it is inconvenient to reach our South Side or downtown offices, telephone us and we will send the money to your residence.

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HORSES,
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UNEQUALED RATES,
BEST TERMS,
QUICKEST SERVICE,
ABSOLUTE PRIVACY.

ANY AMOUNT, ANY TIME, ANY PAYMENTS.
Deal with an old reliable company and you will establish a credit that may be useful in the future.

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301 W. 63D-ST., CORNER WENTWORTH-AV.
PHONE WENTWORTH 557.
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ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $10 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY: LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY, ON
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY.
THE PROPERTY REMAINS UNINSURED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND PAY IT BACK IN PARTIAL PAYMENTS TO SUIT YOUR CONVENIENCE. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY ON YOUR OWN NAME. NO PUBLICITY. NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH.
CALL AT OFFICE OF
THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
175 DEARBORN-ST.,
ROOMS 210 AND 212.

THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
180 W. JACKSON-BLVD., ROOM 202.
S. E. COR. HALSTED-ST.

IF YOU
WANT A LOAN CALL AT
ROOM 806, 79 DEARBORN-ST.
MONEY ADVANCED ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES,
WAGONS, FIXTURES, ETC.
LOWEST RATES. QUICK SERVICE.
WHITESIDE & WENTWORTH.
Corner Monroe,
ROOM 306.

RELIANCE LOAN CO., 110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st.

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567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, cor. Ogden-av.
Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates, the city.
BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS.

A. FRENCH & CO., 95 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 45.
Money to loan on furniture, pianos, etc.
Lowest rates. Easiest terms.
We do not belong to the trust, so you get the benefit of your loan in cash. Loans from $20 to $500 on your note. A guarantee will be given not to take your furniture. Extension of time granted in case you are sick or get out of work. Honorable dealing. Do your business with us. We are responsible people. Bank references given on application.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, etc., without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and friends, give us call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time payments to my borrower.
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HEADQUARTERS FOR LOANS TO SALARIED people, ladies or gentlemen; no publicity.
If you borrow $20 you pay back $1.34 a week.
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If you borrow $35 you pay back $2.34 a week.
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Small loans to property owners; no mortgage.
Low rates and easy payments on large amounts.
Call or address The Manager, R. 16, 3d floor, 84 Washington-st. Open evenings until 7 o'clock.

SALARY LOANS WITHOUT AN INDORSER.
NO ASSIGNMENT OF SALARY NECESSARY.
Every man or woman in Chicago getting a salary kindly call and get all the money you want on your plain note; no mortgage or security required. Call and get our rates before you borrow or not. No one refused money. Mason Investment Co., 134 Monroe, Room 502, s. w. cor. Clark. Tel. 3516 Cent.
PERSONS THIRD AVE. CAN GET MONEY.

$10 UP LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE; NO SEcurity; evening private; easy payments.
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210 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 905.
TEL. MAIN 455564. OPEN UNTIL 6:30 P. M.
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OUR SPECIALTY.
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MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE.
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LOANS TO HIGH CLASS SALARIED MEN; LIBERAL AMTS. ADVANCED ON PLAIN NOTE. BEST TERMS TO RELIABLE BORROWERS. SUITE 910, FT. DEARBORN BLDG., 134 Monroe.

I MAKE LOANS FROM $15 UPWARD TO ANY one working on a salary at much less rate than is charged elsewhere. Call and see me if you need money. Room 406, 79 Dearborn-st.

RELIABLE INVESTMENTS OFFERED. Paper 6 and 7%, indorsed by responsible firm; private party, bank refs. exchanged. COLBY, 1168 Douglas-blvd.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE AT LOW rates, without security; quickly, confidentially. Employes' Credit Co., R. 800, 225 Dearborn-st.

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WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1903.

CHILDREN THEN AND NOW.

"Then all boys and girls did chores. Then the cow and the loom fostered the love of work. Then idleness, which Satan so easily transmutes into mischief, was frustrated. Then diligence, which raises a man from the cornfield to the Chicago Athletic club gymnasium, was woven into the fiber of American life. Now the Illinois laws forbid a boy to work till he is 16. The streets are filled with idle and vicious fellows. Is loafing better than labor?"

Thus, through a sentimental film of reminiscence, the editor of the Cherry Circle, which is the organ of the Chicago Athletic club, views with alarm the exclusion of his youthful fellow citizens from shops, stores, offices, and factories. The substance of his article has been given, not its exact phrasing, but his argument has been strengthened rather than weakened by the change. His point is that if the young do not learn to work in the twig they will not work in the tree.

Now two questions: First, why should the Cherry Circle, after a careful study of the child labor question, allow itself to make the statement that 16 is the labor line in Illinois? Even the hurried and harried writers for the daily press have found time to learn that the labor line is not 16, but 14. Those two years from 14 to 16 are not negligible.

In the second place, how many members of the Chicago Athletic club, desiring to weave the love of work into the fiber of American life, send their boys and girls to shops, stores, offices, or factories before they are 14? How many sons of members of the Chicago Athletic club get their start as runners in all night glass factories, or even as cash boys in crowded stores?

The fact is that work under modern conditions is an altogether different thing from work under the conditions which the Cherry Circle regrets. The members of the Chicago Athletic club know this. They give their children plenty of study and plenty of play. They know that to expose a boy to the burning, fiery furnace of modern industry before he has reached his strength will wither and blast him. They know that the settlements and the municipal lodging houses have shown the close connection between child labor and debility, between child labor and vagrancy, between child labor and crime. They have adopted the policy of developing and preserving their children's vigor against the day of trial. They have thereby forfeited the right to object to a similar policy in others.

The son of a poor man needs as good an education, if not a better one, than the son of a rich man. The laws of Illinois provide that all boys shall have an education up to the age of 14. Then, in the plenitude of their manhood, they may undertake the struggle of life. Are they getting too much?

STREET CAR MEN'S LONG HOURS.

The schedule of runs submitted by E. R. Bliss of the City railway to Mayor Harrison shows plainly that the hours for duty assigned to many of the car men are onerous. The best runs are the straight day turns, from 4:35 a. m. to 3:21 p. m., with twenty-one minutes for dinner, which, however, must be eaten on the cars. Only men who have been in the service from fifteen to twenty-five years get as advantageous hours.

Men who have been in the service five years get day trips, working from 5:42 a. m. until 12:14 p. m., and again from 4:54 p. m. until 8:34 p. m. The complaint is that men living any distance from the barns must take an early breakfast and then go nearly eight hours before the next meal, or else eat while the car is in motion, as no intermission is allowed.

Men of two years' service get straight afternoon and night runs, working from 11:50 one morning until a little after midnight, with but one twenty-three minute intermission for supper. Men complain that turning in trip reports and cash consumes another half hour at the end of the day, which is not paid for.

But the most serious complaint is made concerning the common tripper runs, which the men get immediately after graduating from the extra list. One of these starts at 5:01 a. m. and continues until 8:42 a. m. It begins again at 5:35 p. m. and continues until a little after midnight. Another is from 5:21 a. m. to 8:18 a. m. and from 4:08 p. m. to 12:41 the next morning.

These runs are all regular ones, provided for in the company's schedule, and must be worked by every man going through the various grades of service. At the Thirty-forth street and Wabash avenue barns these various runs are proportioned as follows: Day cars, 43; day trippers, 70; straight afternoon and night cars, 25; common trippers, 56. Extra men are required to be ready for work whenever called upon.

It will readily be seen that in the matter of runs some of the men, especially those upon the common trippers, have a real grievance. This grievance ought to be adjusted if possible. It is a hard thing to make a schedule of any sort, and especially, we fancy, in regard to street railways. There are rush hours in the morning and evening when every car must be used. At other times travel is much lighter. It is necessary, therefore, in the morning and evening to have an extra large force of men at work. This necessity has been met in part by calling out the common tripper runs. However, there is no apparent reason why the same man who starts his day's work at 5:01 in the morning cannot finish it until after midnight. If the cars are now run as best to meet the needs of the traveling public, let them be manned differently. The same car doesn't need always to be taken out by the same crew. And even if the cars can stand irregular hours that is no indication that the men can. A more humane schedule should be arranged.

GET TOGETHER AND END THE STRIKE.

The officials of the City railway company do not wish to take back the employés who struck out of sympathy. The original strikers naturally do not wish to agree to terms which will leave out in the cold men who had no grievances of their own but quit work out of sympathy. The course of the sympathizers was injudicious, if not improper. Most of them were bound by contracts, which they violated. Nevertheless, why should not the company be a little forgiving and take back the men in question, especially if doing so will end the strike and give back to the public the street cars which are so greatly needed? The error of the sympathetic strikers has been punished by the loss of over a week's pay. That is not a light penalty. The employés hardly will forget it and will not be likely to repeat the mistake.

The officers of the company say they will not take back all the striking trainmen. Naturally the strikers do not wish to see any of their comrades suffer. They would like to have every man get back his old job. It is alleged that some of the strikers have been guilty of acts of violence during the last two weeks. Such men have no right to ask to be taken back. Where there is evidence that a striker has been attacking persons in the employ of the company or damaging its property there should be no request for his reinstatement. There was a promise made on behalf of the employés when they went out that there would be no lawbreaking so far as they were concerned. Men who have been false to that pledge should not be allowed to stand in the way of a settlement.

The company should not be too unyielding, and the men, who must see that their strike is not turning out as they thought it would, ought not to be too stubborn. South siders are waiting with ill concealed impatience for a settlement. The fine weather of the last two weeks has made the practical stoppage of car service less of an affliction than it would have been had it snowed or rained, but the pleasant days cannot last long.

TWO CHEEKS—TWO SLAPS.

To the impartial, disinterested public:

When the union slaps you on one cheek, turn the other to the employers' association. Thus will you give evidence that you have dutifully learned the lesson which the waiters' union and the restaurant keepers' association have been trying their best to teach you.

The waiters' union slapped the public right stingingly a few weeks ago. It was a new union. It was teething. It was having measles. It went on strike in support of demands which the most mature and responsible union in the country would hardly have dared to formulate. It left the public without restaurant service while it was giving itself up to this fit of infantile distemper.

Now, the union having completed its strike and having been struck out, the restaurant keepers come to bat. Vol. 1, No. 1, of their bulletin is a terrific document. It suggests that the public is getting too much—far too much—for its money. In at least four particulars the public ought to be compelled to disgorge.

First, the free lunch. "Get together, gentlemen; you can abolish it. There is no reason why the public should get a 10 cent lunch with a 5 cent glass of beer."

Second, music. "Abolish music. Save money."

Third, free potatoes. "Charge 10 cents for each order of potatoes. Why should you cling to an ancient custom when you are losing money every day by so doing?"

Fourth, telephones. "If the Chicago Telephone company won't share up with you on the receipts from tolls, take the telephones out. You can't afford to serve the public for nothing."

Now unionism cannot be made the scapegoat for public wrath in this case. The waiters' union is hors d'œuvre—out of a job. It has been smashed. The restaurant keepers are not soaking the public because the union is soaking them. The union is no longer recognized by the restaurant keepers. It has vanished away. The restaurant keepers are soaking the public for the same reason that a union sometimes soaks the public. Organization makes it possible.

Never believe, therefore, when one of your cheeks has been soundly slapped by a union that your experience with the slap stick is over. You still have another cheek. You still have to face the employers' association. Do you tingle?

GOOD FOR HERRMANN.

The council chamber. On the floor, Ald. Herrmann, white faced but stout hearted, defending the municipal honor of his fellow aldermen. In the gallery a municipal ownership mob receiving a defense of municipal honor with jeers and hoots.

How does it happen that those men who are most optimistic about the extension of the duties of municipal officers are also most pessimistic with regard to the honor of the municipal officers we now have? Among all the traction resolutions recently brought before the council by the municipal ownership people there has not been one which has not assailed the honor of the men to whom it was addressed. Is it surprising that such resolutions have been voted down? Could any group of self-respecting men adopt any other course?

Municipal ownership in Chicago seems to have been unfortunate in its choice of friends. Puffed up with the afflatus of superior intelligence and integrity, the municipal ownership people have pursued a steady course of denying brains and morals to their opponents. They have become the most perfect intellectual and ethical snobs in town. They have made the public tired. They have made it sick.

If the present Chicago city council, the best city council in the country, is not honest we might as well despair of democratic government. This council is the best that universal suffrage has ever produced in any large American city. The people who are crying "Stop, thief!" have absolutely no basis for their cry except the presumptuous assumption that a man must be a thief if he does not desire the immediate surrender of our street railways to the politicians whom the aldermanic graft committee is now investigating. The spectacle is nauseating and infuriating. Chicago ought to resent—it does resent—the treatment which its council is suffering at the hands of a self-righteous, holier-than-thou faction.

LET CUBA ALONE.

Senator Newlands' resolution regarding the annexation of Cuba is ill advised. It is a waste of energy to shake the tree before the apples are ripe. When they are mature they will fall of themselves. The Spaniards who are in the island and Americans who have investments there may wish to see Cuba a part of the United States. The Cubans do not appear to do so. They seem to relish their independence. Why should hints that they do not be thrown out in the form of annexation resolutions?

The Cubans are governing themselves remarkably well. The gloomy predictions of misgovernment and insurrections have come to naught. Other Latin-Americans seem to be born to get up revolutions, but the Cubans prefer to work. The increasing volume of their exports shows that they are working to good purpose. Their only ambition is to cultivate their crops and sell them for the best possible price. If all Spanish-Americans were like them Central and South America would be the homes of peace and plenty.

There is no reason to fear that Cuba may draw away from the United States and attach herself to some European power. She is a part of the American political system and cannot be detached from it. That is well understood on the other side of the ocean. Cuba is as far beyond the reach of Europe as if it were an American state. Consequently to urge annexation upon the Cubans is to resort to an unnecessary precaution. They are happy as they are, so let them alone. Whenever they wish to be annexed, which they will in the fullness of time, they will say so and will be promptly taken in. In the meantime they may safely be left in their semi-detached condition undisturbed by importunate invitations to join the union. It is reciprocity they want now, not union.

MEDICAL authorities are puzzled over the case of a man who was operated upon for appendicitis and immediately recovered his sense of smell, which he had lost many years before. This seems to indicate that the appendix vermiformis may be made vicariously useful.

IT is clearly Col. Watterson's right to know that several big railway companies have been profiting largely by the street car strike in this city. Who can say what sinister influence—

A WALKING Thanksgiving would be something unique in Chicago.

IN the cultured east turkeys are worth 30 cents "the" pound.

THE Hon. Jim Tillman, it is said, will leave South Carolina and settle down in Texas. If he is looking for a place where he can lose himself quickly he has made a good selection.

IT seems to be the idea of Gen. Wood's enemies that he was sent to the Philippines to get a reputation. They can't deny that he is getting it.

THIS is a good time for the average citizen to organize himself into a Don't Worry club.

ALL previous street car strikes have come to an end somehow.

IF St. Louis wants Mushmouth Johnson for next year it can have him.

FREE potatoes at the restaurants may have to go, but patrons may be sure of an unlimited supply of free ice water.

APPARENTLY the Hon. Robert E. Burke is about to assume the rôle of an immovable body.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Box Office Tragedy.

At this moment a striking picket rushed up and tried to pin one of these "I Will Walk" buttons on the ghost.

"I will not walk!" exclaimed the ghost, in a deep sepulchral tone, thrusting him aside. "Not tonight! The street car strike has utterly incapacitated me!"

For the audience was the slimmest of the season.

Uncle Allen.

"Women may love more devotedly at 22 than at any other age," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, "but they love more determinedly at 32."

Financial Flurry.

The goddess of liberty on the American coin uttered a hasty exclamation.

"My land!" she squeaked, in a shrill voice. "They'll be calling me a Panamamma next!"

Whereat the George Washington on the 2 cent stamp continued to smile inanely.

To Be Sure.

Mrs. Chugwater (looking up from her paper)—"Josiah, what is an 'insane bureau'?"

Mr. Chugwater—"It's a piece of furniture they keep crazy quilts in. Haven't you got any reasoning powers?"

Something to Be Considered.

"Throggins, are you going to have a Christmas tree this year?"

"We haven't decided yet. Why?"

"Nothing, only I'm the agent of the company that carries the risk on the flat you're living in and the insurance expires next week. Thought I'd inquire—that's all."

Observed a Coolness.

Count Boylon de Bakkovisnek (to his rich American bride)—"How does madam like ze climate of my countree?"

His Bride—"So far as your relatives represent it, count, I find it decidedly frigid."

As a Business Proposition.

"The figures show," said the statistical boarder, "that there is only one divorce in 25,000 marriages."

"That's the reason, perhaps," suggested the soubrette at the opposite side of the table, "why a divorce has such a decided advertising value."

No Certain Evidence.

"I can't understand how the report got out that Lipsicome is a drinking man."

"You never can tell how such stories get a start. The only foundation on earth there is for this one on Lipsicome is that when the carpenters were making some repairs the other day on the house where he had lived for ten years they found 658 empty whisky bottles under the kitchen floor." C. W. T.

As Paris Sees Us.

[From the Paris Figaro.]

Everybody in Europe comprehends and excuses what is happening at Panama. It is logical and normal. If, in such a case, insurrection is not "the most sacred of duties," it is certainly the most legitimate of safeguards. It is for the Isthmus a question so vital—this achievement of an interoceanic canal—that all the means are good to assure it and get the better of the Nicaraguans.

On the contrary, that which is taking place at New York has plunged the old world into a stupor. We had never understood, on this side of the ocean, how Tammany hall had been able to get possession of the machinery of government in New York City and to keep so long the grand American metropolis under the yoke of obvious and infernal corruption. What! These Yankees, who are so enterprising, so energetic, so persistent, and such good citizens, who are the inventors of lynch law and of committees of vigilance—that is, of that swift justice which sometimes brings with it injustice—submit to be governed by a band of thieves and fail to rid themselves of such a tyranny! It is incredible.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1903: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

ALTHOUGH Princess Louise of Orleans is a handsome girl and in every sense of the word accomplished and charming, yet the project of marrying her to young King Alfonso excites much opposition and ill will throughout Spain. This is mainly due to the fact that she is a granddaughter of the late duke of Montpensier, whose title is now borne by her younger brother. There is no name more profoundly execrated throughout the peninsula than that of the duke of Montpensier, who was hated for his sordid avarice, for his inability to abstain from intrigues of the most questionable character, and who displayed the basest ingratitude towards his wife's elder sister, Queen Isabella, to whom he was indebted for all his honors, his dignities, and for his possessions as an infant of Spain.

Disappointed in his hopes that her childlessness would bring his wife and himself to the throne, he did not hesitate to openly allege that her progeny were illegitimate in so far that they were not the offspring of King Francis, and he was one of the principal authors of the revolution of 1868, which drove Isabella from the throne, though he was frustrated in his design of being elected to take her place. In fact, he was so distrusted and disliked that the people of Spain expressed their determination to offer the crown to any foreign prince rather than to permit the duke of Montpensier to rule over them. The way in which he killed Prince Henry of Bourbon in 1870—it was more in the nature of a cold blooded murder than a duel—tended to still further increase the execration in which his name was held, and after the restoration of his nephew, Don Alfonso, to the throne in 1875, his own return to Spain was regarded almost in the light of national disaster.

He arranged a marriage for the young king with his daughter, Princess Christine, but the latter died suddenly, and then another of his daughters, Princess Mercedes, became affianced to the young monarch, the marriage taking place. A few months later the young queen died quite as suddenly as her sister, and while there are some people who insist that both princesses were poisoned by people who dreaded the nefarious influence which the duke as father-in-law of the king would exercise over the latter, there are others who saw in the sudden and untimely death of both charming princesses an indication that the duke and everything connected with him were blighted with a curse in punishment of his many infamies.

Certain it is that misfortune has pursued the duke, living and dead. For his only son, Don Antonio, is to all intents and purposes an outcast, making his home in Italy, his wife, the Infanta Eulalie, declining to live with him, while the duke's daughter, the countess of Paris, after seeing her husband expelled from France and die in exile, now finds her eldest son subjected to a still more unhappy fate, since not only is he banished from France but he is cold shouldered at nearly all the foreign courts by reason of his unfortunate behavior.

Should, therefore, the young king of Spain marry Princess Louise of Orleans, the daughter of the countess of Paris, and the sister of the duke of Montpensier, a large number of his subjects would be filled with superstitious dread that he would be doomed to misfortune and fall a prey to the Montpensier blight. The marriage of the young king's elder sister, the princess of the Asturias, to Prince Charles of Bourbon, son of the claimant to the throne of Naples, was so unpopular that it actually led to sanguinary riots at Madrid and in other parts of Spain. There was no objection to the prince personally, but merely to his branch of the Bourbon family, which is noted for its reactionary tendencies. And so, in the same way, while there can be no possible objection of a personal character to Princess Louise of Orleans, yet the fact that she should be one of the execrated Montpensier tribe is enough to prejudice Spaniards of every shade of political opinion most bitterly against the projected marriage.

It is much more likely that the king will wed either a Bavarian princess or else possibly one of the young Austrian archduchesses, of whom there are quite a large number more suitable in the matter of age to become the consort of the king of Spain than Princess Louise of Orleans, who is several years his senior.

Old Lord Stair, who is reported to be dying, and who may possibly have breathed his last ere this letter appears in print, is not descended from the so-called "Glencoe earl," but from the latter's younger brother. The "Glencoe earl" was so called on account of his having been the principal instigator of the terrible massacre of Glencoe, and, in his case, as in that of all the other perpetrators and instigators of the deed of blood in question, the so-called curse of Glencoe to the effect that "May their wives ever be childless," was fulfilled. For King William III., who signed the decree for the massacre, died childless. The name and family of Campbell of Glenlyon, who commanded the band that perpetrated the massacre, became utterly extinct soon after his own death, while no less than six out of seven of the successive earls of Stair died without issue, the descendants of the "Glencoe earl" becoming extinct with the demise of the seventh earl of the line in 1840. Moreover, the "Glencoe earl's" eldest son was killed by his younger brother, and it was found necessary to issue a pardon under the great seal to the young homicide, although he was but 9 years of age at the time.

Let me add that the wife of the first Lord Stair, who has been held up to the execration of hundreds of thousands by Sir Walter Scott in his novels, remains to this day unburied. Shortly before her death she expressed the desire that she should not be put under ground but that her coffin should be set upright on end, promising that while she remained in that situation the Dalrymples should continue to flourish. Her directions were complied with, and to this day her coffin stands upright in the aisle of the church of Kirkliston, the burial place of the Dalrymple family.

The present Lord Stair is an old man, who, up till a short time ago, was wonderfully rigorous and hale. His wife, who died about four years ago, was a daughter of that French duke de Coigny who was also a Scotch laird, having married Miss Hamilton, heiress of the ancient Scotch house of Bargany in Ayrshire. The duke de Coigny was a great character in his way, and used to amaze the people up in Scotland by his essentially foreign ideas on the subject of sport. Thus out covert shooting he would invariably don a green velvet hunting suit, with a huge horn flung over his shoulder, and a spotted carriage dog called "Ponto" at his heels. "Ponto" was frequently in the way on these occasions and the duke's temper was hot, and it is still remembered how, when a fiendish din was once heard at a "hot corner" of the covert, the other sportsmen hurrying up found "Ponto" yelping lustily while his infuriated master hurled at him shot belt, powder flask, hunting horn, and all the other paraphernalia of the chase, indignantly crying out "'Ponto,' you devil dog, you devil dog. I will knock you bottom over top." The Duke de Coigny's father was one of the most famous courtiers at Versailles during the reign of the ill fated King Louis XVI. and Queen Marie Antoinette.

The eldest son of Lord Stair is known as Viscount Dalrymple, and while he has a grown up son in the army, he is separated from the viscountess and has had a good deal of litigation with her on the subject of the custody of his two daughters, the viscountess making some serious charges against her husband which she was in the opinion of the courts entirely unable to substantiate.

The duke of Orleans' decision to establish from henceforth his headquarters at Brussels, and to make his home there, must be regarded as the result of the French government's refusal to conform with the wishes of King Leopold in connection with the Congo controversy. For when, some time ago, the French pretender was on the point of settling at Brussels, King Leopold, prompted by motives of consideration for the French government, objected, whereas now he has withdrawn his objection.

Expert Testimony.

"To settle a bet," said the visitor, "how long can a man go without food?"

"Ask the man over there," said the Snake Editor.

"Is he the editor who answers questions?"

"No, he's a poet."—Philadelphia Press.

Not Saying Anything.

It is now announced that Editor Watterson lost that $300 on a train instead of in New York. He ought to tell us what the other fellow held.—Washington Post.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

How it Panned Out.

Panatella Panestoga
Was a Panamanian,
And he loved the fair Pandora
As a Spanish lover can.
Señorita Pandalozza
Was her etiquettish name,
And for Pulchritude Pandora
Was a girl of envied fame.

Señorita Pandalozza
Was a cook of wondrous skill—
She excelled in making pancakes
That a long felt want could fill.
Many pretty panegyrics
Have been sung in Panama
Of Pandora's peerless pancakes,
But she shyly murmurs: "Pshaw!"

Panatella Panestoga,
In his gorgeous panoply,
Came a-courting proud Pandora.
"Princess of the pan," said he,
"I am Panama's pantata—
This pandiculated realm
Would go crashing to destruction
If I were not at the helm."

Señorita Pandalozza
Put a pancake in the pan,
Then she sighed: "I hold a pansy
From a Panamanian—
Panales, Señor Panatella,
Are for thoughts, as you must know.
And this man is the panjandrum
Of my mind, so you must go!"

"Pestilente!" and "Perdite!"
Muttered Panatella, "I'm"—
But the balance of his anger
Had to come in pantomime,
For the doleful panorama
Of his saddened future life
Sped before him in a panic,
With no pancake queen for wife.

"If I find no panacea"—
Once again his voice could come—
"I will go upon the warpath—
Make a pandemonium!
Aye! If thus, O fair Pandora,
You would give to me the sack,
Then this Panamanian will
Be a Panamaniac."

Ah, he loitered o'er his pleadips.
A pandemic unrest ran
Till it roused to insurrection
Every Panamanian,
And they ousted Panatella
Panestoga from control,
And Pandora's loved panjandrum
Gained the presidential goal.

A SECTION OF THE ALPHABET.

M stands for Merry Market Man—
M also stands for Money.
And Money makes the Market Man
Feel Merry, bland, and sunny.

T stands for Turkey, Trimmed and Thin;
T also means Thanksgiving.
The Merry Market Man says "Thanks"
And you—you do the Giving.

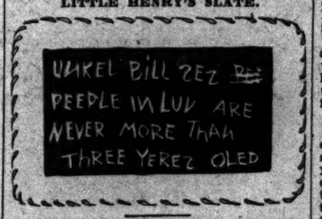
M-T—a feeble pun, forsooth,
Is what you're sure to call it,
But M-T stands for this, in truth,
Your post-Thanksgiving wallet.

A YOUNG woman in Kansas gets a medal for having consumed 2,000 glasses of soda water during the last summer. The medal comes from the soda water dealer, not, as might be expected, from the millions of grateful people from whose minds this noble young woman has banished the bacilli bugaboo. Competent scientists have estimated that in the ordinary glass of soda water there are 200,000,000 germs, possibly a few hundred thousand over that. But, making allowance for the differing degrees of foaminess, 200,000,000 will do for a round number. In 2,000 glasses there would be 520,000,000,000 assorted germs. And this beautiful Kansas heroine is not only strong and well but proudly states that she is in better health than ever before. Let those from whose hearts this grisly fear of germs has been lifted get together and present this young woman a fitting testimonial. Either set up a soda fountain in her parlor and provide an endowment fund for its maintenance or arrange by popular subscription a fund that shall go toward the purchasing of a life pass to all the soda fountains in the country. This fair damsel is a typical and true heroine. She conforms to the customs and usages of the heroic by saying that "she did no more than any other person would have done under the same circumstances."

WHY so much of the raucous ha ha because Jan Zawoczyka could not remember the name of the lady when he went to buy a marriage license? Jan was doing pretty well to remember the name the lady will take.

WITH the New York women indulging in face paint and the men in nose paint, we may expect some highly colored stories of social happenings in that city.

LITTLE HENRY'S SLATE.



PLAINT OF THE POTATO.

The Restaurant Keepers' association contemplates abolishing the custom of serving potatoes free with meat orders.

It was a baked potato
That lay upon the plate;
Its eyes were heavy with its tears, its
gloominess was great.
The waiters rushed about it
With clash and clang and hum.
It turned and told a German fried: "Our
fatal day has come.

"Long years have I been faithful;
I've done my duty well;
I've never shirked my daily work no matter what befell.
I've been serene and hopeful,
For that's how I am built—
No frown of deep displeasure ever yet
could make me wilt.

"I've seen the fair young damsel
With lover at her side,
Coy modestly with knife and fork when
asked to be his bride;
I've held a graceful silence
And kept my peace, of course,
When men have planned before me their
projects for divorce.

"Ah, long I've served my purpose—
An ornament, indeed,
A piece of table bric-à-brac on which no
one would feed.
I've reached the table steaming;
I've left the table cold,
In summer and in winter I have never lost
my hold."

The German fried potato—
Then asked full heartlessly:
"Then you'll leave the continuous?" and
chuckled in its glee.
The saddened baked potato
Cried: "You do well to smirk!
I've got to take my jacket off and do par'
of your work!" W. D. N.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.

A FABLE.

BY RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

THE mountain and the squirrel
Had a quarrel;
And the former called the latter "Little Prig."
Bun replied,
"You are doubtless very big;
But all sorts of things and weather,
Must be taken in together,
To make up a year
And a sphere.
And I think it no disgrace
To occupy my place.
If I'm not so large as you,
You are not so small as I,
And not half so spry.
I'll not deny you make
A very pretty squirrel track;
Talents differ; all is well and wisely put;
If I cannot carry forests on my back,
Neither can you crack a nut."

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 25, 1903.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

The twentieth anniversary of the evacuation of New York by Sir Guy Carleton's British army was celebrated in that city.

SEVENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

The quantity of cotton manufactured in the United States yearly was estimated at 120,598 bales.

FORTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

The battle of Missionary Ridge, Tenn., was fought, the union army under Hooker, Sherman, and Thomas driving the rebels under Bragg from the vicinity of Chattanooga, with a loss of 5,616 northern trops and 9,100 confederates.

THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia, former vice president of the confederacy, in an interview at Washington declared the "United States must get Cuba at all hazards, with or without war" with Spain.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

A force of 6,000 Bedouins and 2,000 gendarmes was dispatched to Suakim by the khedive of Egypt to oppose El Mahdi's advancing army.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

Frank Ives was defeated at Chicago by "Jake" Schaefer in what was called the most remarkable game of billiards ever played, Schaefer starting 505 points behind and winning by 55.

ECHOES of the Strike

ON the first morning of the strike a young woman who is employed in the stockyards left her home on Cottage Grove avenue and started for work at the usual time. For fifteen minutes she waited vainly on a corner for the accustomed cross town car. Several other young women joined her on the corner. Presently they were made to realize that the strike was on and that, unless they could secure some other means of transportation, a long walk of several miles lay before them.

Just as they had decided to start on the long tramp a delivery wagon drove along. One of the girls hailed it and was told by the driver, a young man of 25, that he was bound for the yards. Forthwith, without saying by your leave, all of the young women climbed into the wagon. Two of them sat down on the seat with the driver. The others found places in the back of the wagon. He laughed at the invasion, and without protest whipped up his horse and promptly took the girls to their places of work. The last to leave the wagon was the first to leave her home. She was a pretty girl and the driver may be forgiven for failing so quickly and thoroughly in love with her.

It is presumed that before she got out he asked her if he might not have the pleasure of driving her to work the next morning. At any rate, he was on hand at 7 o'clock the next morning near her home, and it was noticed that after she had got in he drove out of his way to escape other passengers. Every morning since the strike began the pretty girl, with the auburn hair and the long fur collar, has ridden proudly to her work on the seat of that delivery wagon, and the neighborhood about Forty-first street and Cottage Grove avenue is now greatly interested in guessing when the wedding will take place. Incidentally, also, it is probably true that the marketman who owns the delivery wagon which Cupid has pressed into service is wondering why it takes his driver so long to make the first trip in the morning.

It takes little these days to start stories of excitement and riot in certain parts of the south side. The other afternoon a couple of young boys stopped in front of a barber shop on State street, near Thirty-ninth, and stood there with their noses pressed hard against the front window glass. Presently three or four other men and boys gathered, and in fifteen minutes a crowd of more than a hundred people were struggling about the front of the shop, those on the outside fighting hard to get a glimpse of what was going on inside.

"There were three of 'em," said one man. "I got here just after they carried 'em in. I guess they are all hurt pretty bad."

"Beat up by pickets?"

"Yes, and one of 'em, I understand, is badly cut, too."

Some one in the vicinity telephoned for the police. Presently half a dozen officers came running around the corner, with drawn clubs. The mob scattered and revealed the cause of all the excitement. It was a barber in a white jacket, busily engaged in massaging the face of a fat, red faced man with some kind of an electric apparatus.

"This strike furnishes a complete reversal of the old adage," said a city hall official. The old proverb says, 'Old men for counsel, young men for war.' But in the management of the City railway company the conditions are the other way. The directors of the company—at least those who are in the city—are almost all young fellows like Joseph Leiter and Lawrence Young. They do the heavy thinking and planning, or at least take a large part in it, while the brunt of the active work falls on Capt. McCulloch, who is old enough, at least, to be a veteran of the rebellion."

Almost innumerable are the complications into which the strike has thrown young people who are or who think they are in love with each other, and who are unfortunate enough to live on different sides of the city. One of the most amusing involves two young men and as many young women. One of the men and one of the women live close together in Lake View. The other two live in Hyde Park. It so happens that the youth who lives in Lake View is devoted to the Hyde Park girl, while the Hyde Park young man lays his affections at the feet of the maiden on the north side. It is also true that all four of the young people are great friends.

Twice a week on an average the two young men have crossed the city to call on their respective lady loves. Soon after the strike began they made such a trip, only to find that it was impossible for either to get home until early in the morning, and then only at the cost of considerable inconvenience and discomfort.

Finally a compromise was agreed on. The Lake View youth was to call on his neighbor as nearly as possible on behalf of his friend in Hyde Park, while the latter, in turn, was to act as the representative of the north sider in paying court to the Hyde Park girl.

In the morning, after each of these calls the girls report to each other by telephone, and, so far, matters have gone smoothly between them. But there are opportunities for endless misunderstandings, and their friends predict that unless the strike is speedily settled something will be certain to turn up to show the danger of love making by proxy.

Two more classes of business which have benefited by the strike are the messenger boys and the florists. The tying up of the cars has caused many broken engagements, necessitating the calling of messenger boys to carry notes of explanation, and in a great many cases a peace offering of roses has been sent along with the apology. The boys have also had many calls to carry parcels for people who were in too much doubt about getting home themselves to load themselves down with a bundle.

Root has been spending a month in New Orleans. He got home the other evening, and when the through train from the south stopped at Forty-third street he got off. Root lives on Forty-first street, far out to the west, and he intended to catch a Forty-third street cross town trolley and ride over home, instead of making the unnecessary journey downtown.

With a suit case in one hand and a small satchel in the other he climbed down from the sleeper at the Forty-third street station and proceeded to wait for a trolley. He waited twenty minutes before the man in the drug store told him of the strike.

"I saw something about it in the papers," Root said apologetically, "but it never occurred to me when I left the train."

Then he took a suburban train downtown, walked across, and took another train to the neighborhood of his home. Root is decidedly of opinion that strikes are the greatest curses of modern civilization.

"If the strike keeps on a few weeks longer," said the doctor, "I believe it will improve the health of a considerable number of people on the south side.

"With so many crosstown trolleys running, south side people had got so in the habit of riding, even if they only wanted to go a few blocks, that walking was dead to them, and as a result of the unaccustomed and much needed exercise I can already notice a fresh crops of roses coming into pale cheeks. You might call the strike a compulsory course in physical training for a large part of the south side." H. M. H.

New Batch of Troubles.

[Washington Correspondence New York World.]

A dapper young man came to Senator W J. Stone of Missouri and explained to him the benefits of a press clipping bureau he was conducting. He told the senator he would furnish him with all newspaper mention of himself at a nominal price, and besought a trial order.

"All right," said Stone. "Send me a batch till I see what it is like."

Yesterday the senator received a tremendous bunch of newspaper clippings and a bill for $76. When he examined the clippings he had a fit. They all concerned R. J. Stone, prosecuting attorney of Cole county, Mo., who is in trouble over boodling, and who is in no way related to Senator Stone.

"Haven't I troubles enough of my own?" said the senator, as he turned the clippings back to the bureau.

Got Off the Train.

Queen Elizabeth was surrounded by the ladies of her court.

"I should think," remarked Lobster, "your majesty would be afraid of some of these trains colliding."

"Not at all," returned the queen. "I have a perfect block system."

Taking the hint, he was careful to keep off the royal robes.—New York Sun.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

MISS HAZEL MARTYN'S ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED.

Young Artist Will Become the Bride of Dr. Edward Livingston Trudeau of New York—Ceremony Will Probably Take Place at the Virginia on Dec. 30—Miss Mae Press and Mr. William Lewis Hodgkins Married—Other Events of Yesterday.

Announcement is made of the engagement of Miss Hazel Martyn, daughter of Mrs. E. J. Martyn of the Virginia, to Dr. Edward Livingston Trudeau of New York. The wedding, it is believed, will take place on Dec. 30.

Miss Martyn arrived in Chicago a little over a week ago after a summer spent in Europe studying art. A book of twelve of her sketches has been published since she reached Chicago and has attracted much notice. Miss Martyn is a great favorite in society, and her many friends will regret that she is to make her home in New York. In all likelihood the wedding will take place at the Virginia.

Miss Mae Press, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Whiting G. Press, was married last evening to Mr. William Lewis Hodgkins, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Hodgkins, in St. Paul's Episcopal church, Kenwood. The ceremony was performed at 8 o'clock by Bishop Williams of Nebraska, assisted by the Rev. Herman Page, rector of the church. It was a green and white wedding, the colors being carried out in the floral decorations with chrysanthemums and palms. The guests numbered several hundred.

Miss Belle Press, a sister of the bride, and Mrs. Frank Stearns of Cleveland were the maid and matron of honor and the maids were Miss Emma Burry of Cleveland, Miss Adele Turner, Miss Rowena Gilbert, Miss Marie Fitzgerald, Miss Julia Martin, and Miss Cordelia Rockwell. Mr. Edgar Crilly acted as best man and the ushers were Mr. Frank Stearns of Cleveland, Mr. Harry Burt, Mr. John Baker, Mr. Oliver Crilly, Mr. Oliver Burton, Mr. James Shourds, and Mr. Julian McDermid. Miss Press wore an elaborate bridal gown of Venetian point lace cut with high neck and long sleeves and made over a robe of white chiffon and liberty satin. Her tulle veil was caught with a diamond crescent, the gift of the groom, and her bouquet was a shower of bride roses and lilies of the valley. All of the bride's attendants were gowned in white embroidered chiffon with cutout designs through which showed the slip of silk.

After the ceremony a large reception was held at the family residence, 6154 Kimbark avenue, at which the newly married couple were assisted in receiving by their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Press and Mr. and Mrs. Hodgkins.

One of the largest affairs of yesterday was the reception given by Mrs. F. Madiener and her daughter, Mrs. Edward A. Leicht, at their residence, 17 Lake View avenue. The hours were from 4 until 6 o'clock. Assisting through the rooms were Mrs. Charles Wacker, Mrs. August Magnus, Mrs. Andrew Leicht, Mrs. Harry Williams, Mrs. William Reim, Mrs. Gustav Hessert, Mrs. Fred Schmidt, Mrs. Henry Bartholomay, Mrs. E. Gerstenberg, Mrs. Albert Madiener, Mrs. William Anderson, Mrs. J. B. Murphy, and Mrs. James Channon. In the dining room were Miss Marie Theurer, Miss Alma Seipp, Miss Meta Lefens, and Miss Helen Kramer, the latter of Milwaukee.

Mrs. Madiener received in a costume of black spangled lace, while Mrs. Leicht was in a gown of pink and white pompadour silk with lace and chiffon, with which she wore a long rope of pearls. Mrs. Madiener and Mrs. Leicht receive on the first Friday of each month.

Mrs. J. Ogden Armour's reception of yesterday was a most informal affair, being given to draw together the doctors, nurses, and members of the boards of St. Luke's hospital. The hours were from 4 until 7 o'clock.

Mrs. Chapin A. Day, 5112 Madison avenue, gave a reception yesterday to introduce her daughter, Miss Florence Day. Assisting the hostess were Mrs. Charles Keeler, Mrs. William Young, Mrs. Truman Palmer, Mrs. F. L. Ritchey, Mrs. Ernest Pitcher, and Mrs. Richard Stone. In the dining room were Miss Corinne May of Grand Rapids, Miss Florence Neff, Miss Mabel Jones of Evanston, Miss Caroline Boomer, Miss Rastree, Miss Gertrude Sill of St. Paul, and Mrs. James Drakeford of St. Louis.

Mrs. Samuel Rodgers Wells, 3612 Michigan avenue, will give a reception from 5 until 6 o'clock on Wednesday, Dec. 2.

Mrs. John Whitcomb Cotton, 35 Cedar street, will give a luncheon today for her daughter, Miss Aria Cotton, the guests to number twelve. Mrs. Cotton will have a number of guests to play bridge whist on the afternoon of Dec. 4.

The next Salon Français will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Lytton Tuesday evening, Dec. 1, at 8 o'clock.

Miss Italia Blair has arrived in the city with her father, Mr. Chauncey Blair, who returned from Europe to attend to business matters. She is with her aunt, Mrs. Charles Adams, 15 Walton place, and although her stay will be short she will have several entertainments given for her. Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gordon Selfridge will give an informal dinner for her this evening, the other guests to be Miss Amy Waller, Mr. Francis Taylor, and Mr. Gunn. The party will later attend the performance at the Iroquois theater. Miss Blair will leave the city with her father on Dec. 11, sailing on the 15th.

Miss Florence Neff of the Metropole will give a luncheon today.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. MacArthur, 58 Astor street, entertained a number of friends last evening at military euchre.

The engagement is announced of Miss Marie Ella Cable, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Hobart M. Cable, 4947 Lake avenue, to Mr. Albert Harold Manning.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald MacArthur, 4943 Washington avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Florence MacArthur, to Mr. William Story Jr. of Ouray, Colo.

The meeting of the Italian circle that was announced for Nov. 28 at the residence of Mrs. George M. Pullman has been postponed until Dec. 18.

ATTACH DOWIE'S SUMMER HOME

Chicago Creditors Have Deputy Take Possession of "Ben Macdhui" to Satisfy $988 Claim.

Chicago creditors brought fresh woe to John Alexander Dowie yesterday, the beginning of one suit for debt being marked by the levy of an attachment on "Ben Macdhui," Dowie's valuable summer home on White lake. The plaintiffs were A. C. McClurg & Co. who had a claim of $988 for furnishing Dowie's library at Zion City.

"Ben Macdhui" covers forty acres of woodland and is valued by Dowie at $85,000. Its market value as appraised is $20,200. When the writ of attachment was served by a Muskegon deputy sheriff five men, Dowie's guards, were notified to leave.

The number of suits filed against Dowie in Lake county courts increases daily, and the total of claims has passed the $50,000 mark. Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co. brought suit yesterday at Waukegan for $5,000, and Nelson Morris & Co. sued for $500.

ROMANCE IN DOWNTOWN STORE.

W. M. Williams and Miss Kate I. Weeks, Marshall Field & Co. Employes, to Marry Tonight.

A romance between two employes in Marshall Field & Co.'s retail store is rounded out this evening in the wedding of Walter M. Williams to Miss Kate I. Weeks at the residence of Miss Weeks' mother, 451 East North avenue. Mr. Williams is a section manager in the retail establishment of Marshall Field & Co., and has been connected with the company for thirteen years. Miss Weeks is an assistant of his in the neckwear department, and though they were known to be friends no one in the department knew until yesterday that they intended to wed.

School of Domestic Science, 30 State street. Miss Bullard and Miss Connor, directors.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE

Conducted by the School of Domestic Arts and Science of Chicago. . . .

"Home should be an oratorio of the memory, singing to all our after life melodies and harmonies of old-remembered joy."—Henry Ward Beecher.

LESSON NO. 105.—The Chemistry of Cleaning.

MISS BULLARD, in her interesting talk on the chemistry of cleaning, gave many practical suggestions to the housekeeper. The lesson gave consideration to some of the preparations for the mechanical removal of matter in the wrong place, such as tarnish on silver, brass, copper, spots on paint, etc., and miscellaneous subjects pertaining to the home. For the removal of these various oxides we have acids—muriatic acid, oxalic acid, and the simple remedies of lemon, vinegar, and salt.

In discussing silver Miss Bullard made a fine distinction between the polish attained on the old fashioned silver as compared with the new. She said that old silver retains so much finer luster than the new simply because the antique silver was so much finer in quality. Silver should be washed in the following preparation: One tablespoon ammonia, one tablespoon of alcohol, three tablespoons of whiting, and two quarts of hot water. Wash the clean silver in this, then rinse and wipe off with soft cloth, or, better still, a chamois skin. This process need be repeated only once in four or five weeks if the silver is properly washed each day. Avoid a silver polish that cleans the silver quickly with little friction—these must attack the metal. As flannel contains sulphur, silver should not be wrapped in it, but the use of canton flannel was commended; also wax paper, placing gum camphor in the packages. Only use a brush for embossed silver, and the use of plain silver was considered the best art, and the teaspoons of our grandmothers, light in quality and dainty in design, were voted as much better from an artistic point of view than the cumbersome silver of today, that is so heavy as to be unusable with the delicate china of our ancestors. Gold lined spoons are best when selecting egg spoons, as gold is not as corrosive as silver. Collodium that can be purchased at any drug store is a good lacquer for silver that does not come in direct contact with moisture. Sweet oil and whiting will remove rust.

Miss Bullard, in her discussion on the subject of brasses and copper, said that many fine preparations had been put on the market for cleaning nickel since bicycles have been the vogue. For brasses the old fashioned salt and vinegar was still considered good, but these should be washed in water with a little ammonia to neutralize the acid. Rotten stone and sweet oil were the best for brass and copper, to be followed with a quick polish with whiting.

She advised the use of old gloves in polishing hard metals, as the process was hard on the skin. An old housekeeper had taught her to dip her hands in flour or cornstarch at preserving time or in using acids, as this kept the hands in a better condition.

Oxalic acid crystals dissolved in a bottle of water are excellent for cleaning copper boilers and heavy pieces.

Miss Bullard then discussed marbles and tiles. When lemon or acid was spilled on marble, ammonia or alkali should be used promptly to neutralize the acid that would destroy the marble. If the surface of marble is destroyed, pumice stone and water, applied as a polish, using a flat stone, would restore the surface. Turpentine and salt used on the bath tub and marble stands would quickly obliterate all stains.

Miss Bullard then discussed the best method of cleaning paint and the best method of caring for and cleaning cut glass and gilded china. She gave new methods for the cleaning of linoleums, and finished with a talk on the chemistry of cleaning preparations. Next Tuesday, Dec. 1, she will give many new hints and suggestions on the care of polished floors and furniture. H. S.

Household Hints.

Crusts with Cherries—

Cut slices of bread, half an inch thick, in rings. Soak these in egg yolks beaten and diluted with cream or milk mixed with sugar and a grating of orange peel. Egg and crumb with macaroon crumbs and lastly bread crumbs; sauté in clarified butter, mask with marmalade, and sprinkle with chopped almonds. Dress crown shaped with stewed cherries in the center. Thicken the cherry sirup for a sauce.

A Scientific Way—

Of airing the bed is practiced by the housekeeper who has been trained in a school of domestic economy.

Ordinarily the process has included the grouping of several chairs back to back near the window, over which the bedding would be thrown at random, or the still less effective method of turning them back over the foot of the bed.

By the new method, evovived by study, two chairs are placed with the seats together across the open front of the bedroom window. The counterpane is first removed, folded the long way, and then laid across the backs of the chairs, dropping until the lower surface rests on the seats. The blanket is folded in like manner and laid over the counterpane, but its sagging is kept about three inches clear of the counterpane. The sheets and whatever bedding follows are folded and placed in like manner, until the pile on the chairs is in the least possible space, with the air circulating between each separate covering.

Neatness, tidiness, the possibility of thoroughly airing each spread, and at the same time keeping the bedclothes to the least possible compass, are accomplished, where the old method really precluded the air.

And Still Another—

Idea that the housekeeper who entertains football enthusiasts on Thanksgiving may utilize by acting upon its suggestions for cards, costume, and number of guests, and by having the program as given read in installments from each place card in turn—after which ease and lack of formality on the part of the guests is almost sure to follow.

FOOTBALL DINNER.
(A. Stagg.)

Place cards, names of Chicago players.
Eleven at table. Waiter in costume of player.
Line up. Kick off.
Maxwell tackles Michigan turkey on five yard tablecloth.
"Which piece do you prefer, Bezdek?"
Hacking away at the fowl.
"Give me the half back, please.
Let Perry look after the left wing.
"Give the freshman some salt," says Ellsworth, as he makes a fake pass at the bonbons.
Tobin guards his fine points, as Eckersall already has eight to his credit at the close of the first half.
Second half starts slow.
Eckersall fumbles on a bad joke, which Speik and Schnur tried to cover up in a scrimmage after the wishbone.
A fine end run was made by the waiter with the water bottle to alleviate a hot time Catlin was having with an overdose of Tobasco sauce.
They line up for a center rush on the plum pudding, make a touchdown on the cigars, and close with the captain signaling for another highball.
"SUB."

Let the Stuffing—

Of the turkey be a surprise on Thanksgiving day since the bird is always the same. Even a potato stuffing, either sweet or Irish, is a pleasant variety and is made by boiling, mashing, and seasoning the potatoes, and adding to them a generous supply of the best butter which, by the way, is the golden rule of all successful stuffings.

MUSHROOM STUFFING.—One can of mushrooms, 3 heaping cupfuls of stale bread, ½ cupful of melted butter, salt, and pepper. Cup up the mushrooms slightly, use all the juice and add milk if necessary.

OYSTER STUFFING.—Mix a pint of whole oysters for a small turkey, and a quart for a large one, with a mixture of cracker and bread crumbs, in the same proportion of crumbs to oyster that are used for escalloped oysters. Season with butter, pepper, and salt, moisten with the oyster liquor, and omit the usual herbs used in bread stuffings.

CHESTNUT STUFFING.—Put 2 quarts of chestnuts over the fire in a covered iron pan to burst the skins. Peel and boil in well salted water. Mix with half the quantity of crumbs, by rubbing well with the potato masher, crushing the chestnuts, but not pulverising them. Moisten with stock and add ½ cup of melted butter.

FORCEMEAT STUFFING.—Chop cold veal and ham or bacon, mix with half the quantity of bread crumbs, and season with salt, cayenne, lemon juice, summer savory, and parsley.

The Epicure's—

Chop is broiled between two others of the same shape and size, and is cooked to a turn when the outside pieces of meat have been burnt to a cinder.

Quail is selected because of its smooth legs and soft quill feathers, which show that it is young, and because of it's hard, firm breast, which shows that it is in good condition, and is cooked, not over seventeen minutes, in a hot oven.

Grape fruit is served with the bitter white fiber cut out with a pair of scissors, leaving the pulp loosened in chunks just the right size for a mouthful, and the cavities being filled with cracked ice.

Roast duck is served with an apple sauce, into which has been stirred half its quantity of whipped cream.

Bacon is broiled over a hot fire quickly and until clear, is served hot on equally hot toast—but is not cooked up to a crisp.

The "Bookroom"—

Has taken the place of the library in the up to date house, as the "living room" has that of the parlor, and, if up to date in fact as well as in name,

Has its books in low cases guiltless of glass doors.

Has its magazines arranged flat on the table slightly overlapping each other as they are seen in the book stands.

Has a book rack full of the smaller books wanted, both on the writing table and on a low tabourette between the couch and easy chair.

Has a large table instead of a desk, standing in the center of the room or backing the window, in which case a low backed couch is set close in front of it and facing the room.

Has a double student lamp, as the light par excellence for the library, for which there is ample room on the writing table, as also for pictures, books, papers, magazines, and flowers, and most important of all the tray furnished with pencils, erasers, scissors, paper cutter, bookmarks, and a pencil sharpener that saves the scattering of chips.

Useful and Ornamental for Garnishing Fish Are—

Slices of hard boiled egg cut thin, and shaped with a fancy cutter.

Scraps of white of egg finely minced and used either white or colored with carmine or cochineal.

Yolk of hard boiled egg rubbed through a sieve.

Truffles cut in thin slices and stamped with a fancy cutter.

The reddest part of cooked tongue cut into dice.

Small fried croutons spread with colored butter.

Slices of lemon cut with a fancy cutter.

Butter colored or plain worked through a tube, or paper funnel, into pretty and fanciful shapes.

Bits of parsley fried in butter.

The coral of the lobster dried (when lobster sauce is used).

A few whole shrimps when shrimp sauce is used.

Piles of potato balls alternating with button mushrooms.

Virtues Many Has Olive Oil—

It is invaluable as a medicine in many cases, and especially so for children.

For a weakly child, or one who is just recovering from typhoid or some debilitating fever, salad oil will sometimes work wonders. The plan is to rub the oil over the child's body, especially about the upper portion, taking a few drops in the palm of the hand and rubbing it well into the tissues.

The nourishment the skin thus receives is almost beyond belief, and is of the greatest possible service in building up the child's strength.

When suffering from a severe cold it is a good thing to omit the child's daily bath and to rub its back and chest with the oil. To insure no further cold being caught by the little one, wrap the child in a blanket, and carefully screen it from drafts while the rubbing operation is in progress.

A threatening of croup often ends in the threatening only if olive oil and camphor are applied to the child's chest and well rubbed in. Another method is to saturate a piece of flannel with the oil, sprinkle it with powdered camphor, and apply it to the chest and neck as warm as the little one can stand it. Cover it with a piece of dry flannel, and change it as soon as it gets cold.

The Habits of a Cracker

Little drops of water,
Little gusts of dust,
Make common soda crackers,
Mighty hard to trust.

When crackers are dry or fresh they drink most. Moisture is quickly absorbed by crackers when they are exposed to the air.

Uneeda Biscuit
wear a weather-proof covering—the In-er-seal Package

When dust flies, it is sure to settle. Exposed crackers—moist and stale—are willing and certain collectors.

Uneeda Biscuit
are protected by a dust-proof shield—the In-er-seal Package

Uneeda Biscuit are always dry and fresh—never moist or stale—can't collect dust.

The Crackle You Hear Is the Sign They are Fresh

Uneeda Biscuit 5¢

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

WILL BRING JOY TO ALL.

THANKSGIVING PLANS INCLUDE SICK AND UNFORTUNATE.

Dinners and Entertainments to Be Given in Asylums, Hospitals, and the Jail—Little Cripples Will Not Be Forgotten—Special Services Arranged in Many Churches—Congregations to Unite for the Day—Events at the Golf and Country Clubs.

The churches and family firesides will have no monopoly of Thanksgiving day tomorrow, for in every hospital and asylum, and the jail as well, every effort will be made to give the sick, the unfortunate, the homeless, and the imprisoned a day to be grateful for.

Dinners and luncheons will mark the day at many of the golf and country clubs in the suburbs with cross country runs, coaching parties, and other sports.

Particular efforts are being made to make the day a bright one at all the institutions whose wards are children. Preparations for a big dinner are under way at the Maurice Porter hospital, 606 Fullerton avenue, and each child will receive a gift at the close of the day. At the Chicago Foundlings' home, 114 South Wood street, a dinner will be given to the mothers in the institution. The nurseries will be open to visitors.

Joy for Little Cripples.

At the Home for Destitute and Crippled Children, 46 Park avenue, presents will be given and games will be played, and in the afternoon friends of the institution are expected to visit the different wards.

At the Martha Washington home, Irving Park boulevard and Western avenue, and at the Washingtonian home, West Madison street and Ogden avenue, the managements have been busy for several days preparing to make the day pleasant for the inmates.

At the Chicago Erring Woman's Refuge an elaborate dinner has been arranged by the board of managers, after which a musical entertainment will be given.

At Mercy, the Chicago Baptist, the Presbyterian, and St. Luke's hospitals what special programs are possible will be given. In the afternoon the wards will be open to visitors. At Mercy hospital a vaudeville entertainment will be given in the pit of the surgical amphitheater by professionals.

Services in the Churches.

In different parts of the city a number of churches have arranged "union" services. At one such service held in the Fullerton Avenue Presbyterian church the Rev. Wilbur O. Carrier will deliver the sermon to the following congregations: Church of the Covenant, Presbyterian; Belden Avenue Baptist, Grace English Lutheran, Christ chapel, Presbyterian; Lincoln Park Congregational, Lake View Congregational, Wesley Methodist, and Fullerton Avenue Presbyterian.

The congregations of the Emmanuel and the St. John's Reformed Episcopal churches will unite with Christ church, Michigan avenue and Twenty-fourth street, in a union service in the morning. Bishop Cheney will preach.

Several Ravenswood churches will unite in a service at the United Presbyterian church, Leland and North Lincoln avenues. The collection will be for the Pacific Garden mission.

Services will be held in the Second Baptist, Morgan and West Monroe streets, at 11 a. m. The Rev. W. M. Lawrence will preach.

The Church of the Epiphany, Ashland avenue and West Adams street, will hold two services, holy communion at 7 a. m. and special services at 10:30. The Rev. John Henry Hopkins will preach.

Thanksgiving services will be held this evening at the Immanuel Baptist church, 2220 Michigan avenue. The Rev. Johnson Myers will preach, and there will be addresses by several men prominent in the work of the church.

HOME MADE PIE AND CAKE SOLD

School of Domestic Arts Does a Rushing Business All Day at 30 State Street.

The mince pie and plum pudding counter was raided by women at the sale of Thanksgiving delicacies at the School of Domestic Arts and Sciences, 30 State street, yesterday. The sale opened at 11 o'clock, and long before that hour women from every part of the city had thronged the rooms, anxious to buy the "home made" pies and cakes. As everything was "home made" the stock was sold out in short order.

Freshly baked cakes continued to be sent in through the day by members of the executive board, at whose homes they were made.

Three of the largest cakes sold were contributed by the Evanston public schools and had been cooked by the pupils. Among those who patronized the sale were Mrs. R. J. Oglesby, Mrs. Lester E. Grant, Mrs. J. E. Otis, Mrs. H. H. Brown, Mrs. H. N. May, Mrs. J. B. Barnett, Mrs. W. S. Jackman, Mrs. Orville T. Bright, Mrs. E. G. Clarke, Mrs. R. H. Palmer, Mrs. J. H. Beers, Mrs. Horace Currier, Mrs. A. W. Hester, Mrs. Alfred W. Holmes, Mrs. P. S. Peterson, Mrs. Lynden Evans.

The Chicago South Side club voted yesterday to endow one widow under the plan suggested by Jane Addams and Mrs. Harriet M. Van der Vaart to relieve the mothers of children deprived of work by the operation of the new child labor law.

Coal Company's Gift to Y. M. C. A.

Oskaloosa, Ia., Nov. 24.—The Consolidated Coal company of this city has agreed to spend $20,000 in erecting and equipping a Y. M. C. A. building at the company's mining town, Buxton.

Durand Estate Pays Large Tax.

Treasurer Price of Lake county has just collected from the estate of H. C. Durand of Lake Forest and Chicago the largest inheritance tax yet obtained there, $12,538.

PRIME BEEF

Richly nurtured, solely for beef extract, and 2,000 "head" per day required to fill the little white jars found in the hands of Good Cooks throughout the world. That is the

Liebig Company's Extract of Beef

THE TRIBUNE'S SPORTING NEWS IS THE BEST.

SURPRISE TO MANY

It may be a surprise to many that of all foods, meat is among those least nutritious. A carton of

Dr. PRICE'S
WHEAT FLAKE CELERY
FOOD

contains more nutriment, more strength, more vitality than a pound of meat and will sustain life as long as two pounds of meat. The energy is not wasted in eating Dr. Price's Wheat Flake Celery Food, the system is not loaded with unnecessary waste matter to poison the blood. Served hot or cold.

Palatable—Nutritious—Easy of Digestion and Ready to Eat

My signature on every package. Dr. V. C. Price

Dr. Price, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.
A cook book containing 76 excellent receipts for using the food mailed free to any address.
FOR SALE BY LEADING GROCERS.
Prepared by PRICE CEREAL FOOD COMPANY, Chicago, Illinois.

Griddle Cakes of All Makes

A hearty breakfast is more essential than any other meal. It forms the *fund* of vitality from which the day's demand is largely drawn. When you can't eat in the morning, Karo Corn Syrup *makes you eat.* Fine for griddle cakes of all makes. Nutritious—delicious.

Karo
CORN SYRUP
The Great Spread for Daily Bread.
Sold in airtight, friction-top tins, 10c, 25c, 50c, by all grocers.

CORN PRODUCTS COMPANY, New York and Chicago.

FURS Special Prices on all orders, repairs and remodeling for later delivery. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
A. BISHOP & CO., 156 State-st.

MADAME QUI VIVE'S CREME MARQUISE, and other Famous Preparations. Guaranteed Genuine and Pure. Our goods not on sale elsewhere. Send for price list. Mrs. M. E. FRANCIS, Suite 501, 24 Washington-st., Chicago.

MAY WHEAT UP A CENT.

ABSORPTION BY ARMOUR CAUSES STEADY ADVANCE.

His House Supposed to Have Accumulated a Large Line and Its Buying Continues, with Offerings Scarce and Shorts Uneasy—Smaller Estimate of Argentine Crop—Corn Easy for December on Poor Condition of New Corn—Oats Lower.

Absorption of May wheat by commission houses generally supposed to be operating for Armour continued yesterday and the aggregate amount taken off the market within a week by the one interest was at last so considerable that offerings became scarce and the market responded easily to any buying. The opening was strong and prices moved upward, with only occasional reactions, until there had been a gain of 1c in May, to 79¾c, which was the closing figure. There was little activity in December, the concern on the part of shorts apparently being limited to the May. The December sold was only ¾c, and the close only ½c premium over the May, compared with over 1c premium the previous close, and 1⅛c last week.

The market had the help as well of lighter receipts in the northwest, reports of lighter country selling in that quarter, some concern over the rumors of war in the orient, and some less bearish estimates than have been current of late of the Argentine crop. But the belief among local traders that the Armour interest has been accumulating a large line of May was the principal influence in the market. All sorts of estimates were current as to the probable size of the line, some as high as 10,000,000 bu, and some even higher. There were 954 cars northwest, compared with 763 the previous Tuesday, and 1,201 a year ago. The southwest movement was liberal, however, 404,000 bu at Kansas City and St. Louis, and total primary receipts were not much under last year's figures, 1,515,000 bu, compared with 1,627,000.

Wheat Shipments Liberal.

Primary shipments, on the other hand, were nearly double those of a year ago, 1,109,000 bu, compared with 601,000 bu. Another Armour cargo, headed here from Duluth, was sold to eastern mills, the fourth to be diverted from this market, and the advanced premium of 6½c over May was paid. There were sales of 55,000 bu spring wheat here, and the seaboard reported 120,000 bu taken for export. Liverpool prices were unchanged to ¼d lower, following the decline here Monday. This showed no sign of belief that actual conflict had begun between Russia and Japan, but there was the suggestion of alarm in a decline of 5-16d in consols.

An official Argentine crop estimate was reported to fix the wheat area this year at 15 per cent increase over that of 1902, although figures supposed to be official, issued some weeks ago, made the increase over 30 per cent. An estimate of the Argentine exportable surplus as 80,000,000 bu, or 32,000,000 bu less than the latest estimate, was also current. There was a momentary easiness on the reported increase of 5,531,000 bu for the week in the world's visible supply, compared with an increase of 1,739,000 bu a year ago. The best prices followed, however, on the appearance of renewed Armour buying around 79c for May, and on consequent covering by local shorts.

New Corn Still Lower.

Corn was inclined to weakness for a time on further liberal arrivals of new corn in poor condition and a further decline of 1@2c in its prices on top of a decline of 2@3c the day before. There was a heavy concentrated selling of both December and May, but in the end the only weakness was in the December, which broke ¾c, dropping to a premium of ½c over May, which closed a shade firmer. The strength in wheat was a help and there was good speculative demand for May. There was a good shipping demand for old corn at stiff premiums, with sales of 225,000 bu. The inspection sheet showed 406 cars in, with only 10 cars contract, and 185 cars estimated for today. Primary receipts were less than last year—675,000 bu, compared with 786,000 bu. Clearances were 835,000 bu and export sales at the seaboard 64,000 bu. There was some buying on the predictions of showers or snow flurries for the west generally. The small movement of corn was shown by Bradstreet's report of a decrease of 1,955,000 bu in stocks east of the Rockies. Liverpool was firm, unchanged, to ¼d higher. The selling was led by Bartlett. There was buying by Bryant, Cudahy, and Counselman.

Oats a Shade Lower.

Oats were easier, particularly for December, on the poor quality of the receipts and lower prices in the cash market, which was unchanged to ⅛c lower. December lost ⅝c, but May closed only ⅛c lower. The May was sold freely by Bartlett-Frazier and bought by Lohrke and local traders. There were 264 cars in, with 2 standard, and 95 estimated for today. The shipping demand was quiet. Clearances were 14,000 bu and export sales at the seaboard 160,000 bu. Stocks east of the Rockies decreased 717,000 bu.

Packers Sell Product.

Provisions started easy, in sympathy with the weak hog market, and worked lower on liberal selling of January ribs and December and January lard. Closing prices were 5c to 10c lower for lard, 5c lower for ribs, and about steady for pork. The National-sold ribs, and houses supposed to be acting for Swift were heavy sellers of lard. There seemed to be supporting orders in January pork, but the principal buying was for short account. Shipments of product were heavy, 2,888,000 lbs meats, to 1,805,000 lbs last year, and 2,720,000 lbs lard, to 553,000 lbs last year. There were 37,000 hogs in, or 8,000 over the estimate, with prices 5c to 10c lower early, but recovering half the loss. Estimated arrivals for today, 28,000. Total western receipts, 90,000, compared with 84,200 last year.

No Change in Rye.

In rye the feeling was easy, the market quiet and without change. No. 2 in store, nominally 52¼c; fresh arrivals, 55c; No. 3, fresh arrivals, nominally 52@53c. Export sales at seaboard, 16,000 bu. Local receipts were 11 cars; 2 cars withdrawn from store here.

There was activity in feeding barley, accumulations making offerings liberal. Sales were 35@36½c, according to quality, a few cars of nice mixing selling at 37c. Malting was reported quiet, bright to choice and fancy absent from the offerings. Low grade to common sold 38@42c. Screenings dull; quotable 32@38c, depending on quality.

Seeds were weak for timothy, flax advanced, and clover was firm. There was a fair supply of timothy seed on the market. November was quotably about $2.87½. Country lots offered at $2.00@2.80, poor to fancy; March offered at $3.10 and $3.02½ bid.

There was a strong clover seed market, Monday's advances being well maintained. Country seed remained $8.00@10.75; fair to good quality about $8.25@9.75. Contract grade November and December nominally $10.85.

In Saxseed there was about 1c advance, with little spot offered. No. 1 northwestern or No. 1 from the northwest sold 97¼c; No. 1, 91c; rejected quotable 85@90c. May held 90c and 97c bid. Receipts were 8 cars; Minneapolis 33 and Duluth 304 cars.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Closed Nov. 21.	Range—Yesterday. High.	Low.	Closed Yesterday. Nov. 24.	Closed Year 1902.
Dec.	78¼	79¾@80	78¼	79¾	74½
May	78¾@78¾	79¾	78¼	79¾@79¾	76¼
July	74¾	75¾	74¼	75¾	75¾

CORN.

Nov.	42¾	....	....	42¾	53
Dec.	42¾	42¾	42	42¼	53
May	41⅞	41⅞	41⅝	41⅞	47½
July	....	....	....	....	47¾

OATS.

Dec.	34⅝	34⅝	34¼	34⅜	31½
May	35¾	35¾	35¼	35¼	35¼
July	....	....	....	....	....

MESS PORK.

Jan.	11.27½@.30	11.37½	11.17½	11.32½	15.62½
May	11.55	11.57½	11.35	11.55	13.07½

LARD.

Dec.	6.45	6.45	6.40	6.40@6.42½	6.80
Jan.	6.45	6.45	6.40	6.42½	6.80
May	6.60@6.62½	6.67½	6.60	6.67½	6.95

SHORT RIBS.

Jan.	6.27½@.30	6.27½	6.22½	6.27½	6.30
May	6.47½@.50	6.50	6.45	6.50	6.87½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 Spring and Winter.	No. 3.	No. 4.	Rejected.	Special grades.	Total.
Wheat	10	3	1	1	....	15
Contract wheat	....	....	....	....	....	....
Corn	3	44	9	2	....	58
Contract corn	....	....	....	....	....	....
Oats	1	1	1	....	....	3
Barley	....	....	....	....	....	....
Totals	14	48	11	3	....	76

Inspected out: Wheat—No. 2 red, 25,800 bu; No. 1 northern, spring, 36,000 bu; new northern spring, 46,600 bu. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 5,700 bu. Oats—Standard, 4,900 bu. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat—No. 2 hard, 5 cars; No. 2 red, 16 cars; No. 1 northern, spring, 23 cars and 48,500 bu; No. 4 spring, 3 cars. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 3 cars and 160,400 bu; No. 3, 6 cars and 25,000 bu; No. 2 yellow, 42,800 bu; No. 3 white, 62,000 bu. Oats—Standard, 7 cars and 600 bu; No. 2 white, clipped, 1 car. Rye—No. 2, 2 cars.

Barley	....	....	3	94
Totals	19	3	317	574

97
912

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm; hard spring patent [favorite brands], $4.90; hard patent [in wood], $4.10@4.30; straight [export bags], $3.70@3.80; clear [export bags], $3.20@3.30; winter patent [in wood], $4.10@4.30; straight, $3.80@3.90; clear, $3.30@3.50; hard winter, $3.65@3.80; clear, $3.00@3.30; white rye, bris, $2.80@3.00; sacks, $2.65@2.75; dark, 10c discount. Sales, 2,000 sacks for export on p. t.

BRAN—Demand good; supply light. Sales on track, $16.50.

WINTER WHEAT—Fair demand for car lots. Sales free on board: No. 3 red, 84½c; No. 4 hard, 69@71c; No. 3 hard, 77@78c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, at river, 66½@72c; No. 3 hard, at river, 71@75c; mixed wheat, No. 3, at river, 74c.

SPRING WHEAT—Moderate demand for choice. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 northern, 25,000 bu, ⅛c over December; 30,000 bu, not graded, on p. t.; No. 4, 72½c. On track: No. 4 hard, 72c. Free on board: No. 2 red, 50c; No. 4, 74@75½c; hard, 79½c; No. 3 hard, 81½c. Billed through: No. 4, at river, 69@73c; No. 3, at river, 75@79c.

CORN—Fair trade with easier tone. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 yellow, 125,000 bu for shipment on p. t.; No. 3 white, 43¼c; No. 4, 42¾@43c; no grade, new yellow, 36c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 35@37½c; No. 4, 36@45¾c; No. 3, 42@45¼c; No. 3 yellow, 45½c; No. 2 yellow, 46c; No. 3 white, 43@44c; ears, 41c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 44c; No. 3 yellow, 44@44½c; No. 2, 45c; No. 2 yellow, 43¾@44c; No. 3 white, 42c.

OATS—Weak and averaged lower. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 30¼@31c; No. 4, 32@32c; No. 4 white, 34@36c; No. 3, 35@35½c; No. 3 white, 33¼@38½c; standard, 38@39c. Billed through: No. 4, 32½c; No. 4 white, 34½@35c; No. 3, 34c; No. 3 white, 36¾@36½c. At the river: No grade, 37@38c; No. 4 white, 30@35¼c; No. 3 white, 33@35½c.

RYE—Quiet and easy. Sales free on board: No. 4, 49c. Billed through: No. 4, at river, 49½c.

PROVISIONS—Fair local trading. Cash lots mess pork, $11.25@11.37½; lard, $6.50@6.52½; ribs, $6.50@6.87½, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Fair demand; firm. Ash pork bris, $1.22½@1.25; oak, $1.30@1.32½; lard tcs, $1.50@1.85.

WHISKY—Steady. Basis finished goods, $1.25.

HAY—Market dull for prairie, timothy firm. Receipts, 636 tons; shipments, 30 tons. Sales on track: Not graded timothy, $8.50@12.50; hot graded prairie, state, $5.00; Nebraska, $8.00@9.00. Free on board: No. 1 graded timothy, $9.00; not graded prairie, Iowa, $8.00; Nebraska, $8.00; Kansas, $10.00.

STRAW—Rye straw quotable $5.00@6.00; wheat straw, $4.00@6.50; oat straw, $6.00@6.50. Sales on track: Oat, $6.75. Free on board and switched: Tangled rye, $9.00.

DOMESTIC PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Wheat—Receipts, 50,700 bu; exports, 63,657 bu. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 87¾c elevator; No. 2 red, 88⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 90⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard, Manitoba, nominal f. o. b. afloat. May 85¼@85⅝c, closing at 85⅜c; July 79 11-16@80 13-16c, closing at 80½c; December 87¼@87⅝c, closing at 87⅝c.

Corn—Receipts—101,810 bu; exports, 120,444 bu. Easy; No. 2, 49½c elevator and 50¼c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 52¼c; No. 2 white, 50c. May 47¾@47⅞c, closing at 47⅞c; December 49¾@49⅝c, closing at 49½c.

Oats—Receipts, 93,000 bu. Spot steady; No. 2, 42½c; standard white, 43c; No. 3, 41½c; No. 3 white, 42c; No. 2 white, 42½c; track white, 42@45c.

Cotton seed oil—Steady.

Sugar—Raw easy; refined quiet.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 11.30c; middling gulf, 11.55c; sales, none. Futures closed barely steady; November, 10.89c; December, 10.96c; January, 11.04c; February, 11.07c; March, 11.11c; April, 11.10c; May, 11.11c; June, 11.11c; July, 11.10c; August, 10.90c.

Western Grain Markets.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 24.—Close: Wheat: December, 68½c; May, 69⅝c; cash No. 2 hard, 72¾@73½c; No. 3, 67@70c; No. 4, 60@63c; rejected, 58@60c; No. 2 red, 81@81½c; No. 3, 77@79c. Corn—December, 37@37¼c; May, 39¾@39⅞c; cash No. mixed, 39½@39¾c; No. 2 white, 39½@39¾c; No. 3, 38c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 24.—Close: Wheat—Higher; No. 2 red cash, elevator, nominal; track, 85@86c; December, 69½c; May, 69¾c; No. 3 hard, 75@76½c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 cash, 40c; track, 43¼c; December, 41¼@41¾c; May, 40¾c. Oats—Quiet; No. 2 cash, 36½c; track, 37½c; December, 30¾c; May, 36¾@36¾c; No. 2 white, 39½c. Lead—Dull; $4.00. Spelter—Dull; $4.85.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 24.—Close: Wheat—To arrive, No. 1 hard, 79½c; No. 1 northern, 77¾c; No. 2 northern, 75¾c; on track, No. 1 northern, 80¾c; No. 2 northern, 78¾c; No. 3 spring, 74¾c. December, 77¾c; May, 79½c. Receipts wheat, 205,146 bu; shipments wheat, 182,486 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 24.—Wheat—December closed at 79c, a gain of ⅛c from yesterday; May closed at 80¼c and July at 79¼@79¾c; the cash market was 80¾c for No. 1 northern and 78c to 78½c for No. 2 northern. Bran—In bulk, $18.25.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 24.—Close: Clover seed—Cash, $6.70; December, $6.72½; January, $6.77½; February, $6.82½; March, $6.87½; prime alsike, $6.50; prime timothy, $1.87½.

PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 24.—Corn—Steady, ⅝c lower; new No. 3, 39c; new No. 4, 38c; No. 3, 43c; No. 4, 42c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.25 for finished goods.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 24.—Wheat—Higher; No. 1 northern, 82½@83c; No. 2 northern, 80@81½c; May, 79¾c. Corn—May, 41¼c bid.

Foreign Produce Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24.—Wheat—Spot, steady; No. 2 red western, winter, 6s 2d; futures, steady; December, 6s 5½d; March, 6s 4d; May, 6s 3½d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, 5s 10½d; futures, steady; December, 5s 11¼d; January, 5s 11¼d. Cotton—Spot in limited demand, prices steady; futures opened and closed quiet.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Buyers of dry goods are conservative, but their conservatism is more than equaled by the conservatism of manufacturers in refusing to accept the offers made them. In some cases this is tantamount to a withdrawal of their goods from the market. Ordering from jobbers is on the limited order.

Metals—Tin in London, spot, $116; futures, $117 5s; locally, $25.25@25.50. Copper, abroad, spot, £54 15s; futures, £54 12s 6d; locally, lake, $12.50@13.00; electrolytic, $12.50@12.87½; casting, $12.50@12.75. Lead in London, £11; here, $4.25 for spot. Spelter, £26 12s 6d in London, $5.62½ in New York. Iron, 48s 9d in Glasgow. 42s 9d in Middlesboro; locally, No. 1 foundry northern, $15.00@16.00; No. 2 foundry northern, $14.00@15.00; No. 1 foundry southern and No. 1 foundry southern soft, $13.50@14.00.

Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice, 6 1-16c; mild steady. Coffee futures opened steady at unchanged prices to an advance of 5 points. The close was steady, net 5@10 points higher.

Butter—Receipts, 8,851 pkgs; firm; extra creamery, 24½c; creamery, common to choice, 19@24c; state dairy, 18@21c.

Poultry—Alive firm; western chickens, 12½c; fowls, 12½c; turkeys, 13@16c; dressed easier; western chickens, 15½@16c; fowls, 13½c; turkeys, 18@21c.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Money was in active demand and tolerably plentiful in the market today. Discounts were maintained. On the stock exchange contangos absorbed attention. The tone was generally good, though the reappearance of the Russo-Japanese war cloud caused uneasiness at first. Consols relapsed a fraction, but closed steady. Americans opened steadily at parity, and hardened. Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, Baltimore and Ohio, Norfolk and Western, and Union Pacific were the features. They eased slightly later, but closed firm. Kaffirs were the most active section. The movements were irregular.

Closing stocks:

Cons. for money	88 11-16	N. Y. Central	121¾
Consols for account	88⅝	Norfolk & Western	73½
Anaconda	6⅞	Do pfd	99
Atchison	87⅛	Ont. & Western	21½
Atchison pfd	92⅝	Pennsylvania	69½
Balt. & Ohio	73⅝	Rand Mines	9¾
Can. Pacific	132	Reading	27¾
Ches. & Ohio	31½	Reading 1st pfd	79
Chi. Great Western	16¼	Do 2d pfd	39
C., M. & St. P.	142⅜	Southern Railway	19⅝
De Beers	20⅝	Do pfd	69
Den. & Rio Grande	20⅜	Southern Pacific	67¼
Do pfd	89½	Union Pacific	79⅝
Erie	28½	Do pfd	91
Erie 1st pfd	68¾	United States Steel	11¾
Do 2d pfd	50½	Do pfd	63¼
Illinois Central	123½	Wabash	19¾
Louis. & Nashville	104⅝	Do pfd	37½
Mo., Kas. & Texas	27⅝		

Bar silver steady, 26¾d per ounce. Money 3@3½ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4@4 1-16 per cent.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Prices on the bourse today were depressed, owing to renewed reports of Russo-Japanese friction. Later there was a general improvement, chiefly in industrials. Russians were in strong demand. Rio Tintos advanced 9 francs. The private rate of discount was 3 15-16 per cent.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Business on the bourse today was quiet.

DENIES BOND ISSUE PLAN.

PRESIDENT OF REPUBLIC COMPANY MAKES STATEMENT.

New York Director Says There Has Been No Selling of Treasury Stock, Although Admitting the Company Needs Money for Various Purposes—Officials Silent on Dividend Question—Break in Corn Products, the Stock Caught Unsupported.

The street was favored yesterday with its usual portion of gossip regarding the affairs of the Republic Iron and Steel company. The only item, however, which came from headquarters was put out during the day by President A. W. Thompson, who authorized a statement to the effect that recent rumors relative to a bond issue contemplated by the company were untrue. Mr. Thompson claimed there had been no negotiations to such end, and that none is pending or contemplated.

The stock issues of the corporation were considerably less disturbed than during the day before. A New York director of the company was on record as denying the published information that the recent severe decline in the preferred stock was due to selling of treasury stock. Friends of Mr. Thompson claim that he would not think for a moment of offering the preferred stock at 50c on the dollar or less. People close to the management of the company tacitly admit the truth of the report that more money is needed to handle business, but deny that the company is having any trouble in carrying its floating debt or that the dividend is to be reduced or passed. No definite statement could be secured from Republic Iron and Steel headquarters yesterday on the subject of the dividend.

In New York the present is generally considered a good time to curtail the dividend disbursements, principally because the company has suffered excessively by reason of the heavy volume of contracts canceled. A financial statement of results in the aggregate for the last four years shows that payments of $5,700,000 as dividends on the preferred stock has reduced the working capital and general resources $3,000,000, the chief reason for this step backward being the charge of $5,000,000 for depreciation and $6,000,000 for new construction. Friends of the company claim it to be altogether bad management to borrow money at the present high rates for the purpose of finishing construction which will not be needed for a year.

Break in Corn Products.

Corn Products preferred, a stock in which there is an extensive Chicago holding, was subject to a severe raid yesterday, dropping to 60¾ from a previous close at 73. After touching the low point a recovery of about 2 points was brought about. Neither in New York nor in this city could any specific reason for the severe break be discovered, beyond the fact that the stock was entirely unsupported by inside interests.

"The company is paying no attention to prices for its securities," said President Matthiessen, "and the management has at no time supported the stock in the market. Our business is being run in a strictly legitimate manner, and the management has always refrained from speculative ventures. We have competition, but no more than formerly, and there is no ground for alarm on that score. I do not mind saying that I own some stock at much higher prices than those now quoted, and it is not causing me the least anxiety."

Public reports are that the company is being undersold on starch, and the fact that the Warner plant at Waukegan is now ready to begin the manufacture of glucose is not altogether encouraging to the Corn Products company. The Corn Products plant at Waukegan has been closed for a year and a half, and reopening a closed down glucose plant is equal to the task of rebuilding. There may be something in the fact that the Warner company, grinding one-third of the trust's capacity, is capitalized at $3,000,000, while the trust is weighted down with a load of $6,000,000.

Protest by Stockholders.

The claim is made in Boston that it is the intention of N. W. Harris & Co. and their associates to reorganize the Michigan Telephone company with a large capitalization and carry out a scheme for the promotion of a company upon a scale which will completely wipe out the minority stockholders. The Boston News bureau announces an effort to have the recent foreclosure sale set aside by protesting stockholders, who in their petition make the following allegations:

Of the $5,000,000 capital stock outstanding $4,000,000 is held, owned, or controlled by the American Telephone and Telegraph company; $700,000 is held in the state of Michigan by 700 stockholders, and these stockholders have no representation upon the board of directors.

The property is valued at $12,000,000 and has an earning capacity of $2,000,000 annually, which is constantly increasing. It is alleged that default was first made on the payment of interest July 1, 1902, and that the default was fraudulent and a gross wrong upon the stockholders, especially the minority stockholders, who had no knowledge of the accounts of the company. It is alleged that instead of being insolvent at the time of the foreclosure the company was amply solvent and had at all times sufficient money with which to pay interest.

The bill states that the total number of phones in the state is 53,000, and the company is now earning a sufficient revenue to pay 5 per cent on its bonds and stocks and $1,200,000 for operating and $380,000 for maintenance. Seventy-five per cent of the property is new and no possible excuse, it is alleged, exists for the default of the bond interest. It is further stated on information and belief that while the Michigan company was under the management of Charles J. Glidden he secured from the Bell company a favorable contract for rent and royalty for use of the Bell phones, which the petitions are informed is about $1.65 a year a phone. Through foreclosure the purchaser of the Michigan plant is declared to be at the mercy of the Bell company, which can exact a higher rent and royalty for the use of their phones or prohibit the connection of the Michigan system with the general system of the Bell company throughout the United States. It is alleged that the Bell company is seeking to secure a greater revenue from rents and royalties than has heretofore been received.

Dividends Declared.

Buffalo and Susquehanna railroad, quarterly 1 per cent on preferred, payable Dec. 1.

Laclede Gaslight company semi-annual 2½ per cent on preferred payable Dec. 15.

Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas railway first dividend 2 per cent on common.

The International Paper company regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on preferred payable Dec. 31.

United States Leather quarterly 1¾ per cent on preferred payable Jan. 2.

Railway Steel Spring company quarterly 1¾ on preferred payable Dec. 21.

Financial Notes.

The National Shawmut bank of Boston engaged $1,000,000 gold in London.

N. W. Harris & Co. were the successful bidders for the 4 per cent Allegheny county, Pa., 20 to 30 year road improvement bonds to the amount of $550,000.

New York banks gained $1,858,000 on Monday from the subtreasury, making the net gain since last Friday $755,000.

The issue of $40,000 Saginaw, Mich., 4 per cent 5 year school bonds was awarded to Jackson & Curtis of Boston.

The Jefferson county, Tex., 6 per cent 20 year to 40 year road improvement bonds, to the amount of $100,000, were awarded to Floyd Shock of St. Louis.

The board of directors of the Allis-Chalmers company, at a recent meeting, elected John B. Allan of Chicago a vice president and the general manager of the company, thus making him the active and responsible manager in charge of manufacturing, selling, and general operations.

Railway Earnings.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL.

		Increase.
Third week November	$ 111,407	$ 12,000
From July 1	2,702,284	72,156

WABASH RAILROAD.

Third week November	424,966	8,823
From July 1	9,566,169	1,212,122

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY.

October, gross	1,042,010	758,804
Operating expenses	1,053,677	52,870
Net	389,332	690,934
Fixed charges and taxes	211,151	106,823
Surplus	178,182	550,993
From July 1—		
Gross	7,583,710	$ 821,264
Operating expenses	4,776,071	623,864
Net	2,807,639	2,196,400
Fixed charges and taxes	1,390,863	441,156
Surplus	1,416,776	1,757,243

*Decrease.

Heavy Trade in Can Shares.

On the local exchange yesterday there was unusual activity in American Can, both common and preferred, sales being 2,920 of the former and 1,450 shares of the latter. The common ranged from 3⅝ to 4, closing at 3⅝, while the preferred sold at 29¾ to 30¾, closing at the inside figure. The Brewster people were reported as offering the stock with unusual freedom. Supporting orders for the preferred around 29¾ prevented a decline below that figure. Demand for both stocks was of a scattered character. The remainder of the list was more than ordinarily active, although the closing prices were in most instances easier than the opening. National Biscuit preferred lost ¼ on sales of around 200 shares. Some Lake Street receipts sold at 1, a loss of 2½ points from the last previous quotation.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	4,920	4	3⅝	3⅝
Do pfd	1,450	30¾	29¾	29¾
Atchison com	200	65¾	65¾	65¾
Chicago Telephone	30	135	135	135
Diamond Match	40	132½	131½	131½
P. T. & Ill. T. L. St. rcts.	50	1	1	1
Lake St. Elevated	200	1¼	1	1
National Biscuit pfd	200	90¾	90	90
Quaker Oats pfd	25	73	73	73
South Side Elevated	10	94	94	94
Swift & Co. bonds Chr ntd	10	80	80	80
Swift & Co.	150	103½	103	103½
United Boxboard	50	3¾	3¾	3¾
Do pfd	100	21¾	21¾	21¾

New York Curb Prices.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb for the securities named:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	3⅝	3¾
Do pfd	29¾	30
Bay State Gas	⅞	15-16
British Columbia Copper	2¾	3
Con. Ry., Light and Ref.	3	3½
Electric Boat	23	25
Do pfd	46	50
Electric Vehicle	5¾	6
Do pfd	8	12
Havana Tobacco	21	25
Do pfd	33	38
Intl. Mercantile Marine, com.	4¾	4¼
Do pfd	18½	19
Manhattan Transit	1¾	1⅞
Montreal & Boston	9-16	11-16
N. Y. El. Veh. Trans.	4¼	5
Northern Securities	87	88
Otis Elevator	27	27¼
Do pfd	75	82
Royal Baking Powder pfd	88	90
Seaboard Air Line	13¾	14
Do pfd	25	24½
Standard Oil	650	657
St. Louis Transit	13¾	14¼
Do pfd	59½	61
Am. Ld. & Trac. com.	40	48
Do pfd	80	85

Foreign exchange was steady yesterday at the following figures:

SELLING.

Cables	4.84⅜
Checks, London	4.84⅜
Checks, Paris	5.20
Checks, Berlin	94⅜

BUYING.

60 days, London bankers'	480
60 days, documentary	4.80¼
3 days, Hamburg	94 7-16
3 days, Antwerp	5.22½
60 days, France	5.23¾
60 days, Holland	39¾
3 days, Holland	40 1-16

Clearings in Chicago yesterday were $28,025,781, and a week ago, $31,487,000. New York exchange sold yesterday in Chicago at 10c premium.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 24.—[Special.]—The tone of the local market was heavy today and some of the copper shares were underselling all day. New York sold Amalgamated, which closed at a decline of 1¼. Copper Range lost 3 points. Sugar was in demand here and in New York and was strong. Call loans, 5@6 per cent; time loans, collateral, 5@6 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 6@6½ per cent; clearing house loans, 5 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	5,625	30¾	30¾	30⅜	30⅜
Adventure	70	4	4	4	4
Anaconda	10	16	16	16	16
Amn. Tel	180	126	126½	125½	125½
Atchison	1,070	65¼	65¾	64⅞	65¼
Do pfd	10	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼
Amn. Sugar	3,760	117¾	119¾	117¾	118¾
Do pfd	40	121	121	120	120¾
Amn. Smelting pfd	20	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
Amn. Woolen	50	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Do pfd	135	67	67¾	66½	67¼
Amn. Zinc	100	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Bingham	100	45	46	45	46
Copper Range	4,380	42⅜	43	42⅜	43¼
Calumet	3	437	437	437	437
Cons. Mercur	30	90	95	95	95
Chi. Junc	18	136	138	135	138
Daly West	43	36	36	35	35½
Dom. Steel	20	9	9	9	9
Dom. Coal	150	72	72	72	72
Edison Elec	10	240¼	240¼	240¼	240¼
Gen. Elec	130	47¼	47¾	47¼	47¾
Do pfd	69	154	154	154	154
Isle Royale	100	6	6 1-16	6	6 1-16
Int. Mining	200	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Mohawk	205	36	36	35½	35½
Mass. Elec	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	7	77½	77½	77½	77½
Mex. Tel	15	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Mass. Gas	1	84	84	84	84
Do pfd	14	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
N. Eng. Tel	55	122	122½	122	122½
Osceola	85	57¾	57¾	56½	56½
Old Dom	210	84	84	84	84
Parrot	3	18	18	18	18
Rutland Jr	37	34	34	34	34
Shannon	100	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
Swift & Co	100	103¾	103¾	103¼	103¼
Un. Shoe Mchy	341	46	47	46	46
Do pfd	58	30¼	30¼	30	30
Utah	240	27¾	27¾	27¼	27¼
U. S. Mining	220	18¼	18¼	17¾	18
U. S. Rubber	100	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
U. S. Coal & Oil	45	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
Union Pac	820	73½	73⅝	72½	73
Wm. Wagner	25	7 9-16	7 9-16	7 9-16	7 9-16
Wyandot	10	1	1	1	1
Western Tel	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾

BONDS.

$9000 Am Tel 4s..97¾-94 | $1000 Chi June 5s..105½
2000 do conv 4s....97 | 1000 Eastern Gs..108¼
4000 CBQ Den 4s..104⅜ | 1000 Seattle El 5s.101
2000 do joint ....92 | 1000 Un Fruit 5s...102
7000 do ex 4s 99¾

Illinois Trust & Savings Bank

La Salle Street and Jackson Boulevard.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

$9,800,000.00

Interest Allowed on Deposits in Banking and Savings Departments

BONDS; Government, State, County, City and Choice Railroad Bonds bought and sold.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE; Letters of Credit, Drafts, Postal Remittances and Cable Transfers.

THE TRUST DEPARTMENT; Acts as Administrator, Executor, Guardian, Conservator, Assignee, Receiver, Transfer Agent and Registrar; makes investments and acts as agent in the collection and disbursement of incomes. Trust funds and trust investments are kept separate from the assets of the bank.

ILLINOIS TRUST SAFETY DEPOSIT CO.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY

152 Monroe Street, CHICAGO.

CAPITAL.....$500,000.00
SURPLUS.....275,000.00

Acts as Trustee for Corporations, Firms and Individuals and as Agent for the registration and transfer of bonds and stocks of Corporations and the payment of co

...vated Railroad Company
...Reorganization.

...the Security Holders' Agree... 1903, the Committees has fo... the following Plan for the ... Lake Street Elevated Rail...

...to be formed, having the fol... to-wit:

...Bonds.....$5,000,00... .....$3,300,00... .....$6,000,00...

...of First Mortgage Bonds will ...00,000 to $5,000,000, to which ...l be limited, the redemption ... ...cted by the cancellation of ...s now held as collateral to ...

...k will be five per cent (5%) ...red Stock, entitled to receive ...onds at a rate not to exceed ... annum before the payment ...the Common Stock, and such ...d dividends in excess of five ...

...ill be of the par value of one ...

...GE BONDHOLDERS. The ...First Mortgage Bonds assent ...have their bonds stamped. ...has been reduced and limit... ...d that such bonds are made ...and accrued interest to date ...

...OLDERS. The present out... ...121,000 of Income Bonds will ...ue of $1,000,000 by the can... ...of said Income Bonds con... ...ny. Each depositing Income ...entitled to receive new Pre... ...equal to eighty per cent of ...s deposited.

...Each depositing stock... ...payment of Two Dollars per ...of stock deposited, and for ...ted to receive four-tenths ...Common Stock and four... ...f a share of new Preferred ...ued for fractional amounts. ...of the demand of the North... ...ilroad Company against The ...ated Railroad Company, ...ber 1, 1903,) to $710,084.58, ...ill issue and deliver to the ...ted Railroad Company its ...the par or face value of ...anuary 1, 1909, and to draw ...two per centum per annum ...to maturity.

...The Lake Street Elevated ...no have not as yet deposited ...the Committee, must de... ...the Plan on or before De...

...who have already deposited ...the Committee will be con... ...to and approving the ...ecurity Holders shall, within ...days from the time of the ...to such Security Holders ...writing, addressed to the ...

...in detail may be obtained ...the Committee or from the ...

...ies with Illinois Trust ...k Depositary.

...e effect to the Plan as ...the Security Holders ...assent to the Plan and ...r securities without ...

H. N. HIGINBOTHAM, Chairman.
DAVID R. FORGAN,
BELGE A. HAUGAN,
CORY E. ROBINSON,
THOMAS TEMPLETON,
...eretary.
...Chicago.

Protective Committee heart... ...ress, the above Plan of Re... Lake Street Elevated Rail... ...recommends and requests ... will without delay assent ...their Certificates of Stock ...Illinois Trust and Savings ...

EDWARD A. DICKER,
...JAMES BOLTON,
...GEO. HEAFFORD,
M. C. McDONALD.

...ositors' advan... ...rest paid from ... the month on ...eposited up un... ...h.

...deposits, 3% per annum, ...ntil 8 p. m.

...POLITAN ...ANK LA SALLE & MADISON STREETS

...TICE

...been called to a statement on ...rectory of Directors for 1903, ...scribing the Thompson-Star... ...subscribers' company to the ...and Construction Company. ...purchasers of our Directory ...is named, we desire to state ...tioned description of the ...company was founded upon ...and that, in fact, no connec... ...or has existed, between the ...Company and the United ...struction Company, or the ...pany.

...ANY OF NEW YORK. ...dar Street, New York City.

...0,000. FULLY PAID.

...e Bond

...hpany

...r State Banking Law.

...ALLE STREET

...service offered both ...s and BORROWERS ...rs solicited.

...ank DEPOSITORS ...E OUR LIST OF ...CENT GOLD BONDS. ...YHON & CO., ...dg. Tel. Central 2448. ...ested Bonds and Stocks. ...Bought and sold.

THE IMPROVEMENT OF ... P. I.—Sealed proposals ... ...ved until noon, February ... ...publicly opened, for the fol... ...ue at Cebu, P. I.: The con... ...and dock about 2,600 feet ...channel adjacent to said ...ng in of the area immediate... ...or so much thereof as may be ...n of $350,000 U. S. currency. ...proposal should be plainly ...the Improvement of the Port ...ase specifications can be ob... ...at this office or at the U. S. ...ew York, Chicago, San Fran... ...ington, D. C. Bidders are in... ...ent also at the Bureau of ...ington, D. C. Bidders are in... ...ent also at the Bureau of ...ington, D. C. Bidders are in... ...ent also at the Bureau of

If Genuine

Always the Same!

WILSON WHISKEY

That's All!